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The Times

LOS ANGELES

XIIIth YEAR.—8 PAGES. MONDAY MORNING, AUGUST 27, 1894. PER WEEK, 20c. PER MONTH, 85c. | FIVE CENTS

AMUSEMENTS— With Dates of Events.

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MONEY WANTED—

WANTED—BY A RESPONSIBLE WHOLEsale firm, to find party willing to make loan on stock of merchandise security; amount needed $10,000 to $15,000. Address, confidentially, U, box 23, TIMES OFFICE. 30

WANTED — ADDITIONAL CAPITAL FOR an established wholesale business; from $15,000 to $25,000; all communications strictly confidential. Address WRIGHT, box 29, Times office. 29

WANTED—$18,000, FIRST-CLASS SECURITY valued at present $55,000. Apply at once to JOHN L. PAVKOVICH, 220 W. First. 27

LOST, STRAYED And Found.

STRAYED—CAME TO MY PLACE, ON MISsion road near Fair Oaks ave., 2 horses; owner prove property and pay expenses. C. H. ADAMS. 28

PERSONAL— Business.

PERSONAL — COFFEE, FRESH ROASTED on our Giant coffee roaster: Java and Mocha, 35c lb.; Mountain coffee, 20c; 6 lbs. rolled wheat, 25c; 8 lbs. cornmeal, 15c; 22 lbs. brown sugar, $1; 8 lbs. beans, 25c; 3 cans oysters, 25c; can deviled ham, 5c; brook trout, 15c; baked beans, 10c; 2 lbs. cooked ham, 15c; 50 bars soap, $1; pork, 10½c; bacon, 13½c; wood pails, 15c; brooms, 15c; Mason jars. ECONOMIC STORES, 305 S. Spring st.

PERSONAL—RALPHS BROS.—GOLD BAR Flour, 90c; City Flour, 70c; brown Sugar, 21 lbs. $1; granulated Sugar, 17 lbs. $1; 4½ lbs. Rice, 5 lbs. Sago or Tapioca, 25c; 2 cans Tomatoes, 15c; Germea, 20c; 6 lbs. Rolled Oats, 25c; can Salmon, 10c; Comb Honey, 10c; 5 boxes Sardines, 25c; Lion Coffee, 25c lb.; Eastern Gasoline, 75c, and Coal Oil 75c; 3 cans Oysters, 25c; Lard, 10 lbs., 80c; 5 lbs. 45c. 601 S. SPRING ST., cor. Sixth.

PERSONAL—MRS. PARKER, LIFE-READing clairvoyant; consultations on business, mineral locations, lawsuits, removals, disease, love, marriage, etc. Take University electric car to Forrester ave. and Hoover st., go west on Forrester ave. 3 blocks to Vine street, second house on VINE ST., west of Vermont ave.

PERSONAL — MLLE. RITA, SCIENTIFIC palmist, holding receptions, ladies, gentlemen, 652 S. BROADWAY, cor. Seventh. Fees 50c and $1. "Kesmit," beautiful book on palmistry, presented every visitor, 9 a.m. till 9 p.m.

PERSONAL—IF YOU WANT YOUR PIANO or organ put in prime condition, drop a card to BLOOMFIELD, piano-maker; charges very low this month; cash paid for pianos and organs. Repair rooms, 778 E. PICO. 26

PERSONAL— THE WHEREABOUTS AND address of Louis Pattison, a machinist formerly of San Francisco, are wanted by J. A. SLADKY, 11 Grant ave., San Francisco, for matters of great importance. 27

PERSONAL — REV. AGNES H. PLEASance, the celebrated dead trance medium, gives private sittings daily; satisfaction guaranteed. Permanently located at 634 S. BROADWAY. 29

PERSONAL—YOUNG WIDOW, STRANGER, wishes a partner in good, profitable business. Call at 136 N. SPRING ST., room 31, third floor. 27

PERSONAL—MISS KATE LAMPMAN JUST returned; circle Monday evening; sittings daily. 512 SEVENTH ST. 27

PERSONAL — HARNETT CREAGH, LISTowel, write to W. M'ELLIGOTT, Los Angeles, Cal. 27

LIVE STOCK FOR SALE— And Pastures to Let.

FOR SALE—GOOD, GENTLE, PERFECTLY sound five-year-old horse, harness, light spring Park wagon, natural oak finish; good as new; horse's color, sorrel; perfectly safe for lady or children; $100 takes the rig. Address U, box 94, TIMES OFFICE. 27

FOR SALE — OR EXCHANGE; 15 HEAD family, draft, work and driving horses and mares; well broke, young and sound; weighing from 1000 to 1200; just from North; will sell cheap; 1 canopy top spring wagon, 1 set single harness. Rear 417 WALL ST. 27

FOR SALE— THE BEST SINGLE LIGHTdriving hand-made harness on the Coast for $15; made from best leather and guaranteed; one price to all, and that the lowest. W. F. MANN, 107 N. Broadway, next Tally-ho Stables.

FOR SALE— A STANDARD-BRED MARE; fine driver, safe for a lady; carriage and harness; will sell separately if desired. MORLAND & CO., 106 S. Broadway.

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FOR SALE— OR EXCHANGE; FINE SINgle and double drivers. Rear of 508½ S. BROADWAY.

FOR GOOD PASTURE, LIVING WATER, address E. J. BURLINGHAM, Downey, Cal.

FOR SALE — GENTLE FAMILY COWS. NILES, E. Washington and Trinity. 27

FOR SALE—HORSE AND SPRING WAGON, cheap. 1001 MAPLE AVE. 1

LIVE STOCK WANTED.

WANTED—TO RENT, ONE OR MORE good milch cows; the best of feed and care. Apply at BUCK HOUSE, near corner State street and Magnolia avenue, near County Hospital. 27

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DR. J. ADAMS, PHYSICIAN AND SURgeon; in charge of medical and surgical dispensary; chronic diseases a specialty; special attention given to the treatment of all female diseases, both medical and surgical. Office hours: 10 a. m. to 12 m.; 2 to 4 p.m. Office, 320 N. Main st., opp. the St. Elmo Hotel. Residence, 1710 S. Main.

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DR. W. H. WARD, MUELER BLOCK, COR. Fifth and Broadway, No. 455, rooms 21 and 26; residence, 1023 Flower st. Office telephone, 1431; residence telephone, west, 116.

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DR. DEWITT C. BENNETT HAS TREATED successfully special diseases over 40 years. Room 37, Downey Block.

THE MORNING'S NEWS —IN— The Times.

ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORTS BRIEFED

(BY TELEGRAPH:) Awful destruction—One thousand lives lost in the storm along the Sea of Azof—Towns demolished and shipping destroyed....A summary of the work done by the present Congress—Senator Jones gives the history of the tariff bill....A fiendish plot—The Franklin mine, in which over thirty men perished, was set on fire....The hottest day of the year in Northern California....Nicaragua will punish her foreign prisoners as she pleases—The State Department at Washington suddenly uncovers a policy....Three of the Britannia's crew missing and thought to drowned....The Kolbites are scheming to have their own legislature in Alabama....Chinese soldiers ordered beheaded by Li Hung Chang for killing a missionary—Compensation and apologies—The Charleston off the Orient....Further disclosures in the case of the Deerfield assassins..Gordon's real name is Griswold, and he is an ex-insurance clerk—A Jekyl-and-Hyde career....The Knights of Pythias encamp at Washington in the rain.

Dispatches were also received from San Diego, Paris, Simla, India; New York, Ottumwa, Ia.; London, Chicago. San Francisco, Zacatecas, Mex.; Cleveland, O., and other places.

THE CITY.

A burglar shot through the brain by a plucky servant girl while he was trying to enter her room....Man run over by a cable car at First and Spring streets and badly hurt....Regular meet of the Wheelmen's Training League at Athletic Park—Several spirited contests....Salvation Army services at Simpson Tabernacle—Address by Staff Captain Blanche Cox....The congregation of the First Methodist Episcopal Church adopt resolutions indorsing the pastor....Attempted suicide of a despondent old man.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA.

Sunday services at the National Guard encampment at Santa Monica....How the school-bond proposition was defeated at Pasadena....A well-known young man drowned while bathing at Ventura....The county division fight in Santa Barbara....A young man narrowly escapes drowning in the plunge at Santa Monica.

RETRIBUTION

CHINESE ASSASSINS ARE TO BE BEHEADED.

The Charleston Off to the Orient—Prime Minister Mishima Bound Homeward—Kurino Passes Through Chicago.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

LONDON, Aug. 26.—(By Atlantic Cable.) The Times tomorrow will publish a dispatch from Tien-Tsin, stating that an imperial edict has been issued in connection with the outrages perpetrated on the missionaries and the murder of Rev. James Wylie, a Presbyterian missionary, who was recently killed at Liao-Yang by Chinese soldiers who were marching to Korea. The edict condemns the Chinese officers responsible for the general conduct of the troops, and orders that the actual murderers be beheaded.

It is further ordered that the chapels which have been destroyed be rebuilt at the expense of the people in the localities where the outrages were committed, and that compensation be paid the relatives of Wylie. The Tsung-Yamen, or supreme council, and Viceroy Li Hung Chang have expressed deep regret to the British Minister because of the outrage.

JAPANESE NOTABLES.

CHICAGO, Aug. 26.—S. Kurino, the new Minister from Japan to this country, passed through here this morning, on his way to Washington. He had no meeting with Count Mishima, the cousin of the Mikado, who was in the city.

Prime Minister Mishima, his secretary, Nagaski, and their two servants left at 10 o'clock tonight, over the Burlington. They will stop one day at Denver and a day at Salt Lake, after which they will proceed to San Francisco, and take a steamer for Japan.

U.S.S. CHARLESTON FOR CHINA.

VALLEJO, Aug. 26.—The U.S.S. Charleston left the navy-yard this morning for China by way of Honolulu. She had a full complement of officers and men.

A MASTERLY MOVE.

LONDON, Aug. 27.—The Times this morning publishes a dispatch from Tien-Tsin, dated August 23, stating that Gen. Yeh, with 4000 men, has effected a junction with the Chinese main body at Ping-Yang. The remainder of the force under Gen. Nieh is expected to arrive at Ping-Yang tomorrow. The dispatch adds that the retreat from Asan was brilliantly carried out. The troops marched through a difficult country, although they were harassed by the enemy along the whole route, they succeeded in breaking through the Japanese lines at Chung-Hwa.

A special from Berlin to the Standard says that China is about to address a note to the powers, protesting against the King of Korea declaring his independence. The dispatch adds that several of the powers are likely to recognize the justice of the protest, because they are certain the declaration was under Japanese compulsion, after the King was captured, and it was ante-dated to make is appear voluntary.

A Terrible Explosion.

ZACATECAS, (Mexico,) Aug. 26.—A courier arrived here this morning from the camp of Capt. Ninillos in this State, bringing news of a terrible dynamite explosion, which occurred in the mines there yesterday. The explosion resulted in the killing of seven persons, besides several horses, and did great damage to property.

THE SUMMARY.

What the Present Congress Has Accomplished.

General Legislation of More or Less Value.

Finance, Public Lands, Naturalization and Navigation Touched On.

Millions of Acres of Desert Donated for Irrigation—Oakland, Cal., a Sub-port of Entry—Labor Inquiries.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—The last month of the present session of Congress, excepting the ten days during which the tariff bill has been in the President's hands, have been fairly productive of general legislation, and there is a short list of bills which have become laws to add to the review of the session's work previously published through the Associated Press. All of the appropriations have now become laws. The General Deficiency and the Sundry Civil bills were both signed late in the session, and the latter measure embraces two important pieces of legislation, the appropriation of $200,000 for a government exhibit at the Cotton States Exposition, to be held at Atlanta, and the cession to each of the arid-land States and the States which may be formed from the Territories, of 1,000,000 acres each of desert lands for reclamation, a plan which is intended to advance the movement for irrigation in the West, and to partially take the place of the scheme for irrigation by the general government, which has been fostered by the Western members.

The only financial measure which has been enacted by the Fifty-third Congress, except the repeal of the purchasing clause of the Sherman act, became a law on August 13. It was the bill introduced by Representative Cooper of Indiana, to subject to State and municipal taxation the national bank notes and United States treasury notes under the same provision that all gold, silver and other money is taxed. It is left optional with the States, however, to tax those heretofore-exempted forms of money.

Among the acts of the session relating to the military no one was more important than the plan fathered by Representative Curtis of Kentucky, which recently became a law, regulating enlistments in the regular army upon new principles, the most important of which are that recruits in the time of peace must be citizens of the United States or have declared their intention to become citizens; they must be able to read, write and speak the English language and be under 35 years of age. To promote the efficiency of the naval militia, a comparatively new branch of the volunteer service, Congress authorized the temporary loan to any State making application for it, of any vessel of the navy which was not fitted for regular service. An act was passed construing the law relating to the retirement and pay of mates in the navy so that the twenty-eight warrant officers, now serving as mates, shall be eligible to the retired list and shall be salaried at $1200 when at sea, and $700 while on leave or waiting orders.

Two important laws relating to the life-saving service were enacted, one providing that the stations on the Atlantic and Gulf coasts shall be manned from the 1st of August to the 1st of June, and those of the lakes from the opening until the close of navigation, the other extending the benefits of the marine hospitals to the crews of those stations.

On suggestion of the Secretary of the Treasury, the quarantine laws were amended to exempt vessels plying between nearby ports of the United States and Canada and Mexico. The act of March 3, 1885, relating to lights on fishing vessels, was continued in force by such enactment, so that it should not be repealed by the recent regulations to prevent collision at sea, which, in some respects, would have overruled it. A revenue cutter was provided for service in the harbor of San Francisco; a fog-signal was established at Kewanee, Wis., and range-lights, as well as lightships with fog signals, were placed in Boston Harbor.

The city of Oakland, Cal., was made a sub-port of entry, and an American register was provided for the steamers Sotorie, Goldsworthy and Oceanic, and the schooner barge Astoria. The law relating to barratry on the high seas was so amended as to make imprisonment for life or for a term of years the punishment in certain cases.

The most important acts emanating from the Committee on Judiciary were: An act for the protection of persons furnishing materials and labor for the construction of public works by allowing them to bring suit against contractors in the name of the government; an act permitting certain classes of corporations to furnish bonds for government officials; one fixing the time for holding Federal Court sessions in Nebraska, and an act amending the funding act of Arizona.

On recommendation of the Ways and Means Committee, the articles of foreign exhibitors at the Tacoma Interstate Fair were exempted from the payment of duties. An act was passed extending from four to five years the limit of time within which final proof may be made by settlers who have declared their intention of taking up desert lands. Another law in the interest of Western settlers was one enabling those who desire to locate on other than mineral lands to secure a survey by depositing with the government a sum sufficient to cover the cost of survey. Affidavits in land entry cases made before United States commissioners, instead of a United States Circuit Court Commissioner, as provided by law, were made valid by a special enactment. Other legislation of importance relating to public lands includes an act to enable the State of Montana to select as part of the land granted to her on becoming a State any of the lands in the Bitter Root Valley, above the lower fork of the Bitter Root River; an act extending the payment to the purchasers of lands of the Omaha tribe of Indians in Nebraska to December 1, 1897; an act authorizing the Secretary of the Interior to lease for a period of ten years twenty-acre tracts in the Yellowstone Park for hotel purposes, and an act for the resurvey of Grant and Hooker counties, in Nebraska.

Two more important investigations desired by the House Committee of Labor have been authorized. One is for an investigation into the effects of machinery on labor, with reference to its productive power and effect upon wages, hours of work and employment of women and children; the second for an investigation of the extent of the employment of women and children, and the conditions under which they work. Both inquiries will be conducted by the Commissioner of Labor.

In addition there were a few laws of minor importance relating to the District of Columbia enacted.

THAT BILL.

Senator Jones of Arkansas Gives Its History.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 26.—In a special to the Republic from Little Rock, Ark., Senator Jones gives a history of the recent Tariff Bill contest. The Senator, it will be remembered, was a member of the sub-committee to which the bill was first referred. In his statement Mr. Jones says in part: "The bill, as first reported back to the committee by us, may be considered as an expression of the opinions of our subcommittee, unmodified by the views of our associates in the Senate.

"While a large majority of the Democrats in the Senate were perfectly satisfied with this bill, a number complained of different parts of it, and in an effort for harmony we presented another. While there are changes in a number of the schedules of more or less importance, this second report of ours provided also for free sugar, free coal and free iron ore."

The Snator relates the persistent demands of the Senators representing the sugar interests, and the members of the sub-committee, with great reluctance and regret, submitted a further change in the bill, imposing a tariff ranging from eight-tenths of a cent to 1 cent per pound on all sugar, with no additional tax on refined sugar, proposing a tax of 5 cents per ton on coal, and iron ore free, hoping thereby to secure united Democratic action.

At the caucus of Democratic Senators which lasted three days, the Senators from Louisiana and California, especially Senator White, spoke against the bill. At the same time Senators in those States where sugar refineries were located declared that they could not support the bill without some tariff on refined sugar as there was a tariff on the raw. The result of that protracted and stormy caucus was the adoption of a resolution sending the bill back to the committee with instructions to amend it so as to meet the differences which had been developed in caucus.

He says: "In obedience to this action of the caucus, which was really equivalent to an order to tax sugar, coal and iron ore, we brought in a bill with a tax of 1 cent per pound on sugar testing 80 deg. by the polariscope, and 1 cent additional for each degree up to 90, and 2.1 cents for each degree above 90 and up to 98, and upon sugar above 16 deg., Dutch standard in color, an additional tax of one-eighth of 1 cent per pound. With these changes with coal and iron ore 40 cents per ton, the bill was sent to the Senate on March 17. The changes gave no satisfaction, and it became evident that the bill would be defeated if insisted upon.

"In this emergency I determined to see if there were not some means of saving the bill. Senator Hill, one of the forty-four Democrats in the Senate, was openly hostile to the bill. To pass the bill would require forty-three votes, hence it was necessary that every one of the remaining forty-three votes be secured for the support of the bill. Several of these had already openly declared that they could not and would not vote for the bill as reported, and it was decided to amend it so as to secure their support. These modifications involved changes of the sugar schedule from a specific to an ad valorem duty, the imposition of an additional tax of one-tenth of 1 cent per pound upon all sugars imported from countries paying bounties, and that the bill should not become operative until the first day of January, 1895; taxes on iron and ore at 40 cents per ton, and changes in the textile and other schedules of more or less importance."

Before the amended bill was reported back to the committee, Senator Jones said he consulted with President Cleveland, Secretary Carlisle and members of the Finance Committee, explaining the necessity for making the changes mentioned. They all agreed as to the advisability of doing so, and a caucus of Democratic Senators decided to support the bill as amended. "From May 1st," he says, "when the amendments were offered, to July 3d, when the bill finally passed the Senate, the forty-three Democrats stood together like a stone wall, and redeemed their pledges like men with but a single break. There are many things in the bill not satisfactory to me. Had I my own way I would nave raised the revenue needed from incomes, whisky, beer and tobacco and not from sugar or from woolen goods, and then imposing a tax on sugar I would not have imposed any extra tax on refined sugar.

"I resisted all these changes with all my power, as did my colleague on the subcommittee, Senator Vest, and we made them as small as possible, and at last only accepted such as were absolutely necessary to the passage of the bill. The bill as passed, however, is a great departure from McKinleyism, and is a great measure of tariff reform.

ONE FLASH.

Lightning Kills a Youth and Ties Up Traffic.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

ATLANTIC CITY (N. J.,) Aug. 26.—A single flash of lightning came from an almost cloudless sky this afternoon and killed William Carr, aged 20, of this city, who was bathing near the foot of Georgia avenue, and so shocked Mrs. Rachael Fenner, who was bathing with him, that her condition is extremely critical.

The same flash rang the fire alarm, snapped a telegraph pole and tied up traffic on the electric railway.

Peruvian Insurgents.

LONDON, Aug. 26.—A Lima dispatch says a band of 600 insurgents, armed with Winchesters, are reported to be moving northward from the southern frontier. The government has sent further re-inforcements south, and a collision is daily expected.

WIDE HAVOC.

The Fearful Wind Along the Sea of Azof.

One Thousand Lives Thought to Be Lost.

Fears for the Safety of Two Parties of American Tourists Now Missing.

Towns Overturned, the Country Ravaged and Fishing-boats Sunk—Passenger Steamers Have Not Arrived in Port.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 26.—A special cable to the Globe-Democrat from St. Petersburg says that words cannot describe the wind that swept across the sea of Azof yesterday. It is impossible for days yet to compute the damage done, but it is almost certain that 1000 have perished, some by drowning, others by being crushed under falling houses. The excitement is great among the American colony in this city, for it is feared that at least two parties of American tourists were on the Sea of Azof at the time the wind did its deadly work.

All the afternoon there has been a string of sailors at the American Ministry asking, almost begging for news from Odessa, whence the tourists were to have started on the regulation sight-seeing trip across the Crimea, visiting Sebastopol, Balaklava and the other famous battle scenes. The parties were separate, but it is probable they started within twelve hours of each other and, according to the schedule of these excursions, they would have reached the Straits of Kertch yesterday morning, going thence by steamboat north to Berdiansk, where they would take a train back to Odessa.

It is said the leader of one of these parties had proposed a trip a short distance north from Temrink into the lake of the Black Cossacks. If this party branched off into that way they have unquestionably perished, for the storm raged along almost the entire east coast of the State. It is hoped that some lucky chance delayed the excursion yesterday so they could not reach their embarking port today.

At a late hour there was still only a general report of the disaster on which to base surmises of the Americans' safety. The report recounts wide havoc. The wind was first felt at Nogaisk, which place is peopled mostly by fishermen who were out on the water. When the hurricane had swept out to the north, a terrible scene was presented. The village was razed—overturned, as if an immense plow had been pushed through it. Lying everywhere were women and children, dead or in the last agonies. The shallow waters of the Sea of Azof were lashed into such a freight that it was plain that every fishingboat must have been sunk. The cyclone swept on to the northwest after wrecking Nogaisk.

Its path seemed to have been unusually wide, for at Marinopol it devastated the country to a point eleven miles inland, and had its outer edge far upon the sea. Marinopol was practically blotted out of existence. Not three houses in a hundred are left standing. It is estimated that three hundred persons perished in this place alone. North of here the cyclone made a sudden turn to the east, over Dolga Points. Its left edge inflicted slight damage to the town of Berdimsk. Houses were unroofed and a dozen persons killed by falling timbers. Once at sea, the storm made its full fury felt. Of the steamers that touch at the port of Berdimsk, not one had come in at the hour of the latest report. Grave fears are expressed that every craft on the sea has gone to the bottom, and that every passenger is drowned. When the wind swept over the northern end of Azof it took a new course, going southerly along the coast of the land of the Black Cossacks. Turneisk and Achuev were ravaged, each town being almost totally destroyed. Telegraphic communication with this district is suspended, and it is impossible to learn the extent of the destruction, but at least one thousand persons must have died on the two shores. The storm, as nearly as can now be learned, seemed to suddenly lose its force near Temerink, and passed off with comparative quiet southward, over the Black Sea.

A FLOODED VALLEY.

An Indian Lake Breaks Its Dam—The People Flee.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

SIMLA (India,) Aug. 26.—(By Atlantic Cable.) Gohns Lake, which has for some time past been threatening to break its banks and sweep down the valley at the head of which it lies, has broken the dam which controlled the waters. Thousands of tons of water poured through the valley like a cataract, sweeping everything before it. Huge boulders were swept down like pebbles, trees were uprooted and carried on the crest of the flood, and villages along the valley were swept out of existence in an instant after the roaring torrent of whirling waters struck them.

The rainfall during the monsoon has been noticeably heavy, and the lake rose with great rapidity. The percolation at the dam became very heavy, and the engineers who examined it decided that its breakage was imminent. To repair it was impossible, and the government at once took steps to prevent loss of life when the break came. Elaborate railroad and telegraphic arrangements were made, and when it became known that the dam would go out, the people nearest the point of danger were carried by the railroad to places of safety, while those further down the valley were notified to pack up their belongings and be prepared to leave their homes when called upon by the government to do so.

The call was soon issued, and the people were taken away. So when the flood really came the valley was deserted by everybody. To this wise forethought of the government is due the fact that great loss of life was averted

HE IS READY.

Ex-Vice-President Morton Prepared for an Emergency.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.—Among the passengers who arrived on the steamer La Normandie was the Hon. Levi P. Morton, who was seen on the promenade deck of the steamer shortly after she dropped anchor in quarantine. He evidently anticipated the reporters' questions, as the following note which he handed to those who greeted him will show:

"In reply to your questions I can only say that, although I have no desire to reenter public life, I have received so many letters from my personal and political friends in different parts of the State urging me to allow the use of my name as a candidate for Governor, now that I am at home I shall feel it due them and the Republican party, which has so highly honored me in the past, to give the question serious consideration."

USELESS.

A Popular Demonstration Against the House of Lords.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

LONDON, Aug. 26.—(By Atlantic Cable.) Hyde Park today was the scene of a popular demonstration against the House of Lords. Those who took an active part in the proceedings assembled on the Thames embankment and then marched in procession to the park where eleven platforms had been elected. It is estimated 70,000 people were in the park.

A joint resolution was adopted at all the platforms declaring that, as the government was unable to give any definite pledge as to its action regarding the House of Lords, it be demanded that the "useless hereditary chamber" be abolished. The resolutions also called upon the electors to support candidates for Parliament who would pledge themselves to vote for the abolition of the House of Lords. Among the speakers were Messrs. O'Brien and Tenner, mebers of the House of Commons.

THE KOLBITES.

THEY WILL HAVE THEIR OWN LEGISLATURE.

Evangelist Barnes Booms Breckinridge—The Labor Union and the Populists—Bell Will Not Oppose Waite.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

BIRMINGHAM (Ala.,) Aug. 26.—A prominent Republican, who was active in Kolb's interests during the recent campaign, is authority for the statement that the Kolbites will meet in November, when the regular Legislature meets, convene a legislature of their own, elect a United States Senator to succeed Morgan, who will, it is though, be a Republican, and adjourn.

They will then let their Senator contest with Morgan, who will be elected by the regular Legislature, for the latter's seat. The Kolbites figure that the Republicans will be in the majority in the Senate next year and hope thereby to have their man seated. This will, it is thought, be the extent of the dual government of the Kolbites.

A JOINT CONVENTION.

SISSON, Aug. 26.—The counties of Modoc, Lassen, Trinity, Shasta, Del Norte and Siskiyou, comprising the First and Second Senatorial Assembly districts, held their joint convention here tonight. E. S. Tomblin of Soda Springs, Shasta county, was nominated for the First Assembly district, and as the convention could not agree on a State Senator and Second District Assemblyman, the convention adjourned to meet in Redding, Shasta county, on September 11th.

LABOR AND THE POPULISTS.

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.—The committee appointed by the Central Labor Union to confer with representatives of the People's party on their joining issues on political lines submitted their report at the meeting of the Central Labor Union today. The report recommended the union to issue a call to all labor organizations in the city to attend on September 1, a joint convention of the People's party and the Central Labor Union. The report was accepted, and an order for the call was issued.

WILL NOT OPPOSE WAITE.

PUEBLO, Aug. 26.—Hon. J. C. Bell of Montrose, a Populist member of Congress from the Second Colorado District, published a statement in a People's party and Waite organ today that he is not a candidate for Governor and will not allow the use of his name at the State convention here on September 4. He disclaims having cast any slurs on Gov. Waite.

Bell has been much talked of as a possible Democratic-Populist fusion candidate. His statement practically leaves the way clear for Waite's renomination, as no other man has been prominently urged in opposition to the incumbent.

BOOMING BRECKINRIDGE.

LEXINGTON (Ky.,) Aug. 26.—George O. Barnes, the well-known evangelist, today delivered a lecture, in which he urged all good citizens to vote for Breckinridge. It created a tremendous sensation.

SENATOR WOLCOTT.

What He Has Learned About Bimetallism Abroad.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.—Senator Wolcott, accompanied by his wife and stepson, were passengers on La Normandie, which arrived today. Senator Wolcott said that during the trip abroad he had spent much of his time in England, France and Germany, the three countries most interested in the silver question. In Germany, the feeling was almost entirely in favor of bimetallism, but that country would make no move until England took the initiative.

In England, Balfour and Chamberlain favored bimetallism and thought the system adopted in India was not satisfactory. Gladstone was opposed to bimetallism and Lord Rosebery will express no opinion on the question. The Senator thought the time was not far distant when there would be an international agreement on the subject.

Comte de Paris.

LONDON, Aug. 26.—The Paris correspondent of the Times mentions that an unconfirmed rumor is current to the effect that the Comte de Paris is dying.

[COAST RECORD.]

A FIENDISH PLOT.

The Franklin Mine Was Set on Fire.

Startling Conclusions of the Coroner's Jury in the Case.

Death Busy at Sacramento—Desolation at Guerneville—The Heat in California—Rain at San Diego—Other News.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

SEATTLE (Wash.,) Aug. 26.—The coroner's jury investigating the disaster in the Franklin coal mine Friday, in which thirty-seven men were killed, has rendered a verdict, finding that the fire was started by parties unknown, who wilfully, knowingly and maliciously desired to do great injury and damage to the lives of the employees and the property of the Oregon Improvement Company.

It is believed that the person who fired the mine also perished, though no one will venture an opinion as to who the incendiary is.

Today was made the occasion of a general funeral of the victims of the Franklin mine disaster on Friday last. Two of the dead miners were buried in the Odd Fellows' cemetery here, three at Renton, one at Springbrook, five at Black Diamond and eleven at Franklin. A funeral train left Franklin at 6:45 o'clock this morning, carrying nearly all the living people to Black Diamond. Rev. John F. Damon preached the funeral sermons. After the melancholy rites, the train ran back to Franklin, carrying mourners to the funerals there.

Throughout the whole Green and Cedar River valleys, from Franklin to Renton, the church bells tolled, and their mournful notes announced that the people were performing their duty to the dead. On every side appeared the grim emblems of death, and in place of the excitement succeeding the accident had come a feeling of loneliness, deep, overpowering and depressing. All the victims are now in their last resting places, except three at Franklin and three in this city. Of these, two will be buried here tomorrow, and the arrangements for the funerals of the others are completed.

THE HOTTEST.

Californians Sweltering Under a Blazing Sun.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 26.—This has been the hottest day of the year in San Francisco, and, in fact, Northern California. All over the northern and central parts of the State the sun blazed out and the heat was intense. At Red Bluff the thermometer registered 110 deg.; at Sacramento 106, at Fresno 106, at San Luis Obispo 98, Los Angeles 96, San Diego 82 and at San Francisco 92. In this city people deserted their homes for the park and the ocean beach and the street-cars leading to those resorts could hardly accommodate the crowds. Soda-water fountains and beer-saloons did a rushing business and ice was at a premium. The intense heat lasted until nightfall, when it moderated slightly, a cool breeze from the ocean beginning to comfort the sweltering city.

Tonight the conditions are favorable for cooler weather Monday afternoon, with fog on Monday night. In the Sacramento Valley the heat will moderate Monday at all points except Red Bluff, where it will continue stationary. In Southern California the temperature will be nearly stationary Monday.

RAIN AT SAN DIEGO.

SAN DIEGO, Aug. 26.—A brisk shower, accompanied by vivid lightning and distant thunder, was experienced this evening, the rain falling in drenching volumes. The day had been the warmest of the season, the thermometer indicating a temperature of 82 deg. Not much harm will be done in this section, as the hay is generally stored under cover.

DEATH BUSY.

The Reaper Gathers in Three Victims at Sacramento.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

SACRAMENTO, Aug. 26.—This evening a man named Miller, who had been employed on Flint's ranch, in Yolo, as a hop-picker, was found dead in a back street of the town of Washington. He was an old soldier, and was 60 years of age or more. The cause of his death is unknown.

An old saw-filer named William H. Rockwell, who had been paralyzed for many years in his lower limbs, was found this afternoon in his cabin, lying on his face on the floor, and in a dying condition. While being taken to the County Hospital he died.

Louis Deitrich, a hop-picker employed on the Rooney place, near Brighton, went in bathing in the American River today and was drowned. His body was recovered.

STOLEN TREASURE.

Robbers Operate on a Sacramento Jewelry Store and Saloon.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

SACRAMENTO, Aug. 26.—The jewelry store of Frederick F. Phelps, in Galt, was robbed yesterday, during the absence of Phelps, and a number of gold and silver watches, rings and chains were carried away. Constable Keefer arrested Albert Rosalies on suspicion, and the stolen property was found on him. He confessed to the crime, and showed where he had hidden the property.

Last night three masked men entered the saloon at Thirty-first and M streets, conducted by one Miller, and, presenting pistols, forced him to yield up what money he had, amounting to $50. After the robbers left the saloon Miller seized a revolver and fired a shot at them, but without effect.

HOMELESS PEOPLE.

Victims of the Guerneville Fire are in Great Need.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

SANTA ROSA, Aug. 26.—Reports of general destitution and widespread desolation at Guerneville, the scene of Saturday's disastrous conflagration, continue to come in. Large numbers of homeless people are camping all along the banks of the Russian River and in adjoining canyons, many without food, necessary bedding and clothing. The loss was about $120,000, with less than $20,000 insurance.

Dr. Burns and Oscar McKean, two victims, leave families, the latter in destitute circumstances. Dr. Burns was the oldest settler of Guerneville and a California pioneer. Clyde Hewett, an assistant railroad agent, who was crushed by falling walls and injured internally, cannot live. Two more bodies are believed to be under the fallen walls. A large number of citizens of Santa Rosa visited the scene of the fire today, and food and money were contributed. Jacob Joost, one of the sufferers, will call a meeting of the Board of Supervisors to appropriate $5000 to purchase lumber to build houses for the needy sufferers.

This evening a mass-meeting of citizens was held in the Fifth Street Methodist church and measures were taken to relieve the people in distress.

U.S.S. Monterey.

PORT TOWNSEND (Wash.,) Aug. 26.—The U.S.S. Monterey arrived this evening from the Columbia River. She will devote her time from now to September 15 to target practice, and will then visit Tacoma for ten days. The Monterey will not test Puget Sound coal, as was intended; that will be done by one of the Bering fleet.

Emil Sutro Dead.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 26.—Emil Sutro, the well-known banker, aged 62 years, was found dead in his room at 7:20 o'clock yesterday morning. He had sucumbed to an apoplectic stroke. The deceased had been ailing for some time, but nothing led his immediate friends to anticipate such a sudden end.

PRETTY COOL.

Nicaragua Will Punish the Foreigners at Her Pleasure.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

NEW YORK, Aug. 27.—A special dispatch from Managua says that the Nicaraguan government sends the following communication to the United States:

"Evidence is accumulating to convict the instigators of the recent revolt among the Mosquito Indians. Several foreigners are among those who have been arrested for conspiracy; and the most deeply implicated of them all is Hatch, the so-called British vice-consul for the Mosquito coast. He thought his position would protect him from arrest, but Nicaragua had never recognized him officially, nor granted him an exequator. His appointment is therefore void as far as Nicaragua is concerned, and, with his accomplices in sedition, he will be punished to the full extent of the law."

British Minister Gosling has wired from Guatemala a protest against the imprisonment of Consular Agent Hatch.

AMERICAN POLICY.

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.—A special from Washington says that definite information concerning the Nicaraguan policy of the administration was obtained from an official source today. For some time there has been much speculating on the subject, and recent advices from Bluefields and the present mission to London of Gen. Barrios, the Nicaraguan special commissioner, have aroused fresh interest here.

Briefly expressed, the recognition of the complete sovereignity of Nicaragua in the Mosquito reservation is the policy which has been agreed upon. Neither Chief Clarence nor his successor in any event is regarded as having any authority or rights separate from or independent of national control. Nicaragua is considered the only treaty power and the sole source of government. With her all relations concerning American interests in the reservation are to be had and Clarence and his advisers are to be treated as purely local authorities, subordinate to and under the constant restriction of Nicaragua in all matters.

For acts of omission or commission with respect to Americans, Nicaragua is to be held responsible. Contracts and concessions now in force with Americans in the reservation are to be upheld and the national government is expected to respect the same and to take such steps as may be necessary to their maintenance. To the greatest extent consistent with international courtesy, Nicaragua is to be required to sanction by law or proclamation the freedom of religion which now obtains in the reservation. An effort will be made also to induce Nicaragua to give a guarantee that excessive or unusual taxes will not be levied.

With relation to the grants and concessions now held by Americans in the reservation, Nicaragua has been informed that this country regards them as binding on the national government. They are considered in each instance as a contract, so to speak, voidable, but not void, under the arrangement. They are to be kept in force, except when, by mutual agreement, they become no longer operative. Whenever, for any reason, a concession is withdrawn by Nicaragua without the consent of the party holding the grant, a suitable indemnity is to be provided. On this point, the United States is said to be firm, and should cases arise where injustice is done to Americans on the reservations, vigorous demands are to be made on Nicaragua to right the wrong.

DYNAMITE GUNS.

Drawbacks Which Unfit Them for Use on Vessels.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—The transformation of the dynamite cruiser Vesuvius into a torpedo-boat, which was delayed in order to profit by the experiments now making with the dynamite guns at Sandy Hook, will at once proceed according to the original plan. Capt. Sampson, chief of the Ordnance Bureau, who personally witnessed the Sandy Hook tests, has returned here, and while satisfied that the dynamite guns, as they are mounted on the train and elevating-carriages, are all that the inventors claim, still he has been confirmed in his belief that they are not suitable for use on ships.

The drawbacks to such are the great weight of the guns and compressors and the valuable space occupied, the short range of the weapons, and the impossibility of aiming them without turning the whole ship. Besides, the Ordnance Bureau has been meeting with great success in its efforts to develop the use of high-explosive shells in ordinary rifled guns. It has already accomplished the projection of a 6-inch shell charged with high explosive, at a speed of 1400 feet per second, over a distance of four miles, and if the 12-inch rifle performs as well with a 200-pound charge of dynamite, and its superior accuracy and long range, it will be much more efficient for ship use than any other form of gun.

ALL ABLAZE.

Heavy Damage by the Forest Fires in Michigan.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

HARRISVILLE (Mich.,) Aug. 26.—Heavy forest fires are raging throughout Alcona county, doing great damage to lumber mills and standing pine. The fires were started early last week in the huckleberry swamps, in the interior, by berry-pickers. Owing to the dry weather they spread rapidly, and soon got beyond control.

Trains on the Detroit, Bay City and Alpena road are delayed many hours. From Kilmaster, in the interior of the county, the report comes tonight that several farmers lost their homes and stock today, and Edward Kingston and his son James were seriously burned while fighting the flames. Other parts of the county are sending in reports of heavy damage to crops and timber. There has been no rain for six weeks. Everything is dry as tinder, and a stiff wind would set the whole country aflame.

WENT DOWN.

A Bridge Collapses and Twenty People are Injured.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

KANSAS CITY, Aug. 26.—By the collapse of a bridge over a ravine at Fairmount Park this evening, fifty persons were precipitated to the ground a distance of fifteen or twenty feet, and twenty of them were more or less injured. They were:

NETTIE REDMOND, arm fractured.
W. BOYCE, internally injured.
D. M. PARRY, two ribs broken.
A. C. MYERS, knee badly injured.
FANNIE MOORE, left foot crushed.
L. A. HAMLIN of New York, right foot badly injured.

The others received bad bruises and broken bones. None of those injured are in danger.

[SPORTING RECORD.]

LOST ON THE DEEP.

Three of the Britannia's Men are Missing.

The Mate, Caterer and Another of of the Crew Caught in a Gale.

Purses at Indianapolis—Stockton Defeats San Francisco — Dana Thompson Outswims Dan Green.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

LONDON, Aug. 26.—(By Atlantic Cable.) Mate Simons and Caterer Roper of the Britannia, which is now at Weymouth, left for the shore yesterday, taking with them Engineer Brookman of the steam yacht Tabura. A heavy storm was prevailing at the time. Today a boat was found bottom up, and it is feared the occupants were drowned. It is expected that the Prince of Wales, who has been notified of the accident, will order the Britannia not to take part tomorrow in the regatta of the Royal Yacht Club, in which she is entered.

SWIFT SWIMMING.

Dana Thompson Almost Establishes a New Record.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 26.—At the Terrace baths in Alameda today Dana Thompson, the pride of the Pacific Swimming Club, defeated Dan Green, who beat Thompson in a match a few months ago.

The match was for a handsome medal and to settle the long-standing question of superiority claimed by each. The distance was 500 yards, which Thompson covered in the remarkable time of 7:02½, which is almost the world's record.

The Ten-mile Record.

CHICAGO, Aug. 26.—William Gardiner of the Columbia Wheelmen today, in the annual road race of the club, lowered the world's record for the ten-mile road race to 26:12. The previous record was 27:17 4-5. Several other riders also beat the latter time.

Stockton Won.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 26.—Ideal weather for baseball prevailed today, and a large crowd of enthusiasts went to the ball grounds to witness the game, which proved to be one replete with errors. The opposing teams were Stockton and San Francisco, the Stockton winning by a score of 12 to 11.

Indianapolis Sport.

INDIANAPOLIS, Aug. 26.—Races begin tomorrow under the auspices of the New Driving Club and promise to be most successful. The $25,000 hung up in purses has called out nearly 400 horses and exciting contests are expected.

A Belgian First.

PARIS, Aug. 26.—Andre of Vervies, Belgium, finished first in the bicycle race from this city to Dinant, Belgium.

LEAD PRODUCTION.

Rocky Mountain States and Territories Seriously Affected.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—A report on the production of lead in the United States during the first six months of the year was submitted to the United States Geological Survey today by Special Agent Kiechoff. It shows a heavy falling off in the quantity of lead drawn from domestic sources and shows the decline in the price of lead and the prostration of the silver-mining industry have seriously affected the leading indstry of the Rocky Mounain States and Territories.

The production of silverized lead amounted to 86,772 net tons, as against 95,921 for the first six months of 1893; and of soft lead 15,610 tons net, against 16,305 for the corresponding period of last year. The total production of refined lead was 192,382 net tons, against 111,926 in the first half of 1893, the refined in bond amounting to 21,392 net tons, against 12,230 for the first half of last year.

The lead available for home markets aggregated 80,990 tons, including 9783 tons representing the contents of Mexican and Canadian ores. From other sources the lead protection netted 71,204 tons, against 83,830 net tons during the first half and 80,506 tons in the second half of 1893. The stock of lead in refineries' hands amounted to 2655 tons on July 1, 1894, as compared with 2468 tons on January 1. The stock of soft lead was 2060 tons in the beginning of the year, against 1880 tons on July 1, 1894.

EUROPEAN GRAIN.

Estimates of the Crops as Compared With Last Year.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

VIENNA, Aug. 26.—(By Atlantic Cable.) The International Grain and Seed Market will open here tomorrow. Estimates of European crops compared with those of 1893 will be given as follows:

Austria, wheat, 100; rye, 95; barley, 98; oats, 93. Hungary, wheat, 99; rye, 96; barley, 94; oats, 88. Germany, wheat, 107; rye, 95; barley, 107; oats, 105. France, wheat, 120; rye, 125; barley, 100; oats, 115. Great Britain, wheat, 107; rye, none; barley, 100; oats, 105. Russia, wheat, 82; rye, 97; barley, 97; oats, 86. Moldavia, wheat, 87; rye, 90; barley, 90; oats, 90. Wallachia, wheat, 67; rye, 64; barley, 40; oats, 90.

The Indian wheat crop is estimated at 6,920,000 tons. The American wheat crop is placed at 390,000,000 bushels, and corn at 1,500,000,000 bushels.

A DOOMED MAN.

Uncle Sam Will Endeavor to Save Edward Adams.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—An earnest effort is making in officials here to induce the Mexican government to extend clemency and mitigate the sentence of death imposed on Edward Adams of San Antonio. He is to be shot soon in the City of Mexico. Members of the Texas and Louisiana delegations have secured the friendly offices of the United States, and his case will be laid before the sister republic, through Secretary Gresham and Minister Gray.

There are many extenuating circumstances in his case, and a careful presentation and consideration of the facts, it is believed, will appeal to the well-known sense of humanity and justice of the Mexican people, and the administration if President Diaz.

To Shoot Ybarra.

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.—A special to the World from Caracas says that troops are being sent along the entire coast. Orders have been given to shoot Ybarra if he is caught in the country.

Five Cents on Whisky.

PEORIA (Ill.,) Aug. 26.—The Whisky Trust has ordered an increase in price of 5 cents per gallon, to take effect tomorrow. This makes the basis $1.35.

JUMPED THE TRACKS.

Accident on the Electric Line on Orange Mountain.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

ORANGE (N. J.,) Aug. 26.—An accident occurred this afternoon on the electric line of the Suburban Traction Company, near Eagle Rock, a well-known pleasure resort, by which a number of persons were injured. Those hurt are:

JOHNNY LLOYD, 4 years old, right arm taken off at the elbow.
MRS. FRANK DAVIS, arm broken.
MRS. JOHN LLOYD, badly cut, bruised and legs sprained.
MRS. MARGARET HALLAHAN, severely bruised about the chest.
MRS. MICHAEL FINNEGAN, severely cut.
WILLIAM FLOYD, badly cut and bruised.

Eagle Rock is at the top of Orange Mountain. It is approached by a road two miles long, with a long and continuous grade. In some parts the grade is almost sixty feet to the mile. This afternoon, about 4:50 o'clock, car No. 8, filled to the doors with men and women, many of the former hanging to the platform, were going down the grade, when the motorman found the brake would not work. The cars rapidly gained momentum and were soon dashing along at a very rapid rate of speed.

The passengers were not long in finding out that something was wrong and the women and children began to scream. Before any one had time to jump, the front wheels of the forward truck struck a bend in the road. The car was going too fast for the wheels to follow the track, and it leaped from the track, turning completely over. The passengers were piled in a heap. The broken glass of the windows and doors caused many injuries.

A LA COXEYITES.

PULLMAN EMPLOYEES PLANNING AN EXODUS.

Th Bristol Mill Will Not Resume—Massillon Miners Refuse to Accept an Ultimatum—Dover, N. H., Spinners.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

CHICAGO, Aug. 20.—A meeting of about forty Pullman mechanics was held today, to consider the project of moving in a body to Kansas, where it is claimed work has been offered them. It was stated again at the meeting that the men believed they would be given employment in the car works to be built especially for them by a capitalist at Hiawatha, Kan. The leaders announced to the men that the only step necessary for ex-employees of the Pullman Company wanting work was to secure recommendations from the foremen of the respective departments.

THE MASSILLON MINERS.

CLEVELAND (O.,) Aug. 26.—News received from the Massillon coal fields is to the effect that the miners have refused to accept the ultimatum of the operators, which provides that they should resume work tomorrow upon a schedule of wages based on the Columbus scale. It is said many of the miners are now removing their tools from the mines, and it is believed the operators will carry out their intention of resuming work tomorrow with non-union men. The miners of the Massillon district, numbering about 3000, have been on a strike since February 17.

A NEW PHASE.

NEW BEDFORD (Mass.,) Aug. 26.—The police were notified by the management of the Bristol mill tonight that their attendance at the mill gates tomorrow morning would not be needed, as no attempt would be made to run the mills. The operatives look upon this as a good sign. It is almost an assured fact that three more of the large yarn corporations will start up this week at the old wages.

DOVER SPINNERS.

DOVER (N. H.,) Aug. 26.—The spinners of Dover, N. Y., Great Falls and Salmon Falls held a meeting in this city this afternoon. Secretary Ross of New Bedford was present. The outsiders urged the Dover spinners to strike, and they finally consented. They decided not to go to work tomorrow.

WHOLESALE ROBBERY.

The Kraus Bros. Dispose of a Stock Secured on Time.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.—Benjamin and Morris Kraus, constituting the firm of Kraus Bros., dealers in horses, carriages and harness, in Brooklyn and New York, are missing, leaving their creditors to mourn their departure. It is said they have disposed of nearly $75,000 worth of goods, secured for the most part on four months' time, and they have decamped with the proceeds.

They laid in large stocks of carriages, wagons and harness. They bought from city dealers and from others all over the country. This stock was disposed of at auction, cut rates or in any other way to get rid of it on a cash basis. Most of their notes fell due August 1, and they still had about $20,000 worth of stock. They asked for and secured a loan of $5000 from Bloomingdale Bros. of this city, and gave a chattel mortgage for $10,000 to cover this loan and back rent. Since then they have not been seen.

GETTYSBURG.

Novel Plan of Gen. Sickles to Preserve the Battlefield.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.—Gen. D. E. Sickles has a scheme for the construction of a grand national park, which will include the battlefield and other historic points of interest at Gettysburg. The purchase of something like four thousand acres in and around Gettysburg is embraced in the plan. The government already owns several hundred acres at the scene of the decisive battle of the war, and Gen. Sickles proposes to acquire about twenty-five hundred acres more. His plan contemplates the establishment of a military post at Gettysburg, as a soldiers' home and Indian school, and perhaps a G.A.R. museum.

Shot in Revenge.

MENTONE (France,) Aug. 26.—Considerable excitment has been occasioned in official circles by a murder committed here today. M. Buissel, secretary to the police commissary, while entering his house, was shot by an unknown man. Very few people were in the vicinity of the house at the time, and the murderer made his escape unmolested. It is supposed the shooting was done in revenge by an Anarchist.

Cholera's Victims.

LONDON, Aug. 26—A dispatch to the Times from Vienna says that for the week ending Saturday, there were 146 new cases of cholera and 79 deaths from the disease in Galicia. In Bukowina 16 new cases and 15 deaths were reported.

LONDON, Aug. 26.—A dispatch to the News from Bucharest says that cholera is rapidly spreading in Bessarabia. The Sanitary Council demands that the whole line along the Pruth be cordoned by the military.

Farmhouses Burned.

LUDINGTON (Mich.,) Aug. 26.—The whole surrounding country sends in extensive reports today of heavy damage by forest fires. Last night four farmhouses were destroyed, the occupants barely escaping with their lives. A heavy smoke that nearly turns day into night hung over the city for twenty-four hours.

LED A DUAL LIFE.

The Deerfield Thugs Further Identified.

Gordon's Real Name is Griswold and His Record is Lurid.

A Jekyl-and-Hyde Career in Which He Committed Crimes for Pastime—Lake Was His Tool.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

CHICAGO, Aug. 26.—The man giving his name as Gordon, who participated in the Deerfield hold-up and the subsequent stirring events last Friday night and Saturday morning, and who was identified as Billy Williams, a well-known character on the Pacific Coast, was again identified by responsible parties as H. F. Griswold, a well-to-do inspector of the Manchester Assurance Company. Griswold's father is said to be a traveling inspector of the Home Insurance Company of New York and resides in that city. The people making the identification are officials of the Assurance Company, and they maintain they are not mistaken.

It appears to be a case of Dr. Jekyl and Mr. Hyde. Griswold had no need to steal or shoot his fellow-men, but he did it apparently because he loved the mystery and the excitement of such a life. Crime has apparently become a pastime with him and he is supposed to have found an apt pupil in Lake, a poor, unemployed laborer. During the daytime Griswold filled the important position of fire-risk inspector, which he used as a cloak for his marauding expeditions during the night.

About five years ago Griswold married a country girl, and she became Mrs. Gordon, not Griswold. Since then they have lived in various parts of Chicago, their last residence being No. 13 Curtis street. Today the timid, frightened wife called at the police station and gave her name as Gordon, saying she never knew her husband as any other. It is believed the department of police, with the help of the railroad companies, are running to earth in this dual arrest a long train of depredations, of which Griswold is the center.

The story of Griswold's life, so far as known, is unique. Born almost twenty-eight years ago, his father tried to give him a fair education, but the boy's instincts were wild and lawless. He eventually disappeared from home and was next heard of in the West as a cowboy and ranchman. After several years of adventurous life in California, Oregon and Idaho, he came to Illinois and secured employment as a brakeman at Rock Island, Ill. While there he married, and the influence of his wife caused him to lead a quieter life. His father, noting an improvement in his behavior, used his influence to obtain his son a position in the local office of the Manchester Assurance Company. Young Griswold grew proficient in his new position, and soon drew a handsome salary. It appears, however, that the reformation was not complete, but just when Griswold began his double career is not known.

Further disclosures are expected at the inquest over the remains of Detective Owens, which will be postponed for a week to permit the police to make a full investigation of Griswold's and Lake's careers.

William Lake, who was so desperately wounded in the raid, was feeling better today. It is said he came of a good family, and that his father is William Lake of Oswego, N. Y., a traveling man for a New York paper house. Lake is a carpet-trimmer, and had been out of work for some time, and he and his wife were on the verge of starvation when, in company with Griswold, he made the sensational raid.

DR. M'GLYNN.

He Explains Mgr. Satolli's Attitude Toward Saloons.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.—Fifteen hundred persons assembled at Prohibition Park, Staten Island, today to hear Rev. Dr. McGlynn's discourse on "The Model Commonwealth." Preceding his remarks, he gave by request a prelude on Mgr. Satolli's confirmation of Bishop Watterson's famous order. At a meeting at the park a week ago the question was asked if the importance and seriousness of the ablegate's utterances against the saloons were not overestimated, and it was also asked if a single representative Catholic could be named who was opposed to the saloon.

In introducing Dr. McGlynn, the utterances of Archbishop Ireland, Bishop McCaud of Vermont, Bishop Missner of Wisconsin and Bishop McGerrick of Michigan were read endorsing Satolli's question. Dr. McGlynn said there was a danger in magnifying Mgr. Satolli's letter beyond the intention of the writer and beyond its real effect. It was not a decree. Mgr. Satolli was not here to make laws. Mgr. Satolli hardly meant and Bishop Watterson hardly meant that it was a sin to drink intoxicating liquors or to sell them. They have not gone so far as that. In effect the letter meant that Catholics should look to it that their churches, families and business should be so conducted as to be no occasion of sin or scandal.

The letter of the apostolic delegate had no more force than the order of the Bishop of Columbus, but it did not require great perception to understand how far-reaching would be its effect. The letter plainly insinuates that if each bishop in the United States should issue the same orders as had been issued by Bishop Watterson and Mgr. Satolli should be appealed to for a reversal of that order that he would give the same answer.

It would have no effect in encouraging the Catholic people and clergy to practice or to preach temperance. It would cause saloon-keepers to conduct their business with greater public decorum when they understood they might be excluded from the church for engaging in the traffic.

OUT IN THE WET.

Knights of Pythias Encounter a Thunder Shower.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—An unwelcome house-warming was given the Knights of Pythias, encamped in the White City of tents around the Washington monument this afternoon. It came in the form of a thunder shower, which swept over the city almost without warning, and then settled into a steady rain until sunset. Several tents were dismantled by the sheets of rain, which beat around them, and the lightning was unpleasantly sharp. All of the discomforts incidental to the storm were accepted in a hilarious mood by the Knights, however, and they made fun under the canvas, as well as outside, after the first drenching rain had passed over.

Three thousand Knights cheered the arrival of new companies, while the bands in the camp kept giving a continual concert, endeavoring to outplay their rivals. Special trains were pulling into the depot, and Knights, brilliantly uniformed in scarlet, blue and white, went marching up Pennsylvania avenue, through the rain, many displaying handsome banners. Particularly striking was the Florida phalanx, presenting a gleaming array of white duck trousers, and carrying at the head of the line the most famous product of their State, a stuffed alligator. [illegible] of the weather hundreds of residents flocked to inspect the camp during the day, trooping through the avenue of tents and crowding about the goats and other paraphernalia, animate and inanimate, brought by the Westerners, who are in a large majority today. Fine discipline was maintained in the encampment, something like martial regulations being enforced. Three thousand men sleep on light cots under canvas tonight, while uniforms are the rule rather than the exception, on the streets. The most heavily gilt-laced of the regalia was to be found at the Ebbitt House, where headquarters have been established by Maj.-Gen. Carnahan, where the citizens committeemen also congregate and where every stranger is greeted by his acquaintances with an official title.

Since the encampment will not officially begin until tomorrow, the divisions are not required to report their presence until then, so no list of the orders on the ground is to be had.

Among the prominent divisions which arrived today were those from New York, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, St. Joseph, Chicago and Colorado. President Cleveland has promised to review the grand parade on Tuesday. A reviewing-stand will be erected for him in front of the Executive Mansion. Gen. Carnahan and his staff will review the parade on horseback at the head of Pennsylvania avenue, near the Treasury. A stand is being erected by the Treasury, in which seats will be reserved for Senators, Representatives and other government officials and members of the diplomatic corps.

LONDON MARKETS.

Wheat in Demand—Other Cereals Slow.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

LONDON, Aug. 26.—(By Atlantic Cable.) The weather has been excessively wet and has done damage to the crops, but it had but a small effect upon the market. Wheat during the past week has been firm, especially white, which was 3d dearer, owing to the small number of offerings. Red wheat was in demand for France, but United Kingdom buyers were reserved, owing to the full supplies in prospect. The parcel business was quiet, and spot was dull. Red winter parcels, prompt delivery of the new crop, was quoted at 20s 6d.

Flour war dull. Sellers were plentiful, but buyers were scarce. Maize was firm and slow. The prospects of a short crop had little effect at present. American maize was not offered. Barley was steady and slow, with full supply. Oats were freely offered, but found slow sale.

MONEY AND STOCKS.

LONDON, Aug. 26.—The fact that the stock of gold and the reserve again touched record figures in the return of the Bank of England, counteracted the tendency to firmness in the money market exhibited last week, and the rates remained at their lowest point. The silver market fluctuated, as it was thought the chances of the war in the East would create a demand. American holders took full advantage of this speculative rise. The stock exchange market continued strong, considering the small trade of the holiday season. The strength of American securities helped to support the other speculative markets.

German consols were in great request for investment. There were sharp changes in Mexicans which, after touching 65, were freely offered from Germany on rumors of a contemplated reduction in the rest. With the exception of Lake Shore, which advanced 6, the rise in American railroad securities was less marked than it was last week, owing to the considerable realizations. Northern Pacific rose 1 per cent., other changes were fractional. Canadian Pacific was down 1½.

THE DEADLY UNDERTOW.

A Young Man Drowned in the Ocean at Ventura.

VENTURA, Aug. 26.—(Special Dispatch.) Frank E. Taylor, a young man well-known in this city, was drowned this afternoon while bathing in the ocean.

He, together with several companions, had gone out beyond the breakers, and while returning young Taylor became exhausted and sank before help could reach him. Those who saw the accident state that the water was not of sufficient depth to have covered him could he have stood up, but owing to the strong undertow and very heavy breakers it was impossible to stand even in only three or four feet of water. Taylor realized his condition, and called to his companions several times, saying, "I am going to drown! Help me!" But they were unable to give him aid before the sea claimed him.

A search was at once commenced for his body, but at this writing it has not been recovered. Mr. Taylor was a member of Olive Encampment No. 201 I.O.O.F.

A SOLDIER'S FIST.

Lieut. Welch Strikes Col. Crofton in the Face.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

CHICAGO, Aug. 26.—Col. R. A. Crofton, commanding the Fifteenth United States Infantry, was struck in the face today by First Lieutenant R. C. Welch, of Co. E, Fifteenth Regiment. Col. Crofton was engaged in the work of changing guard mount. It is said the attack was entirely unprovoked on the part of Col. Crofton. Welch was placed under arrest and will be tried before court-martial. The affair created a great sensation throughout army quarters.

At 8 a.m. Col. Crofton was engaged in performing the duties which devolved upon him as the commanding of the regiment, in connection with the change of guard mount. Officers were crowded about him receiving their orders and formed quite a group near the commander's tent. Lieut. Welch suddenly approached Col. Crofton and addressed him in a low tone. The two walked some distance apart from the others, still conversing in low tones. Suddenly the lieutenant was seen to strike his superior a blow full in the face with his fist. It was a powerful blow, and Col. Crofton seemed dazed by it, and was seen to stagger, but he quickly recovered, and with blood spurting from his nose, ordered Welch under arrest and then retired to his tent.

Welch was surrounded by several soldiers and put in the guadhouse by four soldiers. The affair was the sole topic of conversation today at army headquarters at Evanston. The men were very reticent about talking of the occurrence to civilians. What the conversation was that took place between Crofton and Welch before the blow was struck no one knows. It was noticed by those who saw the affair that the two men were somewhat excited, and that the conversation was becoming heated when Lieut. Welch struck the blow.

The crime of assaulting a superior officer in the United State army is considered one of the most serious offenses. The penalty is dismissal from the ranks.

Grecian Cities Shaken.

ATHENS, Aug. 26.—An earthquake was felt here at 8 o'clock today. The shock was also felt at Corinth, Vastizsea, Sante, Thebes and Atalanta. The inhabitants of some of the places affected were terribly frightened, thinking there was about to be a repetition of the disasters that occurred some little time ago. They fled to the fields and other places for safety. So far as known, no persons were killed.

A Disappearance.

CHICAGO, Aug. 26.—J. D. Morse, a real-estate dealer, reported at police headquarters that his friend, J. S. Hicks, a real-estate dealer of Denver, had been missing for several days. He had been visiting in Chicago, and had a large amount of money on his person, and Morse fears foul play.

Minister Buchanan.

NEW YORK, Aug. 27.—A special dispatch from Valparaiso says that Brazil's naval squadron sailed last night for Montevideo. United States Minister Buchanan has arrived in Santa Fe, Argentina, and was received by Minister Alcaner. He visited the schools and public buildings and proceeded tonight to Calestine and other grain districts.

THE VETERANS.

The Nebraska G.A.R. Assembles at Grand Island.

Associated Press Leased-wire Service.

OMAHA, Aug. 26.—A special to the Bee from Grand Island says that the annual Grand Army State encampment opens here tomorrow. Already the city is crowded with veterans. One thousand tents are occupied in camp. The attendance is expected to reach 20,000. The Populist and Republican State nominees will discuss politics during the week.

Cut His Throat.

OTTUMWA (Iowa,) Aug. 26.—Dr. J. W. Campbell, resident medical examiner of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Volunteer Relief Association, committed suicide today by cutting his throat with a razor. It was done on account of illness.

The Lake Shore's President.

CLEVELAND, Aug. 26.—John Newell, president of the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railroad, died at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon, at Youngstown, O., of apoplexy.

Wilson Barrett's Brother.

LONDON, Aug. 26.—George Barrett, comedian, brother of Wilson Barrett, is dead.

A Unique Quilt.

(St. Louis Republic:) A quilt made of satin printed play bills is the unique possession of Mrs. W. G. Jones, an old-time actress.

This quilt is composed wholly of play bills, which have been printed on satin for souvenir occasions. There are pieces of plain silk embroidered with the usual designs—butterflies, horseshoes, etc.—but the beauty spots of the quilt are the play bills. Another interesting feature is that the quilt is lined wih the damask crimson satin which once formed the curtain of the old Bowery Theater. When the new Bowery was built most of the furnishings of the old Bowery were sold.

Mrs. Jones bought the curtains and put them to their present use.

The quilt was mostly made "on the road," for Mrs. Jones did a great deal of traveling when acting. "I always worked when waiting in the greenroom for my cue," she said, referring to the work. The quilt was begun in Kansas City in 1884 and finished in New York in 1887.

One of the choicest bits is the playbill from the Boston Bijou Theater. The occasion was the "gala opening of the theater in 1882." A "Paul Kauvar" souvenir on yellow silk gives a representation of the dream or guillotine scene and is very pretty. Pink lettering on white satin was the souvenir of an occasion when Emma Abbott gave the "Bohemian Girl." Another is embellished with photographs of Mrs. John Drew and of Joseph Jefferson as Bob Acres.

Longfellow's "Evangeline."

(New York Tribune:) In his biography of his brother, Samuel Longfellow gives this account of the origin of "Evangeline:" Mr. Hawthorne came one day to dine at Craigie House, bringing with him his friend, H. L. Conolly, who had been the rector of the church in South Boston. At dinner Conolly said that he had been trying in vain to interest Hawthorne to write a story upon an incident which had been related to him by a parishioner of his, Mrs. Haliburton. It was the story of a young Acadian maiden, who, at the dispersion of her people by the English troops, had been separated from her betrothed lover; they sought each other for years in their exile, and at last they met in a hospital where the lover lay dying. Mr. Longfellow was touched by the story, especially by the constancy of its heroine, and said to his friend: "If you really do not want this incident for a tale, let me have it for a poem," and Hawthorne consented. Out of this grew "Evangeline," whose heroine was first called Gabrielli.

Protecting the President.

(New York Herald:) The most minute precautions are taken for the protection of the new President of the French republic. There is not in Europe a sovereign guarded better than M. Casimir-Perier. A flying brigade of police agents in civilian costume has been created to follow the President step by step wherever he goes. When M. Casimir-Perier is about to start from the Elysee the Prefecture of Police is apprised by telephone of the place to which he is going, as well as the route he is to take. Before he has crossed the gate of the palace a carriage is already on the street, with orders to follow the Presidential conveyance, and not to lose sight of it. This maneuver is repeated several times daily, for the President goes out frequently, either in a carriage or on foot. M. Casimir-Perier often goes to the Bois de Boulogne, like M. Carnot, and thus gives a great deal of work to the police service at the Elysee.

Novel Street-cleaning Methods.

When one of the late Emperor Alexander's visits to Warsaw was announced, there was no time to clear the street of a quantity of mud, which had been scraped up in heaps by the roadside. The police (Russians) ordered the windows on the ground floor of the houses in these streets to be opened, and threw the mud into the rooms.

A Barnyard Boycott.

Old Hen. Yes, it is true that at times, in moments of enthusiasm or unusual energy, I do lay an egg with a double yolk.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS—

FOR PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR—
H. R. HANNA,
(Of the firm of H. R. Hanna & Co., 101 S. Broadway.)
Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

LINERS.

One Cent a Word for Each Insertion.

WANTED— Help. Male.

PETTY, HUMMEL & CO.,
EMPLOYMENT AGENTS,
300-302 W. Second st., in basement California Bank Building.
Tel. 509.
(Office open from 7 a.m. to 7:30 p.m., except Sundays.)

Fruit ranch hand, $16 etc. month; teamster, etc., $20 etc.; boy, 18 to 20, for store, $10, board and room; solicitors; canvassers; 2 ranch hands, $20 etc. each; man to sell patent-right; pastry cook and baker, $50 etc.; second cook, first-class hotel, $40 etc.; dishwasher, first-class hotel, $25 etc.; hotel runner for first-class hotel.
HOTEL DEPARTMENT.
Second cook for small boarding-house, country, $20 and fare; waitress for nice little hotel, country, $15.
HOUSEHOLD DEPARTMENT.
Cook for Indian school, Arizona, $35; good housegirl, country, $20; cook for Santa Paula, 4 in family, $25; ranch cook, $18; girl for housework, Pomona, $15 and fare; light place at Covina, $12; 2 nice, light places, city, $15 each; nursegirl, city, $12, several light places, $10-$12.
PETTY, HUMMEL & CO.

WANTED—E. W. REID & CO., EMPLOYment agents, Wilson Block, 126 W. First st. We want at once, 40 men for railroad work, bridge carpenters, $2.50 per day; track layers, $2 per day; teamsters and graders, $1.75 per day; long job; call at at once and register your names; bookkeeper, who is a stenographer and typewriter, must have good reference and be a practical man, good wages; man to run planer and sticker, $2.50 per day; milker who can make butter, $25 per month; hotel baker for country, $50 per month; hotel laundress, $25 per month; house girl, $20 per month; to let, contract for 500 feet of tunnel. REID & CO. 27

WANTED — COUNTRY SALESMAN, TRIMmer, collector, binder, ranchman, man and wife. EDWARD NITTINGER, 219½ S. Spring st. 27

WANTED—MAN WITH LARGE WAGON, heavy team, to haul fruit parings from SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA PACKING CO.

WANTED—MAN TO DISTRIBUTE CIRCULARS, $4 per 1000 paid; send 4 cents stamps. NAT'L DIST. ASS'N., Chicago.

WANTED—BOYS AT LOS ANGELES DISTRICT TELEGRAPH CO., 127½ W. Second st. 27

WANTED— Help. Female.

WANTED—MARKER, $40; COOK, ASSORTer, housekeeper for widower; representative, housework, second work, chamberwork, waitress; established 1880. EDWARD NITTINGER, 319½ S. Spring st. 27

WANTED—LADIES FOR LIGHT WORK TO do at home and make from $5 to $8 a week. Call at 331½ S. SPRING ST. room 12.

WANTED—A SCHOOL GIRL TO ASSIST IN housework for 4 adults in exchange for room and board. Apply 636 WALL ST. 27

WANTED—GIRL TO ASSIST WITH GENeral housework and cooking in small family. Apply 1028 S. HILL ST. 27

WANTED— A GERMAN WOMAN TO DO office cleaning and washing. 133½ S. SPRING ST., room 7. 27

WANTED— GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork. 1144 W. 30TH ST. 28

WANTED— Help. Male and Female.

WANTED — HOTEL AND HOUSEHOLD help at MRS. SCOTT AND MISS M'CARTHY'S EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, 101½ S. Broadway.

WANTED—HELP FREE AND WORK. E. NITTINGER, 319½ S. Spring. Tel 112.

WANTED— Situations. Male.

WANTED—SITUATION AS HEAD STEWard in a first-class hotel in Southern California; applicant has had long experience in first-class hotels in Southern and Eastern States; also in the city of New York; references furnished; at present am engaged with the Wettawa Summer Resort Company, Kingsville, Canada, but will be open for engagement about 1st October. Address W. S. BOSWORTH, care J. A. Fitch, Kingsville, Essex county, Canada. 27

WANTED — AN ACCOUNTANT WITH 25 years' experience on mercantile manufacturing and transportation books, is open for an engagement; corporation and voucher system a specialty; satisfaction. Address ACCOUNTANT, R. box 21, Times office.

WANTED—SITUATION BY A THOROUGHly competent carpenter, not afraid to go out in the country. Address CARPENTER, Times office. 29

WANTED—SITUATION IN PRIVATE FAMily boarding-house as waiter, good reference given. Address U, box 93, TIMES OFFICE. 29

WANTED—BY JAPANESE, SITUATION TO do cooking or general housework. Address C. H., 509 S. SPRING ST. 27

WANTED— Situations. Female.

WANTED—BY YOUNG GERMAN WOMAN, baby 3 months, situation; general housework or housekeeping. MRS. C. WILHELM, care Information Bureau, 319½ S. Spring st. 27

WANTED—SITUATION BY EXPERIENCED young woman; charge of infant or child; no objection to travel. Address 330 EDGEWARE ROAD. 29

WANTED — SITUATION AS HOUSEKEEPer, either city or country. Apply 144 S. MAIN ST., room 21, from 1 till 5 o'clock. 27

WANTED — BY A COMPETENT WOMAN, care of small children at her home. Address U, box 43, TIMES OFFICE. 28

WANTED — LADIES WISHING DRESSmaking done at home please call 102 S. HILL ST. 31

WANTED— To Purchase.

WANTED—TO PURCHASE A NICE HOME in a desirable part of the city; give price, location and terms; I wish to deal with principals only. Address U, box 55, TIMES OFFICE. 27

WANTED—OWNER OF A WELL-LOCATED large lot, west or southwest, to build a modern 6-room cottage and sell on installments. Address S, box 62, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—A 6 OR 7-ROOM HOUSE, S.W.; must be pleasantly situated and convenient to cars. Address U, box 53, TIMES OFFICE. 27

WANTED — GOOD SECOND-HAND LIGHT business buggy, for cash. Call 102 N. SPRING. 27

WANTED—TO PURCHASE MORTGAGES. Room 92, TEMPLE BLOCK.

WANTED— To Rent.

WANTED— YOUR HOUSES, FLATS AND stores to let; we give special attention to this department of our business. HAGAN, PEREZ & DE LUNA, 123 W. Third st. 31

WANTED—TO RENT A MODERN HOUSE of 5 to 7 rooms, close in or convenient to electric or cable cars. Address U, box 44, TIMES OFFICE. 27

WANTED — TO RENT ALFALFA RANCH close in of 15 acres or more with good house. Address P.O. BOX 295, or call at 1624 E. EIGHTH ST. 27

WANTED—TO LEASE FURNISHED HOUSES by the year. ASSOCIATED HOTEL INFORMATION BUREAU, 102 S. Broadway. 27

WANTED— Rooms and Board.

WANTED — BY MARRIED COUPLE, NO children, 2 desirable unfurnished rooms for housekeeping; references exchanged. Address U, box 86, TIMES OFFICE. 27

WANTED—BOARD WITH PRIVATE FAMily in suburbs for lady and baby. Address S, box 97, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED— Partners.

WANTED—SOME ONE WITH FROM $1000 to $2000 to invest in a safe, profitable, honorable business as active or silent partner; investigate this for there is money in it. Address R. R., P.O. BOX 25, city. 27

WANTED— Agents and Solicitors.

WANTED — AGENTS FOR FIRST-CLASS specialties. Address by mail only, with 2c stamp for circular and prices, J. BROWN, 215 N. Hope st. 28

WANTED— Miscellaneous.

WANTED—A GENTLEMAN TO JOIN ME in occupying a nicely-furnished front room in private family; close in; rent $6 each. 712 S. SPRING ST. 27

WANTED—AN INCOME-BEARING RANCH in foothills; must have nice house; will give choice city property for it. H. HUNTER, Times office.

WANTED— FOR A NEW SECOND-HAND store, all kinds of furniture. 617 S. Spring st., ETCHISON & LANE.

WANTED — FOR A NEW SECOND-HAND store, all kinds of furniture. 617 S. Spring st., ETCHISON & LANE.

WANTED—TO FIGURE PLANS; LOWEST prices; 4 rooms, $450. 210 E. THIRD ST.

WANTED— FAMILY WASHING AT REAsonable prices. 1325 S. MAIN ST. 28

WANTED—CUCUMBERS IN LARGE QUANtities at 241 SAN PEDRO ST. 1

FOR SALE— City Lots and Land.

FOR SALE—

GET A HOME.

Better than a bank account; stop paying rent and use the money in buying you a lot and building you a home in Grider & Dow's Adams-st. tract; streets all graded, graveled, cement walk and curbs; shade trees planted and city water piped to every lot; 2 electric car lines pass the property; only 15 minutes' ride to the business center; beautiful Adams st., 82 feet wide, Central ave., 80 feet wide, San Pedro st., 80 feet wide, 28th st., 100 feet wide, together with 27th and 29th sts., run through this tract; don't buy anywhere until you see this property; you will have to pay $1000 for lots in other tracts, where we sell large 50-foot lots for $200, $250, $300 to $600 in this beautiful tract; visit it this week and see the class of homes now being built, and the fine improvements being made; no cheap houses allowed; take the Central-ave. or Maple-ave. electric cars to Adams st.; agents on the ground to show the property; lots sold on easy payments; free carriage from our office. Tel. 1299.
GRIDER & DOW,
28 109½ S. Broadway.

FOR SALE— —28TH STREET
100 FEET WIDE.

See this beautiful street, ½ mile long and 100 feet wide, all graded, graveled, cement walks and curbs; will plant beautiful date palm trees the entire length; street will be sprinkled by the city; water piped; lots 50x150 to alley; don't buy till you see these lots, which are offered for a short time at half their value; take the Central-ave. cars or Maple-ave. cars to 28th st., or call at our office; free carriage.
GRIDER & DOW,
28 109½ S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—DO YOU KNOW THAT THE people are now beginning to realize that buying property where you are sure to have only first-class improvements about you pays? That is why we are selling those fine lots so fast on W. Beacon st.; wide street and all first-class improvements; lots 50x155 to alley, and only $1000; in fact, we only handle first-class property; if it is not, we don't offer it for sale until we make it A1; if you want something in the Harper tract, see us; if you want a fine lot 70x200 on Portland st., see us. MILLER & HERRIOTT, 114 N. Spring st. 28

FOR SALE—

CHEAP
LOTS
IN
SANTA MONICA TRACT,
FROM
$100 to $120—
ON
$10 MONTHLY PAYMENTS.
H. R. HANNA & CO.,
101 Broadway.

FOR SALE—$7500; THE MOST DESIRABLE corner on W. Adams st.; lot 75x185, surrounded by private residences on the street.
$8000—On Figueroa st., 120x190 to 20-foot alley, opposite the Stimson place.
$5250—On W. Adams st., near St. James Park, 75x185 to 20-foot alley; nothing finer in the city than the above lots.
26 E. F. C. KLOKKE, 242 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—$300, ON EASY TERMS, BUYS fine residence lot on 27th st., in Grider & Dow's Adams-st. tract; this street is graded and graveled, cement curbed and walks; only a few lots left on this fine street; 8 fine cottages are now being built on this street; take Central-ave. or Maple-ave. electric cars to 27th st., or call on GRIDER & DOW, 109½ S. Broadway. 28

FOR SALE—OIL LOTS, SURROUNDED BY paying wells; also cheap ones in the new oil field, Boyle Heights, adjoining property now being prospected; try a gamble; if they "strike ile," you will quadruplicate on your investment in 60 days. HAGAN, PEREZ & DE LUNA, 123 W. Third st. 31

FOR SALE—$2100, ON EASY TERMS, BUYS a brand-new 8-room residence; reception hall, folding doors, mantel and grate; bath, pantry and closets; ½ block or electric cars; street graded, graveled, cement walks and curbs; don't buy till you see this bargain. GRIDER & DOW, 109½ S. Broadway. 28

FOR SALE—100 ACRES VERY CHOICE land on south side of Washington st., west part of the city; price for a few days only $110 per acre; this place will sell for $300 per acre in less than two years, and it is worth nearly that today. NOLAN & SMITH, 228 W. Second st.

FOR SALE—$250 TO $400 BUYS LOTS ON Central ave., which is 80 feet wide, cement walks and curbs; street graded and graveled; on easy terms; take the Central-ave. electric cars to Adams st., or call at our office. GRIDER & DOW, 109½ S. Broadway. 28

FOR SALE—$300 CASH, BALANCE LONG time and monthly payments if desired; no better time or place for moderate investment; lots in our subdivision, bet. Washington and 21st sts.; only $950—worth $1200. JOHNSON & KEENEY CO., 104 S. Broadway. 27

$1800— FOR SALE — CANDIDLY, WE think the best lot in the Bonnie Brae tract is on our books for the next 10 days at this price; the view is grand, the improvements elegant and the lot not high at $2500. W. M. GARLAND & CO., 207 S. Broadway. 27

FOR SALE— $295 EACH, 2 LOTS, NEAR Seventh, west of Central ave.
$82.50 an acre, $10 cash, 8 years' credit, 6 per cent., walnut colony.
W. J. FISHER, 227 W. Second st.

FOR SALE—CHOICE BUILDING LOT ON 25th st.; street all graded and curbed; water piped; 1½ blocks of electric cars; price only $125, on installments. GRIDER & DOW, 109½ S. Broadway. 28

FOR SALE—WE HAVE A CHOICE LIST of city property and ranchos of all descriptions for sale or rent. K. P. CULLEN & CO., Minnesota headquarters, 23 W. First st.

FOR SALE—200 LOTS ON PICO HEIGHTS at bottom figures; prices to be raised shortly; houses sold on installments. C. A. SUMNER & CO., 107 S. Broadway, sole agents.

$350—FOR SALE— 2 LOTS, S.W. CORNER of Temple and Lake Shore ave., in the oil belt; price for a few days only, $350 each. NOLAN & SMITH, 228 W. Second.

FOR SALE—ELEGANT CORNER ON FIGueroa, 100x155 to 20-foot alley; one of the choicest places in the city for a fine residence. H. HUNTER, Times office.

FOR SALE—NICE BUILDING LOT ON ADams st., ½ block of the electric cars; street graded and curbed; price only $300. GRIDER & DOW, 109½ S. Broadway. 28

$2000—FOR SALE — ALVARADO ST., A choice corner, 98x187; nothing like it in the city for speculation or a home site. BRADSHAW BROS., 139 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—INVESTIGATE THIS; THREE hods of coal will heat a 15-room house in cold weather with my hot-air system. F. E. BROWNE, 314 S. Spring.

FOR SALE—$350; GOOD LOT IN ARMSTON tract, 1 block from Adams st.; must be sold at once. THE SILENT & BETTS CO., cor. Second st. and Broadway. 28

FOR SALE—A RARE CHANCE; E. THIRD st., 3 lots, with street improvements, all for $2500 for 10 days; worth double. R, box 73, TIMES OFFICE.

$1300—FOR SALE—NEAR FIGUEROA ON 16th st., fine corner lot, 60 feet front; genuine bargain. BRADSHAW BROS., 139 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE— City Lots and Land.

$450—FOR SALE— CORNER UNION AND 12th st.; cement walks; fine lot; very cheap. BRADSHAW BROS., 139 S. Broadway. 27

FOR SALE — FINE LOTS NEAR WESTlake Park, $350 to $850 each. EDWIN SMITH, 115 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE— Country Property.

FOR SALE—

20 acres fine land; 5 extra alfalfa; 4½ Washington naval oranges, bearing; 3 acres softshell walnuts, bearing; 3 acres to peaches, apricots and Kelsey plums; 9½ to corn and tomatoes; 3-room house, good barn, crib, stable, 2 fine wells, 2 water rights, 2 good horses, new wagon and harness, 2 hay frames, family hack, buggy and harness, new mowing machine and rake, 2 plows, 1 harrow, 1 cultivator, 10 fine hogs, 150 chickens, 7 young well-bred milch cows, all together; big bargain; going East; $4500.

20 acres good land, 7-room house, hard-finished and papered, barn, 2 wells, chicken-houses, 9 hogs, buggy and harness, 300 chickens; 9 acres to alfalfa; variety fruits for family use; $3500.

6 acres, ½ mile north of Downey; excellent 6-room house, good barn, crib, stable, chicken-house, fine well; 4 acres to 4-year-old walnuts, 1 acre alfalfa, 50 bearing orange trees, variety fruits for family use; $2500; easy terms.

This is the finest place in the State for a cannery.

See our green alfalfa fields, 1 to 2 tons per acre each cutting; can cut 5 to 9 times a year; our corn will turn out 75 to 100 bushels per acre.

Warehouse and mill property; 2 lots, 72½x150 feet each; warehouse, 50x150; shed, 50x150; 20-horse-power boiler, 16-horse-power engine, 1 French stone burr mill, 1 barley roller; all comparatively new; railway track alongside of building; mill on corner of 2 streets; $2500; worth twice the money.

We have more water for irrigating than any place in California. Call on me in person.
B. M. BLYTHE,
Downey, Cal.

$175—FOR SALE—20 ACRES ALL SET TO softshell walnuts, three years old, and planted between with peaches and French prunes; all the trees will bear next year; price only $175 per acre; on easy terms; this is a very choice piece of land, and only about 10 miles from the city and good water right. NOLAN & SMITH, 228 W. Second.

$1700—FOR SALE—25 ACRES ABOUT 10 miles from the city, all planted to peaches, apricots and prunes, and looking fines; this is a very choice piece of land, and best bargain in the county for $1700. NOLAN & SMITH, 228 W. Second.

$800—FOR SALE—5 ACRES AT ALTADEna on Lake avenue; price only $800, with electric roads under construction and other improvements sure to follow; this will soon be worth $5000. NOLAN & SMITH, 228 W. Second st.

$60—FOR SALE—320 ACRES VERY FINE alfalfa or fruit land with first-class water right; 170 acres now in alfalfa; price for a few days, $60 per acre. NOLAN & SMITH, 228 W. Second st.

FOR SALE—$250,000; ORANGE ORCHARDS, walnut orchards, dairy or farm ranches, fine city residences, hotels, lodging-houses, grocery stores, hardware business, fruit stands, cigar stands, meat markets, saloons, bakeries, restaurants, and all kinds of mercantile business; prices from $100 to $250,000; we neither advertise nor try to sell anything that will not stand the strictest investigation. NOLAN & SMITH, 228 W. Second.

FOR SALE— $200 BUYS A RELINQUISHment on 160 acres of A1 deciduous fruit land; 10 acres cleared and fenced; red decomposed granite soil; no irrigation necessary; good pure, soft surface water at 55 feet; 3 miles from town and railroad, this county; this can be taken either as a homestead or desert land, at a cost of $1.25 per acre; this is cheap at $25 to $40 per acre. 125 W. THIRD ST.

$4500—FOR SALE — 4 ACRES OF CHOICE land, with good water right; all set to the very best variety of fruit in full bearing, with good house and outbuildings; on electric car line in south part of city; mortgage only reason for sacrificing. NOLAN & SMITH, 228 W. Second.

FOR SALE— 10 ACRES IN 6-YEAR-OLD softshell walnuts near Anaheim, only $1000 cash; a rare bargain; look at it and you will buy. HAGAN, PEREZ & DE LUNA, 123 W. Third st.

FOR SALE—INCOME PROPERTY; 20 ACRES set to softshell walnuts, peaches, prunes and figs; close to railroad depot and schoolhouse. Address OWNER, W.C.T.U. building, room 2. 27

FOR SALE—FINE FRUIT LAND, 4 MILES from Ontario, $45 per acre; easy terms. EDWIN SMITH, 115 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE— 43 ACRES AND FINE ARtesian well, 5 miles south of city, $95 per acre. H. HUNTER, Times office.

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FOR SALE—A NEW 4-ROOM, HARD-FINished house, with mantel and grate, on lot 40x130, for $1300—300 cash, balance $15 per month, 7 per cent.; chickens and eggs will pay the installments. HAGAN, PEREZ & DE LUNA, 123 W. Third st. 31

FOR SALE — A NEW 8-ROOM MODERN house, Adams st., only $5750; everything strictly first-class; good stable; decided bargain; will accept reasonable cash payment and balance installments. R. W. POINDEXTER, 305 W. Second.

FOR SALE—10-ROOM HOUSE, N.W. CORner of Third and Olive; just think, only $9000—one-third cash, balance in 4 years, interest 6 per cent. net; the lot is worth the money. MILLER & HERRIOTT, 114 N. Spring st. 23

FOR SALE—NICE 4-ROOM HARD-FINISHed cottage, southwest, on elegant lot, 50x150, near two car lines; price $1000; $150 cash, $100 in three months; balance on or before three years. Address U, box 83, TIMES OFFICE. 26

FOR SALE— $2350; A HANDSOME 6-ROOM cottage, colonial; hall, bath, mantel, stone walks, etc., southwest, near University electric line; $300 cash, balance monthly; first-class neighborhood. TAYLOR, 102 Broadway. 29

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$2350—FOR SALE—INSTALLMENT PLAN, that beautiful 6-room cottage, just completed on Park Grove ave.; all modern improvements; cheap. JOHNSON & KEENEY CO., 104 S. Broadway. 28

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FOR SALE—CARLOAD WORK AND DRIVing horses; will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, 117 WINSTON ST., back postoffice. J. B. COOK, auctioneer. 28

FOR SALE— AN UPRIGHT PIANO, WALnut case, fine tone, used 3 months; price $265; cost $425; owner must sell. 339 S. BUNKER HILL AVE.

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FOR EXCHANGE — FIRST-CLASS PROPerty for good home, value about $10,000; want 10 to 15 acres, bearing, and good house, in healthy foothill location, Azusa or Monrovia preferred. H. HUNTER, Times office.

FOR EXCHANGE—I HAVE A THOROUGHly improved 20-acre ranch in San Gabriel Valley to exchange for city property; good 7-room house, barns, etc.; no incumbrance. GAIL B. JOHNSON, 404 S. Broadway. 27

FOR EXCHANGE — WITH MY SYSTEM, 3 hods of coal will warm a 10-room house in coldest weather; investigate it; send for catalogue to F. E. BROWNE, 314 S. Spring.

FOR EXCHANGE—184 ACRES IMPROVED valley land in Willamette Valley, Polk county, Or., for Southern California land. Address J. W. SQUIRES, Pasadena. 28

FOR EXCHANGE—FOR LOT HERE OR IN San Francisco, 5 acres of level land, town of Long Beach; will give big trade. Apply to BEN WHITE, 221 W. First st. 27

FOR EXCHANGE — 15 ACRES AT ANAheim, first-class beet land; ten acres set to walnuts, for city property. OWNER, 1634 S. Main st.

FOR EXCHANGE—5 ACRES AT LANKERshim in full bearing fruit for house or lot, city. Inquire 125 S. LOS ANGELES ST.

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FOR EXCHANGE — FINE STOCK MERchandise, suitable for fall and winter trade; will invoice about $20,000; will exchange whole or part for city or country property or interest-bearing securities. Address U, box 85, TIMES OFFICE. 27

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Read my ads in Evening Express and Daily Herald; properties of every description for sale and exchange. Apply to
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Founded December 4, 1881.

The Los Angeles Times

MEMBER OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

VOLUME XXVI. THIRTEENTH YEAR.

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THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.

THE UNEMPLOYED AND GOOD ROADS.

The depression which prevails at present throughout the country, and which is especially hard on the poor, whom we now have with us, has set a good many public-spirited and humane Americans to thinking about the best method of relieving some of this distress. There are two ways of relieving the poor and destitute. One is to give outright, in the shape of charity. This is the wrong way. The other is to furnish employment, and thus to enable those who are willing to work to help themselves. This is the right way, and that fact is now generally admitted, so that the question resolves itself into one as to how we can best furnish employment for those who need it during times of unusual depression. A dispatch from Cincinnati announces that a number of prominent persons there propose to raise $50,000 by subscription. Having this, they will secure several of the big hills about the city whose owners are unable to or are in no hurry to grade down. The macadam sand and gravel will be for sale, the receipts from this source being added to the original amount. The Mayor and Board of Public Affairs regard the plan as perfectly feasible.

A movement is also on foot in Ohio to have a special session of the Legislature pass a bill authorizing cities to issue bonds for public improvements, so that the unemployed may have work. For a year past, or ever since the present business trouble commenced, The Times has been urging that the proper way to assist the unemployed was to undertake every kind of public and private improvement that would soon have to be done in any case. If some such course as this had been followed throughout the United States, it is probable that we should have avoided many of the recent labor troubles that have afflicted us. Instead of this, men of means who were contemplating improvements have kept their money locked up in the banks, waiting to see what would turn up, and of course as long as no capital was invested in enterprises, nothing did turn up, except misery and stagnation. The way to reform is to reform. The way to make better times is to pitch in and expend money, thus setting the wheels of commerce revolving again. If cities, and counties, and States would start the ball rolling in this direction, there is no doubt that a great many capitalists would follow with the improvements of a private character.

Among the enterprises of this nature which have been suggested for this section is a thorough and systematic improvement of the roads of Los Angeles county, a work which is much needed and which would undoubtedly repay the county for the amount expended within a very few years. The Chamber of Commerce took the matter up, and has done what it could to bring the question to a focus, but to the surprise of most people a considerable amount of opposition has been encountered among people who do not appear to be able to give any particular reason for such opposition, except that they are "foreinst" the spending of money by the county for public improvements at present. Others seem to have an idea that this is a scheme for Los Angeles city to enrich itself at the expense of the county, although how such an idea could have originated is a mystery to the average citizen, for the country sections would certainly be much the greater gainers by this improvement than the city.

It is true that Los Angeles is one of the most favored cities in the United States in regard to the small amount of real distress which prevails here. The building and other improvements which are going on employ a large number of people, so that we do not feel the depression to anything like the same extent that it is felt in other cities. At the same time, there are quite a number of worthy men in this section who are not working and are willing to work at a very moderate remuneration. Also it is admitted by a great majority of our citizens that the improvement of our country roads is a very necessary and desirable undertaking. It has been estimated that the amount which is now expended in keeping our miserable dirt roads in half-way passable condition would be sufficient to pay the interest and principal on bonds that would be issued for this purpose. Before this question is allowed to die out, another and stronger effort should be made to put the enterprise through. In the case of a city with less brilliant prospects than Los Angeles there might be some excuse for hesitation on part of the taxpayers, but surely there is none here. Everything points to the fact that we are on the verge of something that will much resemble a boom. There will be thousands of new-comers from the East during the winter. Let us go to work and show these people that we have confidence in ourselves, and in the future of the city. Los Angeles county cannot afford to take a back seat when it comes to the question of public improvements, especially when those improvements are both necessary and desirable, and will pay for themselves.

THE "GOLDEN HOOF."

It begins to look as if the business of sheep-raising and wool-growing is doomed in Southern California. The men engaged in that pursuit have been subjected to many annoyances within the last few years, not merely by private individuals, but also by county assessors, who have thought proper to levy tax, be it justly or unfairly, whenever sheep-raisers and their flocks have passed the imaginary line which divides one political subdivision in the State from another. Men who have paid taxes on sheep in one county, object to paying them again, when by the force of circumstances, principally superinduced by lack of feed, they are driven to the necessity of taking their flocks into neighboring counties. When they do this it is naturally to keep their animals alive and to avert financial wreck. They not only resent the action of assessors in such case, because it is unjust, but because of the impossibility of raising the money necessary for double taxation. Even when the flock-master is successful in the courts, lawyers' fees and other costs will seriously curtail his profits when he comes to sell his mutton and his wool. When to such unexpected outlays are added the excessive charges made by land-owners for the rental of sheep pastures which cannot supply feed all the year round, the problem of raising meat and wool for a living becomes more and more difficult. Furthermore, the available pastures of Southern California being devoid of nutriment for the sheep during several months in the year, flock-owners find it imperative to purchase the right to let their sheep run over barley and wheat fields after the crops have been gathered, in order that they may obtain sustenance from the stubble that remains on the ground. This is another heavy outlay, and ranch-owners are never slow in exacting the highest rates, per capita, obtainable. In the end, the sheep-raiser finds that he is engaged in a losing business, which he must quit or go to the wall.

True, he has the remedy of seeking pastures new, and that is just what he is doing now. Trustworthy reports from the San Joaquin region, below Santa Ana, and other points in Southern California, are to the effect that sheep-men will be on the wrong side of the ledger this season, as they have been before within two or three years, and that nothing but new fields in other sections of the union will save them. A vigorous effort has been inaugurated by a Los Angeles syndicate to find virgin lands for its flocks. A prominent sheep-raiser left yesterday for Texas to investigate some 70,000 acres in the vicinity of San Angelo, which are considered as suitable and available for sheep-raising. Other men are studying the advisability of inquiring into the fitness of Southern Arizona, from the Patagonia Mountains to the San Luis Range, for similar purposes. Thus an industry which before the era of orange groves, vineyards, orchards and beet culture was honored in the land, is now likely to completely disappear from the counties where it prospered so long, and the truth of the proud old Spanish proverb, "Wherever the foot of the sheep touches, the land turns to gold," is about to be finally disproved.

THE SUFFERING AT PULLMAN.

The press dispatches have reported a deplorable condition of things at Pullman, Ill., the starting-point of the recent monstrous and disastrous labor strike. A startling number of persons—reported as high as 1600—are said to be in want. The Governor of the State made an ineffectual, because more or less demagogical, effort to intervene in behalf of the needy. Altgeld tried hard to "hold up" Mr. Pullman, attempting to fix the responsibility for the suffering at the town upon him. Pullman, defending himself, asserted that the men who were in want had for two months and a half refused employment proffered by his company. The truth of this assertion is not disputed. The folly of the men, acting under the advice of "labor leaders" and scoundrels of the Debs, Howard, Heathcote order is bearing its inevitable, its terrible fruit. In this dilemma the charitable public must be appealed to, and, as the Chicago Inter Ocean says, the appeal is not likely to fall on deaf or unsympathetic ears. If there be starvation so near to the heart of the city it will be relieved, and that without question of the wisdom or folly of the policy that has led hundreds to so lamentable a condition as that which, according to Mr. Heathcote, now exists at Pullman."

That journal continues:

"But the unfortunate victims of the strike again are presented as dupes of very ignorant or very heartless agitators. The charitable, from the first, have been willing to feed the hungry, but efforts were stayed by utterances from the leaders of the strike. The people were told that the funds of the American Railway Union and of other labor organizations were at the disposal of the strikers, and that they were ample for the maintenance of the strikers for months—nay, it was even said during years—of resistance. The people were told that the strikers would win because all labor organizations were supporting them, and naturally the people at large lost interest in the matter. But now that the leaders of the strike have pushed the strikers to an extremity, they admit their inability to help them. The guilt or ignorance of the "leaders of labor," who made such false representations to men and women as to lead them into a prolonged and useless strike, is simply appalling. Mr. Heathcote, Mr. Debs, Mr. Howard, all the men whose false promises and false representations of the amount of aid to be expected by the Pullman strikers have induced such vast misery as now is said to pervade Pullman, should hasten into the uttermost obscurity.

"Nor are the appeals for aid well made. Neither the Governor nor the Mayor has power to appropriate a penny from the public funds in aid of the poor, at Pullman or at any other place. It would be an evil precedent were public funds to be appropriated for the relief of men whose destitution is the result of refusal to work when work, though it may be at insufficient wages, was available. Public charities are to be administered only in aid of those who cannot work, either by reason of bodily infirmity or because of inability to procure work.

"The appeal should be made to the charity of the people. It will not be withheld if need for its bestowal be evident. It will be given freely and in a spirit of brotherhood to those who are hungry and insufficiently clad; will be given the more freely because the sufferers expressed yesterday their willingness to work. They are in sore need, and they should be helped at once.

. . . Pending the investigation it will be wise for all who can find work to accept it. For those who cannot find work the charity of the public must be rupplicated.

"The last sad lesson from Pullman is of the duplicity of the wretched demagogues who have led hundreds of wage-earners into a wilderness of idleness and hunger by false promises of abundant support."

This is a just and proper presentation of the case. While relieving the suffering that confronts the wretched dupes of Debs or their innocent families, abandoned to their fate by the criminal labor leaders and boycotters, people of humane and charitable instincts, as well as of just judgments, will not abandon their abhorrence of or withhold their denunciations from the guilty or the foolish men who have themselves brought about the pitiable state of things at Pullman, the relief of which is the pressing need of the hour.

CHINA AND THE CHINESE.

A curious feature of the Chinese question has been developed in the San Joaquin Valley, where Chinese who have bought fruit crops in the neighborhood of Visalia are largely employing white labor. It is cited that in one case, that of the Visalia Fruit and Land Company's orchard north of Visalia, 106 persons are at work gathering and handling fruit, and that of these 78 are whites, most of them being girls and women. The other 28 are Chinese, who bought the crop, and are now giving employment to the white people. The women all work in the sheds and earn 75 cents to $1.50 per day.

If the Chinese can afford to hire white men and women and pay them fair wages, there must be something more about them than the remarkable ability to work for less than a white man can afford to accept, which is the argument that is always used by anti-Chinese agitators. The Chinese are indeed a wonderful people, and although they have resided among us here for nearly a third of a century, we really know very little about them. The interior of the country is only just now being opened up, and most of it is still a *terra incognita*. It is probable that the present war with Japan will result in a great awakening throughout China, and that country will ultimately assume her place among the great powers of the world.

The letters of The Times correspondent, Frank G. Carpenter, throw a wonderful amount of light upon China and Chinese progress.

What the future of China will be it is impossible to foretell. History does not tell of a similar case where 400,000,000 of people, who have been highly civilized for thousands of years, have kept themselves, hermit-like, apart from the rest of the world, content with themselves and regarding all outsiders as barbarians. When China begins in earnest to take her place among the nations, it will cause something in the nature of a world-wide revolution, both political and social. The United States is interested in this proposition as much as any other nation, and we of California, who are opposite neighbors of the Celestials, although at long range, are perhaps more particularly interested than any other outsiders except Russia. In the light of this fact, our new treaty with China becomes a matter of the first commercial consequence to the people of the United States, and of the Pacific Coast especially.

The London Times has a dispatch from China, saying that an imperial edict has been issued in connection with the outrages perpetrated on the missionaries and the murder of Rev. James Wylie, a Presbyterian missionary who was recently killed at Liao-Yang by Chinese soldiers. The edict condemns the Chinese officers responsible for the conduct of the troops, and orders that the actual murderers be beheaded. It is further ordered that the chapels destroyed be rebuilt at the expense of the people in the localities where the outrages were committed, and that compensation be paid the relatives of Wylie. The Supreme Council and Viceroy Li Hung Chang have expressed deep regret to the British Minister on account of the outrage.

FIELD OF POLITICS.

Preparing for the Republican Caucuses—The Democracy.

The Republican caucuses tomorrow promise to be decidedly interesting. The candidates realize that there is where the battle is really won, and they have been working like beavers getting their fences in shape. After the caucuses, the primaries will be fought out, and then the final contest before the convention.

THE DEMOCRACY.

The local Democracy have not yet realized just "where they are at" on the Budd proposition, but they are finding out. Mr. Jeter, the candidate for Lieutenant-Governor, is ex-Mayor of Santa Cruz, and was in office when the convention which nominated Lindley for Congress was held in that city. As Mr. Jeter lives in the Sixth Congress District, he is probably credited to Southern California—at least that is the supposition.

MONROVIA REPUBLICANS.

MONROVIA, Aug. 25.—(Special Correspondence.) The Monrovia Republican Club was favored by the presence of three speakers Friday evening—Lou Fairchild of Los Angeles, L. G. Brown of Pasadena and W. W. Woodward of Lordsburg. Mr. Woodward first addressed the club, stating that he had been a Republican ever since the organization of the party, and had voted for every ticket, and that he firmly believed that the present distress of our country can only be relieved by Republican control of the government.

Mr. Brown was then introduced, and briefly sketched the prosperous state of all our manufactures prior to 1884, when, by a fraudulent vote in New York, the Democrats gave us Grover Cleveland for President. Mr. Brown discussed the tariff at some length, and said that the Democratic party resembled a graveyard, with the names of our various industries inscribed on the tombstones.

Lee Fairchild was presented as a wit, and he well sustained the reputation. Mr. Fairchild seemed to delight in holding the Populist party and measures up to ridicule, and in the midst of his humor he made some telling points. His address was punctuated by repeated laughter and applause.

PASADENA CANDIDATES FOR THE JUDGESHIP.

PASADENA, Aug. 25.—(To the Editor of The Times:) The present political fight in Pasadena between the two aspirants for the Superior Judgeship, and their respective friends, is enough to disgust all decent Republicans. Each clan is assuming to embrace and represent the high moral elements of the party, while they charge the other fellows with being corrupt, resorting to tricks and doing all sorts of hard things.

One faction, headed by its leader, a candidate for the honorable office that ought to be entirely aloof from partisan politics, has held its secret caucuses, and has designated and published its list of candidates for delegates to the county convention, but no name has been put on this list who is not known to be in favor of that particular candidate in preference to all others. The other faction, headed by its leader, a candidate for the same high position, has been holding its caucuses, and has fixed up its list of delegates, and no name is on that list who has not been interviewed and given satisfactory assurances that he will work for the nomination of that particular candidate. This faction, a little more subtle than the other, will soon hold a so-called public caucus, in which they know the supporters of the other candidate will go through the farce of nominating the ticket for delegates which they have already cut and dried. The supreme qualifications required of the persons whose names are placed on either of these lists, is an affirmative answer to the question, "Will you support our candidate for Judge?" A negative or a doubtful answer on this point, regardless of the other qualifications of the person to represent the party in the convention, is a sufficient reason for his rejection.

And the two candidates in Pasadena for Superior Judge are lending their countenance, and, in fact, leading this factional and purely personal warfare. Whatever the qualifications of either of these candidates for the Superior Judgeship, the methods that they are using or allowing to be used to promote their candidacy, are unworthy of one who aspires to that honorable position. Will the time never come when the office, and especially the office of Judge, will seek the man, and not the man force himself into the office? There are a few Republicans yet in Pasadena who are not "in the ring," nor is the "ring in their noses." ONE OF THEM.

STARVATION AND WANT.

Sad Condition of Affairs in Iowa and Nebraska.

A prominent resident of Santa Ana, Orange county, has just received a letter from a friend in Council Bluffs, Iowa, in which the existing condition of affairs in that locality is shown up in anything but a creditable manner. From the letter the following extracts are taken:

"The dust has been from four to six inches deep on our roads through Iowa and Nebraska for the past sixty days. For thirty-three days we have not had any rain, and for the first time ever known, we will have almost a complete crop failure. Oats was about one-half a crop, and very short, making it hard to harvest, and selling for 40 cents per bushel. In sections of Iowa farmers are cutting off their corn, as it has been so dry, and very hot winds, that the corn dried, and hundreds of acres will not yield two bushels to the acre. This product is now selling at 60 cents per bushel, with fair prospects of going to $1.

"Hay is a complete failure in Central and Western Iowa and Eastern Nebraska, selling at $12.50 per ton. Many of the farmers are killing their hogs and burying them, as they have nothing to feed them. Cattle are being shipped to market so poor they can scarcely stand up in the car. Think of the poor, tough beefsteak we shall have to digest this winter.

"Horses cannot be given away. I hear of farmers having from fifty to two hundred head of horses, which they are trying to give to their friends, but find very few takers.

"The people of Iowa and Nebraska have spent thousands of dollars with rain-makers, but no rain. For the past sixty days the thermometer has registered 105 deg. in the shade."

AT THE CHURCHES.

Dr. Campbell Indorsed by His Congregation.

Resolutions Adopted After the Services Yesterday Regarding His Suit.

Interesting Exercises at Simpson Tabernacle—Address by Staff Capt. Cox of the Salvation Army.

At the First Methodist Episcopal Church yesterday morning there was a large congregation, as it was understood that action would be taken by the congregation in the matter of the suit brought by the public librarian against the pastor, Rev. J. W. Campbell, for slander. At the conclusion of the services the following resolutions were adopted by a unanimous vote:

"Whereas, a complaint has been filed in the Superior Court of Los Angeles county by Miss Tessa L. Kelso, against our beloved pastor, Rev. J. W. Campbell, charging him with slanderous utterances, made at the regular Sunday services, held in in our church on August 19, 1894, against and in respect to Miss Kelso, as the librarian of the Los Angeles City Public Library; and, whereas, it is further charged in said complaint that it is the rule and practice of our church to hold that whenever a person is prayed for the congregation understand it to be a charge made by such person praying, against the moral character of the person prayed for, and that on said occasion our pastor did use the words in his prayer: 'O Lord, vouchsafe Thy saving grace to the librarian of the Los Angeles City Library," and that the meaning and purpose of said words were to impugn the moral character of Miss Kelso, and that the same was so understood by said congregation; now, therefore, be it

"Resolved, that this congregation explicitly denies that there is any such rule or practice of our church as the one above alluded to, nor is any such inference designed or expected to follow from the mention of an individual name in any of the prayers of our church, and we further deny that any such inference was or could have been drawn by the congregation from any words or expressions made by our pastor on the occasion referred to, either in his prayer or public discourse, or at any other time or place.

"Resolved, that it was and is the general sense of the congregation present on the said occasion that our pastor, in all that he in any way said in relation to the Public Library, was that the greatest care should be exercised against the introduction of immoral publications into the library, and because it would necessarily endanger the moral purity and welfare of young and old, and exert such a corrupting influence upon the public, it was the duty of the church and our pastor, as its representative, to make plain and earnest protest against at least the negligence that had allowed such a book to be placed on the shelves.

"Resolved, that we approve of the purpose and utterance of our pastor on the occasion referred to, and, while we deprecate the course pursued by Miss Kelso in thus arraigning our pastor upon a groundless charge, yet, inspired by our sense of duty and care for our church and our pastor, and, recognizing that in all his ministrations as servant of the Most High, and especially during the years he has been the pastor of our church, he has ever maintained, in every relation of life, both public and private, a character above reproach; that he has ever been just, faithful, deep and broad in his sympathies, firm in his principles, public spirited, having a lofty idea of Christian life in layman and minister, he has ever been loyal to the principles of our church, which is love to all and malice toward none. And, as on this occasion he did not, so on no other during all his connection with this church has he ever uttered a slanderous syllable, because we do not believe him capable of slanderous thoughts against any individual.

"Resolved, that we tender to our beloved pastor our united sympathy and support in this unwarranted attack upon him; that we will stay his heart with our prayers, and his hands with all the material aid that may be required for the most thorough and complete defense against this charge, and all therein or thereby involved."

SEVENTH DAY ADVENTISTS.

A large and interested congregation gathered at the Seventh-day Adventist tent on the corner of Fourth and Hill streets Saturday night to listen to Elder Knox on the subject of "Sabbath Reform." The speaker said in substance: The work of Sabbath reform to be accomplished in the last days is foretold in the prophecy of Isaiah: "Thus saith the Lord, keep ye judgment and do justice, for My salvation is near to come and My righteousness to be revealed. Blessed is the man that doeth this and the son of man that layeth hold on it; that keepeth the Sabbath from polluting it and keepeth his hand from doing any evil." "The sons of the stranger—every one that keepeth the Sabbath from polluting it—even them will I bring to My holy mountain and make them joyful in My house of prayer," Isaiah lvi:1,2,6,7.

These words apply to the Christian age, as is shown by the context: "The Lord God which gathered the outcasts of Israel saith, 'Yet will I gather others to Him, besides those that are gathered unto Him," Isaiah lvi,8. Here is foreshadowed the gathering in of the Gentiles by the gospel, and upon those who then honor the Sabbath a blessing is pronounced. Thus the obligation of the fourth commandment extends past the crucifixion, resurrection and ascension of Christ, to the time when His servants should preach the glad tidings to all nations.

The Lord commands by the same prophet: "Bind up the testimony, seal the law among My disciples," Isaiah viii, 16. The seal of God's law is found in the fourth commandment. This only, of all the ten, brings to view both the name and the title of the lawgiver. It declares Him to be the Creator of the heavens and the earth, and thus shows His claim to reverence and worship above all others. When the Sabbath was changed by the papal power, from the seventh day to Sunday, the first day of the week, then the seal was taken from the law. The disciples of Jesus are called upon to restore it by exalting the Sabbath of the fourth commandment, which is the seventh day, to its rightful position as the Creator's memorial and the sign of his authority.

The Seventh-day Adventists will hold services in the tent every evening this week.

Y.W.C.A. GOSPEL MEETING.

The Gospel meeting of the Y.W.C.A. at the association rooms, No. 107 North Spring street, yesterday afternoon, was opened by singing "The Child of the King." Miss Anna B. Douglas presided at the piano. Miss Morse read from Psalms lxii, 1-8 and lxiii, 1-4. Prayer was offered by Miss C. M. Halberson.

The secretary of the association, Miss Morse, led the meeting, and took for her subject, "Listening for the King's Voice." The scripture reading was from II Samuel fourteenth chapter. In the eighteenth verse occurs the passage, "Let my Lord the King now speak." Miss Morse said, are we not apt to think more of speaking to the King than of the King speaking to us? We pour out our hearts at all times and tell Him all the sins, all the needs and joys and sorrows until the very telling brings a sense of relief. This is very comforting, but with this only half communion do we not miss a great deal of unknown blessing by not waiting for Him to speak to us in His turn? Do we not not go so hastily out from an audience with Him? How can we expect to have His gracious response unless we wait and listen for it? If Mary had talked all the time to the Lord Jesus when she sat at His feet she would not have "heard His Word." Miss Morse concluded with the admonition that "we pray not less but listen more. Having said our cause unto the King then patiently wait and find that He has many things to say unto us."

Miss Morse will leave today for Long Beach where she will spend the week.

SIMPSON TABERNACLE.

At Simpson tabernacle last evening Staff Captain Cox of the Salvation Army delivered an address on "114 Deg. Before Sunrise," relating her adventures while working in India. In spite of the heat the edifice was crowded to the doors, even the galleries being filled to their utmost capacity. The meeting was opened by the singing of a few of the army choruses, and a prayer by Capt. Cox. Capt. Emma Harmon of San Francisco then sang a solo, after which Capt. Cox addressed the audience.

"The Salvation Army policy," said the speaker, "is, as I have told you here before, to become all things to all men. When we go to France we become Frenchmen, in Germany we are German, and in India we adopt the ways and dress of the natives, living, as they do, in mud huts, walking with bare or blistered feet, over the burning sands and begging our food from door to door. In this way we reach them. They believe in a religion which embodies the idea of sacrifice. I have preached the gospel to the wild mountain tribes on the top of the Himalaya Mountains, without a white face for hundreds of miles around. They are only too glad to listen and when I have ended invariably ask, "Oh, Miss Sahib, why, if your people know all this have they not told us of this Christ before?" Ah, Why! People say there is no religion in the world; that there are no longer any heroes. Who are the men and women who have suffered all things on the burning plains of India, who have sacrificed home and friends, who have died alone of the dreadful plague in a strange country, and what have they done it for, if not for Christ's sake? If you cannot suffer for Him, die for Him, as they have done; can you not do your part to spread His blessed word? Oh, can you listen to the hungry ones who cry, 'Come over to us and help us,' and not make some effort to save a dying world? Think of the hundreds who die daily in their darkness, and remember that in the day of judgment it is the sins of omission, not of commission, that will be reckoned up against you. Oh, do not sit in idleness, for the fields are white unto harvest, and it is for the glory of His blessed name."

After Capt. Cox's address a collection was taken and Capt. Harmon gave two solos in Hindoostanee. Capt. Cox was dressed in the Hindoo costume, as were also Capt. Harmon, Staff Capt. McIntyre and several of the army.

Capt. Cox will speak this evening at Trinity Methodist church on South Broadway, subject, "Carrion Birds at Bay." On Tuesday evening in the First Baptist church on South Broadway, subject, "A Lonely Night in a Prophet's Home."

PACIFIC GOSPEL UNION.

The converts are making the gospel meetings very interesting at the tent. Some twenty-eight sought Christ the past few days. The audiences are large. C. S. Mason will conduct the meetings this week, assisted by the young people from the various churches. Clothing and food are needed. Leave at the tent.

THE BOYCOTT.

Banish the Hateful Word from the Vocabulary.

(Rev. John Snyder, in St. Louis Globe-Democrat:) I wish the hateful word "boycott" could be banished from the vocabulary of this country. It stands for something that is utterly un-American, undemocratic and irrational. It would have been fitted for Venice during the terror reign of the Council of Ten—or France in the days of the bastile. It is not fitted for a land where every man is supposed to have the benefits of the equal administration of just and impartial law. It has no place in a land of ballots. Because, in its last analysis, the boycott is simply a process by which a man who has made himself obnoxious to any individual or body of individuals may be indicted, tried, sentenced and punished for real or fancied crimes, without having the opportunity of appearing in person, or by representative, in his own defense. A mere glance at the history of criminal jurisprudence will show how long and bitter has been the struggle in the past against such a detestable form of tyranny. For long centuries men have stoutly fought to secure the precious rights which it is the object of the boycott to trample upon and destroy. I heard of a case recently, which occurred in Grand Rapids. A poor widowed woman kept a boarding-house, and a number of men, who were under the deadly ban of the boycott for being "scabs," were boarding at her house. The "Council of Ten," or whatever the committee was called, demanded that they should be driven into the street. The woman courageously refused to comply, and a "boycott" was proclaimed. Grocer, butcher, milkman, etc., etc., were forbidden to sell her the necessaries of life. At last she found one grocer who was brave enough to sell her what she needed, and then, the sneaking scoundrels, who had tried to starve her, smashed the windows and doors of her house. Finally, an indignation meeting of citizens forced a reluctant Mayor to interfere in her behalf. In very truth, the boycott resembles in ferocity of its purpose the ancient ecclesiastical excommunication. The excommunicated person was cut off from all his kind. No man was to give him food, drink, clothes or shelter. He was an outcast, alien from the common sympathy of the race. Rigorously carried out such a condemnation meant cruel death. So it is with the boycott. If human sympathy and justice did not interfere, it would mean for its victim death by starvation or cold. That the kindness of human nature does interfere in behalf of these victims, does not lessen the hideous crime of attempting to sever men from those vital relations to their kind upon which depends the welfare and happiness of human life. Drive out the boycott!

IN LOVELINESS.

Earth hath no bitterness—
No depth of sore distress—
Like utter loneliness.

A sorrow vast and vain;
A dull and weary brain;
A never-ceasing pain.

A picturesque despair,
With glimpses here and there
Of scenes divinely fair.

Friendship hath sordid stains
Unworthy gifts and gains,
And broken golden chains.

Love hath its tears and cares,
Its bitter-sweet despairs,
Its agonies and prayers.

I count not these as loss:
No gold without the dross;
No crown without the cross.

Some recompense there lies
In friendship's sundered ties
And love's tear-clouded eyes

For souls are purified
When vexed and sorely tried
By fire and wind and tide!

But he hath no redress
Whose feet forever press
The paths of loneliness.

He wasteth aimless days
In dim and divers ways
Where sunlight never strays!

Or treads a darkened shore,
And hears, forevermore,
The wind-vexed waters roar.

What profits him, for aye,
If skies be blue or gray?
He goes his friendless way.—

And finds no bitterness—
No depth of sore distress—
Like utter loneliness.

THEO. M. CARPENTER.

THE NATIONAL GUARD.

HOW SUNDAY WAS OBSERVED IN CAMP.

Religious Services Participated in by Both Regiments—The Forces Reviewed in the Afternoon.

CAMP SANTA MONICA, Aug. 26.—(Special Correspondence.) Today has been an easy one for the militia in spite of the intense heat.

Reveille, roll-call and breakfast were purposely delayed one hour beyond the regular time so that the men had until nearly 7 o'clock to sleep, an "exercise" of which a good many were badly in need, they having attended a dance at the canyon the night before and passed the lines long after the prescribed hour of 10:30.

This morning Chaplain Alfred S. Clark of the Seventh conducted divine services out of doors, and both regiments attended, the fourteen companies being marched without arms, in charge of their first sergeants, and carrying their stools and camp chairs to the place selected for the service. This was well chosen, being on the western boundary of the Seventh's camp, where a row of large eucalyptus trees afforded ample shade.

An improvised platform had been arranged and near at hand sat a choir consisting of a score of men singers taken from the ranks. A mandolin, a guitar and a flute took the place of a pipe organ and afforded a good lead for the singing.

After a short service taken from the prayer-book of the Episcopal church, and the singing of "Rock of Ages" and "Nearer My God to Thee," Capt. Clark announced his text: "He thanked God and took courage."—Acts xxviii, 15.

The discourse that followed was one calculated in every way to appeal to the manhood and intelligence of the men assembled, and was listened to attentively.

The speaker dwelt upon the close relation existing between patriotic bravery and religious courage, and remarked that the great need of the day was a more exalted idea of moral courage and a higher type of manhood. The power of personal influence was discussed in a masterly manner, and history drawn upon to furnish such examples as Caesar, Napoleon, "The Iron Duke," and lastly Oliver Cromwell, who used to sing "Old Hundred" with the very men before whom the grandest armies of Europe became as chaff before a whirlwind.

The captain's talk lasted about twenty minutes, and was full of good things for the men, but without being in the least "churchy," or sectarian.

At the close all united in repeating the Lord's Prayer, and the companies were marched back to quarters and dismissed for dinner.

A large number of visitors from the town, as well as from Los Angeles, were present at the service, and all seemed deeply interested.

This afternoon a regimental review was held, the four battalions which constituted the Seventh and Ninth regiments being united into column and thrown into line as one regiment. Col. Schreiber and Lieut.-Col. Berry, with their respective staffs, reviewed the troops, who made a better appearance than on any previous occasion during the encampment. The Ninth Regiment Band was consolidated with the Drum and Bugle Corps of the Seventh, and the whole augmented by the addition of the military band from the bathhouse. The music was a great feature, and helped to stir the boys up, being in fact largely responsible for the superior quality of the drill put up on this occasion.

Tomorrow hard work on the skirmish line will be resumed, and will continue until the end of the encampment, which will probably be on Wednesday.

Private Card of Co. B, who was injured by the accidental discharge of his own rifle on Saturday, was doing quite well yesterday, and the surgeons have every reason to hope that his leg may be saved. A sentinel has been placed at the hospital to keep out the curious, and the poor lad has every attention paid him, as well as the best of medical care.

Capt. M. L. Shaw of Redlands, formerly of Los Angeles, was in camp today and took dinner with his old Co. F of the Seventh.

"Disorders" have been issued for the reorganization of the "Eleventh Irregulars," as the men term themselves when found in their mock parades, the first of which, at Ventura two years ago, attracted much attention and became famous for several reasons. The "horribles," as some call them, will parade on Tuesday afternoon, when the officers of the First Brigade are expected to relinquish for a time their authority to command, and make music on drum and bugle for the enlisted men to march. Elaborate preparations are being made, and it is like ly that a large crowd will come down from Los Angeles to witness the demonstration.

BITS OF SONG.

The Morning Wind.

How it smells of the world made new—
Leafy dells that are dank with dew;
Teeming soil where the grass stands high;
Flowers that lift to the sun and sky
Cups of crimson and white and blue,
Brimming sweet as the wind went by!

How it murmurs among the trees—
Full of peace as the hum of bees!
How it ripples the wayside pool,
Billows the lance grass thin and cool,
Rocks the swan, at his silver ease
Sailing free, without chart or rule!

How it steals from the sunrise land—
Soft of touch as a mother's hand;
Soothing the fevered brow of pain,
Healing the troubled heart and brain;
Grateful as dew in desert sand,
Cooling as show'rs of summer rain!

Heart of the Father, deep and kind,
Breathing forth in morning wind,
Shall I question Thy love, while still
Kiss'd by the breeze on the sunlight hill
Nay! in the very air I find
Throb of love like a pulse's thrill!
—(James Buckham in Harper's Bazar.

Bird-voices.

The robbin and sparrow a-wing, in silver-throated accord;
The low, soft breath of a flute and the deep short pick of a chord,
A golden chord and a flute, where the throat of the oriole swells
Fieldward, and out of the blue the passing of bobolink bells. —(A. Lampman.

MANY COOKS OF ONE MIND.

New York City. "Cleveland's baking powder is the most reliable I have ever tried." *Mrs. M. M. C.*

Philadelphia. "Only those who use Cleveland's baking powder know its value." *Miss N. S.*

Cleveland, Ohio. "Cleveland's baking powder is a treasure for any woman." *Mrs. E. S.*

Omaha, Neb. "I have used your baking powder for a number of years and am better satisfied with it than with any other." *Mrs. W. W. D.*

Dayton, Ohio. "I use only Cleveland's powder and always have the best of luck." *Mrs. B. H.*

Brooklyn, N. Y. "I find people are having grand success using your powder and cook book combined." *Mrs. E. A. S.*

Hamilton, Canada. "It is about seven years now since Cleveland's baking powder came under my notice, and I have never known it to fail." *Mrs. G. W.*

New York City. "Have used the Cleveland baking powder fully three years and find it better than any other." *Mrs. A. E. L.*

Chelsea, Mass. "Cleveland's baking powder is far superior to any I have previously used, being always sure and reliable." *Mrs. H. M. G.*

FAST WHEEL WORK.

Several Spirited Contests at Athletic Park.

Tom M'Aleer Gives an Exhibition Run of Ten Miles in Good Time.

Great Sport Promised by the Sacramento Running Races — Big Purses and Many Events Programmed.

In spite of the "inclemency of the weather," a well-filled grand stand greeted the bicycle boys at Athletic Park yesterday morning to witness the regular weekly meet of the Wheelmen's Training League. One or two disappointments were experienced in the non-appearance of Jenkins and the bicycle squad of the police force, but the programme as carried out was highly appreciated.

The first race, a half-mile handicap, special, brought out the following starters: W. J. Allen, scratch; Nic Biehl and A. D. Cummings, 50 yards; C. H. Pray, 80 yards. Pray took first place, with Allen a close second; time 1:12.

Fritz Lacy and Emil Ulbricht were on the scratch in the one-mile handicap, with Allen at 50 yards and Hatten and Miller 75 yards. Won by Allen in 2:28½; Miller second.

Wong Ngui, a well-known Chinese wheelman of this city, next made his appearance on the track, clad in regulation bicycle costume, for the purpose of establishing a half-mile Coast record for Chinese riders. He covered the distance in 1:16½, which was a very good performance considering the poor work of his pace-maker.

Thomas McAleer next rode an exhibition ten-miles, with Kitchen, Fox, Lacy and Ulbricht as pace-makers. No attempt was made for a record, it being simply a practice heat for the benefit of the pace-makers, who are to pace him for his twenty-five-mile race with Castleman on the 22d of next month, but was a very creditable exhibition nevertheless. The time, 26:59½, was very good considering the delay of a minute, occasioned by the puncture of his front tire in the last half of the seventh mile, and necessitating a change of wheels.

James Ryan and A. J. Murrietta toed the scratch for a one hundred-yard dash, which resulted in a dead heat in 11½ seconds. Another trial saw Ryan win easily in 11 seconds flat.

This concluding the performance, the athletes retired to the rear of the grand stand where they did ample justice to a wagonload of watermelons.

BASEBALL.

The ball game at Athletic Park yesterday was won by the Keatings by a score of 15 to 5. The game was well played throughout. Von Horn and Lukeman did the battery work for the Keatings and played well. The Athletics tried three pitchers, but without success.

Sacramento Races.

MORE SPORT PROMISED THAN EVER BEFORE.

The running races which will take place at the State fair at Sacramento promise to furnish more sport this year than ever before, says the San Francisco Chronicle, for the reason that there are to be more of them, the purses will be larger, and, judging from the manner in which the stables are filling up in the Capital City, the entries will be all that could be desired, both as to numbers and caliber of the horses. The State Agricultural Society will carry out its customary programme of alternating the trotting and racing days. The first day's racing on September 6th, will comprise trotting and pacing exclusively, and on the 7th the gallopers will reign supreme. The programme of running races has just been announced by Secretary Edwin F. Smith, and is as follows:

Friday, September 7—The Sunny Slope stake: A sweepstake for two-year-old fillies of $25 each; $10 forfeit, with $250 added; second to receive $50 from stakes. Winner of one two-year-old stake race when carrying weight for age five pounds, and of two or more seven pounds extra. Maidens allowed five pounds. Beaten maidens allowed for once five pounds, twice seven pounds, three times and not placed 1, 2, 3, allowed five pounds additional. Five furlongs. Closed August 1st with thirteen entries.

A selling sweepstake: For three-year-olds and upwards, of $25 each; $10 forfeit, with $300 added, of which $50 to second. The winner, if valued at $1500, to carry rule weight, one pound allowed for each $100 less to $1000, then two pounds to $500, then four pounds to $100. Valuations to be placed on starters only, to be named by 6 p. m. the night before. Six furlongs. Closed August 1st, with twenty-four entries.

Handicap for all ages: Guaranteed purse $500, of which $75 to second, $25 to third. Entrance $25, $10 to declare the night before the race. Weights announced September 6th, declarations 5 p. m. same day. One mile and fifty yards.

Handicap, for all ages: Guaranteed purse $500, of which $75 to second, $25 to third; entrance $25, or only $10 if declared; weights announced September 6, declarations due 5 p.m. same day; six furlongs.

Selling, purse $250: For two-year-olds, of which $50 to second and $25 to third; entrance $20, $10 if declared night before race; fixed value, $1500; one pound off for each $100, down to $1000, then two pounds to $500, then three pounds down to $100; five and one-half furlongs.

Monday, September 10—The California annual stake: A sweepstake for two-year-olds of $25 each; $10 forfeit, with $300 added; second to receive $50. Winners of two-year-old stake races, when carrying weight for age, to carry five pounds extra for once and seven pounds for twice or more. Allowances: Maidens, five pounds; beaten maidens, five pounds for once, seven pounds for twice, ten pounds for three or more times. Those beaten three times and not placed, 1, 2, 3, allowed additional five pounds; six furlongs; closed August 1st, with twenty-three entries.

The Capital City stake: A handicap sweepstake for three-year-olds, of $50 each; half forfeit, or $15 if declared; with $400 added, of which $10 to second, third to save stake; weight posted day before race; declarations due by 6 p.m. same day; one and one-sixteenth; closed August 1, with seventeen entries.

Handicap for all ages: Guaranteed purse $500, of which $75 to second, $25 to third; entrance $25, or only $10 if declared; weights announced September 8; declarations due by 5 p.m. same day; one mile.

Selling, purse: For three-year-olds and upward; guaranteed purse, $500, of which $75 to second, $25 to third; entrance $20, or only $10 if declared by 5 p.m. day before the race; fixed value, $2000; one pound off for each $100 to $1000, then two pounds to $500, then three pounds to $100. Horses entered not to be sold to carry five pounds extra; seven and one-half furlongs.

Maiden, purse $250: For maidens of all ages; entrance $20, or $10 if declared by 5 p.m. night before race; second horse to receive $50, third $25. Beaten maidens allowed; if two-year-olds, five pounds; if three-year-olds, ten pounds; if four-year-olds and upward, fifteen pounds; six furlongs.

Wednesday, September 12—The Autumn handicap: For two-year olds. A sweepstake of $30 each; half forfeit, or only $10 if declared, with $250 added, second to receive $75. Weights posted day before race. Declarations by 6 p.m. same day. Six furlongs. Closed August 1 with twenty-four entries.

The Orange stake: A handicap for all ages. Entrance $25, $10 if declared, with $300 added; second to receive $60, third $25. Weights announced September 11, declarations due by 5 p.m. same day. One and one-sixteenth miles.

Selling race: For three-year-olds and upward. Guaranteed purse, $500 of which $75 to second and $25 to third. Entrance $25, or $10 if declared night before by 5 p.m. Fixed value, $1500. One pound off for each $100 down to $1000, then two pounds to $600, then three pounds to $300, then four pounds to $100. Horses entered not to be sold to carry seven pounds over rule weight. Six furlongs.

The Del Mar stake: For three-year-olds and upward, of $25 each, $15 forfeit; with $300 added, $50 to second from stake. This stake to be named after winner if Del Mar's time (1:41½) is beaten, with $200 additional, in money, cup or plate. One mile. Closed August 1 with sixteen entries.

Selling race: For two and three-year-olds. Guaranteed purse $500, of which $75 to second, $25 to third. Entrance $25, or $10 if declared by 5 p.m. night before. Top weight for three-year-olds 122, for two-year-olds 112 (sex allowances.) Fixed value, $1500. Two pounds allowed for each $100 down to $1000, then three pounds to $500, then four pounds to $100. Six furlongs.

Friday, September 14—Selling, purse $300: For three-year-olds and upward. Entrance $25, or $10 if declared; $50 to second, $25 to third. Fixed value $1000. Three pounds allowed for each $100 to $500, then five pounds to $100. Winner of one selling race at this meeting to carry five pounds; of two seven pounds extra. Seven and one-half furlongs.

The Rosemead stake: A handicap for all ages of $25 each, or $10 if declared, with $300 added; $50 to second and $25 to third. Weights announced September 13; declarations due by 5 p.m. same day. Six furlongs.

The Fall stake: A handicap sweepstake for three-year-olds and upward of $50 each; half forfeit, or $15 if declared; with $400 added, of which $100 to second, third to save stake. Weights announced day before race. Declarations due by 6 p.m. same day. One and one-quarter miles. Closed August 1 with nine entries.

Hurdle race: Purse $250, $50 to second; handicap, over four hurdles. Entrance $10, to go to winner. Declaration free. One and one-eighth miles.

Free, purse $250: For beaten horses at this meeting, of which $50 to second. If two-year-olds, two pounds allowed for each time beaten; if three-year-olds, three pounds for each time; if four-year-olds and upward, six pounds for each time. Entries to close with clerk of course at 5 p.m. day before race. Six furlongs.

DIDN'T BITE GIBBON.

John W. Mitchell Corrects a Newspaper Report.

Referring to the recent encounter between John W. Mitchell and T. E. Gibbon the San Francisco Chronicle of Saturday says:

"A small-sized typographical error is causing Delegate John W. Mitchell of Los Angeles more trouble than all the trades, combinations, proxies and candidates of the Democratic Convention.

"Mitchell had a fight in the Palace Hotel grillroom yesterday morning with Tom Gibbon, the attorney for the Terminal road in the City of Angels, and won it in one round. Mitchell only weighs 120 pounds and stands 5 ft. 6 in. in height, while his opponent weighed 165 pounds and stands a good 5 ft. 9 in.; consequently Mitchell was proud of his conquest, and until last night his vest did not fit him when he swelled out his chest telling about it. But pride goeth before a fall, and about 11 o'clock last night, while the convention was in full blast, a Chronicle reporter called Mitchell out into an anteroom and completely knocked him out without a blow being struck. Not only was the little man from Los Angeles robbed of all the glory of his achievement of the morning, but he was put upon the defensive, and called in his aid all the Los Angeles delegation.

"The fight was reported by an evening paper giving Mitchell due credit for winning it in one round, but in giving the details the typographical error was made. The evening paper said: 'Mitchell bit Gibbon in the face,' etc.

"The clipping from the paper was shown Mitchell, who was called out from his delegation to read it. He was impatient to get back, and, glancing over the article, said: 'That is correct, sir. I do not care to add to it,' and he started away.

"'But, Mr. Mitchell,' queried the reporter, 'will you tell me just one thing? How did you happen to bite Mr. Gibbon in the face?'

"'What's that? Bite Gibbon? That's a lie, sir; a lie. Who says that I bit Gibbon?'

"'Why, you said that the newspaper clipping I showed you gave a correct account of the fight, and it distinctly states you bit Gibbon in the face.'

"'Let me see it; let me see it,' said Mitchell, and when he read the sentence mentioned he made a rush for the Los Angeles delegation. He returned with all the members of that body who knew anything about the fight, and they all bore out Mr. Mitchell's statement that he had bitten nobody.

"Then Mitchell wanted to talk, and he told the story of the grillroom battle, which was afterward corroborated by the eye witnesses.

"'About 9 o'clock this morning I was at breakfast with Col. Olin Wellborn of Los Angeles in the grillroom at the Palace. Near by at a table was Tom Gibbon and Collector of the Port Gaffey, also of our city. There had been bad blood between Gibbon and me for some little time, and when he and Gaffey came down here to interfere in the convention I telegraphed back to the Los Angeles Herald some disagreeable things about them. Gibbon had the Herald in which one of the articles I had inspired was printed. He got up from his table and, walking over to Col. Wellborn, said: 'Did you read this, colonel? I would like to know the cur that inspired that article. Read it,' and then turned away. I jumped to my feet and said: 'Hold on, there. Come here, Gibbon; I am the man that inspired that article.

"'I knew what he wanted. He wanted to say when he got back to Los Angeles that he had said to my face that the man who had criticised him was a cur and that I had not resented it. I determined to resent the language, even if I got whipped.

"'Gibbon came back toward me and said: 'You inspired that article, did you?' at the same time grabbing me by the lapel of my coat. I replied, 'Let go of my coat.' He paid no attention, and I again said, 'Let go of my coat.' He would not do it and I hit him in the face. He staggered back and I got his head under my arm and kept punching away. Then we wrestled and fell to the floor, I on top, and I punched him some more until the waiters pulled us apart. I did not bite him and I will see about that. I will see about that,' and away Mitchell went to cast a vote for a candidate. Col. Wellborn bore out Mitchell's statement of the fracas, as did the waiters in the cafe, who were on duty at the time.

"Mr. Gibbon was not to be seen, having left on the evening train for Los Angeles yesterday."

Grant in Japan.

(New York Press:) "When Gen. Grant was in Japan," remarked the son of a Japanese general to me yesterday, "the Emperor invited the general to cross the imperial footbridge near the palace at Tokio, across which none but the blood royal had ever trod. Gen. Grant accepted the invitation and walked across beside the Mikado until they reached the center of the bridge. Then he stopped, profoundly saluted the Emperor, and said:

"'Your Majesty, I have come so far to show you that I am not insensible to the honor you would do me, but I cannot violate your traditions. Let us return the way we came.'

"The perfect tact and courtesy of Gen. Grant on this occasion is very gratefully remembered by the nation which has the just distinction of being called the most polite people on earth. Americans visiting Japan are held in high favor, and are always treated with the greatest consideration."

BIRTH RECORD.

SCHOLL—In this city, August 24, to the wife of Dr. A. J. Scholl, a daughter.

A BURGLAR SHOT.

The Brave Act of a Nervy Servant Girl.

She Intercepts a Housebreaker and Fires a Bullet into His Brain.

The Residence of Frank Lecouvreur on South Main Street the Scene of the Shooting—The Burglar Badly Wounded.

At 1:05 o'clock this morning Officer Stephenson walked into the police station in charge of a youthful-appearing Mexican, whom he asked to have booked for burglary. The Mexican was bleeding from a wound over his left eye, from which the blood flowed in a tiny stream, leaving a red trail along the sidewalk. It took but a few moments for the officer to explain that the hole in the Mexican's head was caused by a bullet, and, while the reporters were anticipating a long story of attempted murder, the policeman continued, and stated that the Mexican was a burglar, who had attempted to enter the house of Frank Lecouvreur, at No. 651 South Main street, and had been shot while forcing an entrance. A plucky servant girl, whose name is Anna Cull, did the shooting, and to her courage is due the prompt apprehension of the miscreant.

The room occupied by the servant girl is located on the side of the house, and it is lighted by a window which is built quite high above the ground. Last night Anna retired as usual and went to sleep. She was not able to rest very well on account of the heat, and just before the clock struck 1 she thought she heard a noise. Listening intently she was soon convinced that some one was at work at the window, and she prepared for action. Having a loaded 32-caliber revolver near at hand, she seized the weapon and getting out of bed crept over toward the window. A man's hands could there be plainly seen fumbling with the sash, which he had pushed up very cautiously. The window being high from the ground prevented the burglar from standing abreast of it, and not until he had made an opening did he attempt to look into the room. Meanwhile the servant girl, with wonderful nerve, was calmly waiting for his body to appear before her leveled revolver. In a very short time a black head was thrust into view and Anna, taking careful aim, pulled the trigger of her revolver. The bullet took effect over the left eye, passing into the brain and lodging at the back of the skull. When the shot was fired the burglar fell back with a moan too badly wounded to try to make his escape. The report of the pistol aroused the household and help came immediately. Officer Stephenson was patroling his beat near by and he ran to the house with all possible haste and took charge of the man.

The fellow had prepared himself well for the night's work, for pieces of carpet were tied to his shoes and a bottle of chloroform and a sponge were found in his pockets. He had also a heavy piece of hoop wire, which he had evidently intended to use to undo the screen fastenings, and, altogether, he had intended to make a lucrative haul, when his career of depredation was brought to a summary close.

The officer took the man to the Receiving Hospital and summoned Dr. Bryant, who had just left the station, after attending other patients. The police surgeon at first thought that, perhaps, the wound was only a slight one, but upon inserting his probe in the hole found that the bullet had penetrated through the skull. The Mexican gave the name of Jesus Ledsma, but, beyond vouchsafing this information, refused to talk. His wound was considered a very serious one, and Dr. MacGowan was sent for to assist the regular surgeon in trephining the skull.

It is thought that his chances for recovery are rather doubtful, and his experience may prove a wholesome example to other bold housebreakers.

A SHOW OF HONESTY.

How a Merchant Got a Start in Life.

(Chicago Herald:) "You wish to know how I got my start in Chicago, eh? Well, I don't mind telling you about it now, although you may not indorse the means I adopted."

Here the merchant prince laughed heartily, withdrawing his cigar for the purpose. After a moment or two he resumed:

"I had come here from the country, a gawky farmer boy, ignorant of the ways of the world and disposed to regard every city chap as a sharper. Before leaving home I had a settlement with my guardian, who turned over to me $300 in cash—all the possessions I had in the world.

"The distress of the panic of 1857 had not passed and things were awfully dull here. After securing a modest boarding-house I applied myself with diligence to the seeking of employment, in the meantime assiduously studying bookkeeping every evening. The twenty-one years of my life had been spent upon the farm, and I was utterly ignorant of all business methods. Hence I sought humble work, being willing to begin at the lowest rung of the ladder. But, somehow, I didn't catch on. I must have been what is vulgarly called an 'ornery' chap—uncouth in speech, vulgar in manner, and easily abashed. Still, I persevered, offering myself as porter, coachman, day laborer, gardner, helping in grocery stores, in short any kind of work that demanded muscle without too much experience. Once in a while I got a job of sawing wood, cutting grass and tending garden, but I spent far more than I earned, although I lived very economically. Month after month passed in this way until nearly one-half of my capital was exhausted.

"My necessities led me to much cogitation, and, having made rapid progress in my study of bookkeeping as well as in knowledge of good English, I finally concluded to aspire to something higher. A prerequisite to this step was the doffing of my old jeans suit which had become decidedly seedy. The tailor's bill made a big inroad upon my diminishing capital, and the thought of it set my teeth on edge. Out I went day after day among the merchants, offering my services as a bookkeeper, accountant, shipping clerk, or salesman, but I found no takers. The market was suffering from an oversupply of the commodity and the demand was nil.

"Finally I decided that something had to be done. I could not and would not be penniless in a big city. I am naturally of a sanguine temperament, but six months of enforced idleness to one who loves work are enough to becloud the sunniest temper. But I see you are getting impatient. A change did finally come. One day Mr. Davis, the head of the big dry goods store on Lake street, was surprised out of his usual equanimity by the rushing in of an excited individual, myself, holding in his hands a small bundle, and saying, brokenly:

"'I have found, sir, a package of money, a hundred dollars, I think. I am a stranger in the city, and wish you to keep it until you find the owner.' "

"When he found breath Mr. Davis, who recalled me as one who had applied to him more than once for employment, demurred, insisting that I should leave it in the hands of the police.

"'That will not do, sir. I know your reputation, and can confidently leave the sum with you. I am desperately poor and unemployed, and any imputation upon my honor would kill me. My only wish is that this money may reach its owner. You will be sure to find him.'

"Mr. Davis became interested.

"'Is there any way of identifying him—any name or address in the package?'

"'I think not, sir,' I replied, 'but the bills, as you will see, are done up in a peculiar red cloth, debeige, I think, it is called, and if you would merely advertise the fact that a sum of money had been found and required the applicant to name the amount and the envelope covering it, you could not possibly mistake.'

"My importunity finally overcame his objections and he took my address, and, after pronouncing me a 'sterling honest fellow,' bade me come around in the morning.

"Well, that was my start in life. Mr. Davis greeted me, when I returned in the morning, most effusively.

"'I've been thinking over that matter, and confess that I admire your honesty. There's no reason in the world why you shouldn't have kept that money. Many men who are far better off than you would have done so.'

"He ended by offering me a place behind one of the counters at $6 a week, and five years later I was his partner.

"Oh, the money! A number of parties answered the advertisement, but they couldn't prove up, you see, for the best of all reasons. The money was my own, and Mr. Davis finally returned it to me. I ran not the slightest risk, and was satisfied that the act would bring me under the favorable notice of Mr. Davis.

"Yes, there was deception in it, and I am not saying that it was commendable. But I did no one an injury, and it was the groundwork of my present comfortable fortune. Still, I would not advise any other young man to go and do likewise."

SCIENCE AND INDUSTRY.

IS OUR SENSE OF SMELL DYING OUT.

Increasing the Efficiency of the Modern Soldier — A Novel Rubber Suit—Leaves as Fodder.

NEW YORK, July 28, 1894.—(Special Correspondence.) Edward Dillon thinks we do not get half the good we might out of our houses, and he holds that we are quietly letting drop, through disuse, one of the few senses we actually have. While the other senses are cultivated to the highest degree, by way of increasing the individual pleasure of living, the sense of smell is kept in abeyance. The delights to be derived from smell are unheeded, and we are careful only to avoid the unpleasantness of disagreeable odors. Our noses are, in fact, not so much instruments of enjoyment as nuisance inspectors. In discussing the possibilities of developing the sense of smell, Mr. Dillon recalls the story of a Breton peasant, who invented an "art of perfumes," while inhaling the scents of the flowers of his native fields. Odors seemed to him to unfold themselves in harmonious relation, and he went to Paris with a perfume box of many compartments, to give a "concert of perfumes." But they took him for a madman, and he went back and died in obscurity. In Japan the sense of smell is trained to an exceptional point. The Japanese have a beautiful game, the point of which is the selection and classification of various fragrant woods. A singular instance of the way in which the olfactory nerves can be temporarily stimulated is the experience of visitors to the Kentucky Cave. On coming out of the cave their nerves of smell are so sensitive that trees, animals and indiviuals have to them distinct and characteristic odors, and this susceptibility continues for some hours. In the industrial world there is probably no more striking exemplification of what the nose can be educated up to than the duties of the "rum smeller." In Jamaica, where the finest rums in the world are made, the rum seller is a personage of importance. He visits the various sugar estates for the purpose of securing the best rums for his employer, the European buyer. As he passes along between the rows of puncheons in the state's rum store, the "distiller" draws a small quantity of the contents from each cask. About a tablespoonful is thrown into a tumbler and "flashed" around by a deft turn of the wrist of the smeller, who forthwith thrusts his nose into the glass and inhales the aroma of the spirit. As the result of this test, he makes a bid for the entire crop of rum, which, in many cases, is worth tens of thousands of dollars. An expert rum seller will instantly price a rum by his nose alone, alone to a remarkable extent. As a trick, the rum of two different estates—each estate has its own flavor—have been mixed in the same glass and submitted to the smeller for valuation. He has not only discovered the trick, but named the respective estates on which the rums were manufactured. The sideboard of the Jamaica sugar-planter is generally studded with small phials, containing samples of his distillery on different days, and it is quite common to see a manager testing each sample by smell, "just to keep his nose in," very much as a pianist would retain his flexibility of finger by the practice of the daily scales.

LEAVES AS FODDER.

About a year ago M. Girard created great interest in agricultural circles by his strenuous advocacy of tree leaves as cattle food. He held that the leaves of trees, as compared with other fodders, showed a high nourishing ratio, whether fresh or dried, and that certain tree leaves are not surpassed as fodder by the products of natural prairies or pasture lands. European farmers, among whom the French have taken the lead, have been systematically testing M. Girard's ideas by placing their cattle on a tree-leaf diet. The results are said to be most encouraging. The leaves after being picked are spread on the barn floor to the depth of three or four inches, and are turned once a day. The process of drying takes from three to five days, according to the weather, and when dried the leaves are piled up ready for use. It is found advisable to prepare each day's supply twenty-four hours beforehand, when a small quantity of chopped turnips is mixed with the leaves, and the whole is left to ferment. Milch cows thrive surprisingly on this fodder. The degree of nutrition afforded by different trees varies considerably; in fact, some trees were entirely rejected. The final selection of the French farmers was narrowed down to the leaves of five trees, the hazel, aspen, ash, elm and willow.

A RAILWAY CAR CUSHION CLEANER.

The French have brought carpet-cleaning machinery to a high state of efficiency. One of their latest machines not only beats the carpets of railway cars but also brushes the cushions while drawing off the dust. With this machine operated by one man, 350 carpets or cushions can be cleaned in an ordinary working day. The machine consists essentially of a strong frame containing an endless band, beaters revolving brushes, exhaust fans and suction pipes. The carpets are attached to the endless band, the revolution of which brings them under the influence of the beaters. These consist of twelve stout leather straps fixed on the iron arms of a horizontally revolving drum. Meanwhile the cushion is being cleaned by the backward and forward motion of the table on which it is placed while the contact with cylindrical brushes. The dust raised by the beaters and brushes is drawn by the fan into the galvanized iron pipes and discharged by the current of air outside the building.

A NOVEL RUBBER SUIT.

Sportsmen will be interested to know that a rubber combination suit for their express use has been placed on the market. The suit consists of light boots and pantaloons, which terminate at the waist in a float somewhat resembling a horse collar, with the pointed ends at the front and rear. This float can be inflated and deflated at the will of the wearer. While designed especially for persons hunting in Southern swamps and bayous, it can be used as a safety float in any waters. Tin paddles can be attached to the feet of the hunter, who can thus guide himself in deep water while handling his gun with perfect freedom.

EFFICIENCY OF THE MODERN SOLDIER.

Great attention is being paid by European military authorities to methods of facilitating the passage of rivers by cavalry. For this purpose a bag, which has been designed by a Russian officer, is expected to be of immense service. It is made of waterproof canvas, weighs only two and one-half pounds and is 4½ ft. long, by 2½ ft. broad. This bag will hold the uniform, accoutrements and saddlery of a trooper and will float buoyantly with them. It is to be employed by the Russian army for independent cavalry operations and will greatly increase the rapidity of making raids into the enemy's territory. During the coming military maneuvers of the Prussian army several notable innovations will be made. Experiments will be tried with a new folding boat, which has been ordered from England for the cavalry. It is to be used by the leading squadron of every cavalry regiment for the crossing of rivers and canals while reconnoitering and covering the advance of the main body. Several battalions of infantry will be furnished, as an experiment, with a new field kit of reduced weight, and the use of bicycles for the transmission of orders and the keeping up of communications in the field will be tested thoroughly, with the ultimate view of relieving the cavalry of much of the work they have hitherto been called upon to do in that connection. The tendency of modern war training is to throw upon the cavalry many duties that formerly devolved upon the engineers, and the coming meeting of the German army will probably mark a new era in the history of military tactics.

A BICYCLE FOR ONE-LEGGED RIDERS.

A safety bicycle has been invented for one-legged riders. It is propelled either entirely by the hand or in conjunction with pedal-driving. The usual handle-bar is bent so far around as to virtually make one handle. This handle has an up and down motion, which, by means of cranks, causes the revolution of a toothed wheel, fixed about half way between the handle-bar and the axle of the front wheel. The driving of this wheel is effected by means of a chain running around the toothed wheel on the hub of the front wheel, similar to that on the hind wheel of the ordinary safety.

PRESERVING BOOKS IN THE TROPICS.

The task of the librarian in hot climates is beset with anxiety. In addition to the cosmopolitan book-maggot, which drills pin-holes through and through the cover and body of a book, and often completely disintegrates it, he has to fight various kinds of ants and cockroaches. The white ant, for instance, devours the books wholesale, but can generally be thwarted by placing the shelves upon stone insulators. The cockroach is of less importance, as it merely defaces the bindings. The usual protective treatment is to disinfect the books by pouring a few teaspoonfuls of refined mineral naphtha, or benzine, into the crevices of the binding, and then shutting up the volume for a few days in a close-fitting box to prevent the escape of the fumes. If the books are subsequently sponged over lightly with the finest kerosene oil, which is rubbed with a cloth before it has had time to penetrate into the binding, they are rendered distasteful to insects without causing serious injury. The odor of the kerosene is objectionable, but comparative immunity from insect attack is secured. Dr. George King reports favorably on an improved method, which consists in brushing the books over with a saturated solution of corrosive sublimate, made by constantly keeping a few lumps of the poison at the bottom of a jar of alcohol (the ordinary mothylated spirit) so that the maximum amount may be absorbed. It is needless to state that the poison must be very carefully handled. In the Indian Museum Library the amount of damage by insects is greatly reduced by keeping the books in close-fitting glass cases, on the shelves of which are placed a few ounces of naphthaline. As an additional precaution the paste used in binding the Indian Museum books is poisoned by adding about half an ounce of sulphate of copper to each pound of paste. Books already infested are shut up for four or five days in an air-tight box of loose naphthaline, with as much of this substance as possible between the leaves. This treatment effectually disposes of even the "duck ant," one of the most destructive pests of the tropics. If this insect once enters a book, he rapidly turns every page into the most elaborate lacework.

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$2.50 a Day

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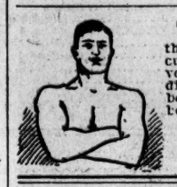
Round trip ticket and week's board $21

Coronado Agency, 129 S. Spring St., Los Angeles.



"CUPIDENE,"

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MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

J. T. SHEWARD,

113-115 North Spring St.

Today is the Day.

ALL through the house there will be the lowest prices made on goods that ever has been before. This cut will be on all the odds and ends in every department; nothing will escape. Swivel Silks have been 75c, today 40c. Kid Gloves have been 75c to $2 a pair, today they go out for 25c a pair. Linen lap robes at a little more than half price. Table linens were $1, now 75c. Table linens that were 75c now 50c; they have been our best values at the prices they have been selling for; now at the cut price we claim they have never been equaled for the money. Ladies' hose that have been selling for 50c to $1 a pair are now in one big basket and the price will be 25c a pair. Real Irish Lawns now 10c, they have been selling for 15c and 16⅔c a yard; all choice new styles; all first-class goods. Ladies' and children's hats, ladies' muslin underwear, calico wrappers and shirt waists will all be found at a reduced price for this day only. The shrewdest merchant keeps an active stock. Odds and ends are unprofitable to hold and carry; get them out of the way and put new goods on the shelves; that is the reason for the great cut in the prices for Monday. We cut the prices on pocketbooks; we cut the prices on handbags; we cut the prices on ribbons; we cut the prices on all remnants of every kind; we are preparing for new fall goods; we cut the prices on cotton wash goods; some go to one-half; take a look through today; there is an odd jumble of prices. Dimities, Sateens, Ginghams, Scotch novelties all have been reduced. This is the great clearing up day on all classes of goods. The prices on fancy silks have been cut; suitable for waists and dress trimmings. Today is cleaning up day.

CANCER AND TUMORS CURED

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OFFICE, 211 WEST FIRST ST.

Please send this to some one with Cancer. Hospital, 211 W. Ann St. Los Angeles, Cal.

In hot weather use

SANITAS GRAPE FOOD

(A CALIFORNIA PRODUCT)

For Sale by Leading Druggists and Grocers.

37

Enclose this advertisement, with your address, and we will send you, postage paid, a beautiful water-color view (size 10 x 14 inches) of "THE GOLDEN GATE," the entrance to San Francisco Harbor. There is no advertising matter printed on this picture, and only one copy will be sent to each address.

THE CALIFORNIA GRAPE FOOD CO., San Francisco, Cal.

Attention.

To make room for our fall stock we offer

Extra Inducements

On our entire line of Furniture and Carpets for the next thirty days. Our stock is complete. Comment is unnecessary; quality and price will tell. Now is the time to furnish your houses.

337-339-341 South Spring St.

NILES PEASE.

COAL. COAL. COAL.

Do not get an inferior article when you can buy the celebrated

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For $9.75 per ton, delivered to any part of the city. Coke, Charcoal and Wood. Wholesale and retail.

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Importer of best grades of domestic and steam coal.

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ARTESIAN WELLS.

For either gas, oil or mineral tests, boilers, engines, pipe, casing, drilling tools, etc., and all sizes of irrigating pipes. Office room 41 Bryson Block, Los Angeles, Cal.

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The Best Remedy on Earth for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Spinal Weakness, Headache, Toothache, Bruises and Burns.

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AGENTS

LOTS, $250 and up. Easy Installments.

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MYSTERIOUS MARS.

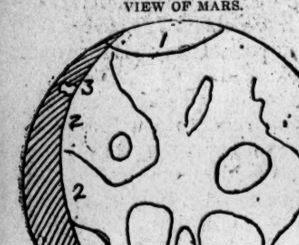
THE LATEST NEWS OF THE BRIGHT PLANET.

An Extraordinary Light Seen Beyond the Terminator—The Discoveries of M. Perrotin—Dr. Swift's Observations.

On the 28th of July, 1894, M. Perrotin, director of the great observatory at Nice, telegraphed the following highly important message to Dr. Krueger, in charge of the central astromical burea at Kiel, Germany: "Luminous projection in the south region of the terminator of Mars, observed by Javelle."

Javelle (remarks "Nature") is well known for his careful work, and Perrotin is one of the distinguished astronomers of Europe. Their telescope is a thirty-inch refractor, having a larger object-glass than any American telescope except the one on

VIEW OF MARS.



1 Foisr snow-cap.
2 Terminator.
3 Luminous projection.
4 Canals.

Mt. Hamilton. The great astronomer and his sharp-sighted assistant, peering through the powerful glass, have detected a hitherto unnoted luminous spot projecting from the terminator of Mars. What is the significance of this discovery?

By referring to the diagram it will be seen that Mars presented a gibbous phase on the 28th of July. In other words its disk, or illuminated surface, was slightly oval—something like the moon a few days before it is full—its left border not being illuminated by the sun. If we complete the circle, as in the cut, there will be a dark crescent. Now it was within this dark crescent that the strange light was seen; the bright edge of the terminator, at a point near the upper or south polar snow cap, was extended into the dark or unilluminated area, as seen at figure 3 in the cut.

What produced this strange light? "Nature" intimates that the luminosity might be produced by one of the following three causes:

First—Aurora. The position of the light near the south pole suggests the possibility of that origin. But if due to an aurora the phenomenon must be far more intense than any to which we are accustomed on this planet to be visible across 60,000,000 miles of space even in our most powerful telescopes.

Second—A range of snow-capped mountains. If very high these might be visible beyond the line of the terminator, but if so the query will arise, "Why have they not been observed before?"

Third—Forest fires. In regard to forest fires, "Nature" remarks: "It is worth while pointing out that forest fires may be the first distinctive thing observed on either planet from the other besides the fixed surface markings."

The surface markings in the cut are roughly copied from a sketch taken during the opposition of September, 1892. It may be as well to remark that no two sketches of the planet, made either by the same or different astronomers, are precisely alike, and they are often totally unlike. These varying phases may arise from the prevalence of clouds and fogs drifting over the surface and obscuring the continental and oceanic outlines. An astronomer upon the planet Venus observing the surface markings of the earth, would see the outlines of continents and seas constantly changing, owing to bright cloud-masses of irregular shape, sometimes sweeping over large areas, and at other times mysteriously forming and dissipating.

Dr. Lewis Swift, now of the Lowe Observatory, was that season conducting his observations at Rochester, and he remarked in an article on Mars published in Astronomy, October, 1892: "I have observed in nearly all my studies of this body since apposition, a large darkish spot, resembling in appearance and shape a bear-skin rug, which covers a large portion of the planet's disk." This is a graphic description of an appearance which is often exceedingly indefinite and difficult to seize and portray. On account of its high altitude, the absence of clouds, and the clearness of the atmosphere at the Lowe Observatory, Dr. Swift will view the planet under much more favorable conditions at the approaching opposition of October, 1894.

We shall await further news from our next neighbor Mars with keen interest. In October it will be in opposition and at its brightest, and it will be thirteen years before the planet will again be so near us—about 4,000,000 miles—and in a position so favorable for observation.

WILLIAM H. KNIGHT.

SEPTEMBER WEATHER.

Statistics from Data for the Past Sixteen Years.

The chief of the Weather Bureau furnishes for publication the following data, compiled from the record of observations for the month of September, taken at this station for a period of sixteen years.

It is believed that the facts thus set forth will prove of interest to the public, as well as the special student, showing, as they do, the average and extreme conditions of the more important meteorological elements, and the range within which such variations may be expected to keep during any corresponding month:

Temperature—Mean or normal temperature, 70 deg.; the warmest September was that of 1888, with an average of 74 deg.; the coldest September was that of 1880, with an average of 66 deg.; the highest temperature during any September was 108 deg., on September 21, 1885; the lowest temperature during any September was 44 deg., on September 23 and 29, 1880.

Precipitation (rain)—Average for the month, 0.06 inches; average number of days with 0.01 of an inch or more, none; the greatest monthly precipitation was 0.15 inch, in 1887; the least monthly precipitation was none inches, in 1877, 1878, 1879, 1880, 1883, 1886, 1888, 1889, 1892; the greatest amount of precipitation recorded in any twenty-four consecutive hours was 0.15 inches, on September 21, 1887.

Clouds and weather—Average number of cloudless days, 17; average number of partly cloudy days, 12; average number of cloudy days, 1.

Wind—The prevailing winds have been from the west; the highest velocity of the wind during any September was twenty-eight miles, on September 16, 1882.

GEORGE B. FRANKLIN,
Observer, Weather Bureau.

Cure Your Dandruff.

If hair is bad and leads to a diseased scalp, Smith's Dandruff Pomade is the only guaranteed remedy. Try it, at H. M. Sale & Sons, 120 Spring street.

THE St. Louis A.B.C. Bohemian bottled beer, brewed by the American Brewing Co., is strictly pure; has a beautiful amber, and the real taste of the hops. It is healthy and nutritious. Try the A.B.C. C. F. A. Last, agent.

Burns. FOR MAN Bruises

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Rheumatism. AND BEAST Stiff Joints

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Sell and buy foreign and domestic exchange. Special collection department. Correpond ence invited.

Capital paid up.....$500,000
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TOTAL.....$1,320,000

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The National Bank of California is one of the few banks that successfully stood the shock of the late panic and maintained full coin payments right through.

The National Bank of California pays no interest on deposits in any form, offers no special inducements for business other than reliability when the customers exercise their right to demandtheir money.

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HE WANTED TO DIE.

"PROF." SWEENEY'S ATTEMPT AT SELF-DESTRUCTION.

Family Troubles the Cause of His Act—He Had a Close Call, but Will Recover.

Brief mention was made in The Times yesterday morning of the attempted suicide of "Prof." Sweeney, who has for some time past been posing as an instructor of music and mathematics and a few other allied subjects. The old man was found by Officer Henderson about 2 o'clock yesterday morning lying on the sidewalk at the Plaza in a pool of blood.

A large-sized ink-eraser with a keen blade was found lying by his side, and it was concluded that he had attempted to commit suicide by opening the artery in his arm with that instrument. The wound was bandaged up and the man removed to the Receiving Hospital as quickly as possible, while Police Surgeon Bryant attended to his injuries. The man had written a statement asking that the eraser be returned to room No. 31, Russ House, where he got it.

He also left a dying statement explaining why he attempted to take his life which is in part as follows:

"Please do not allow the papers to vilify my name. You know not who I am only by name, therefore, please pay no attention to scoffers. Family troubles have brought me to this. I respect Los Angeles, at least all her citizens. I had made a great deal of money here. I only died of a broken heart. Get San Diego papers to copy. Give my regards to Capt. Ainsworth, also to Chief Glass; neither will see my character villified. I carry a great deal of high learning to the grave, which, if I had an opportunity, would be a credit to the rising generation. Excuse this scribble—you know how I feel.

E. SWEENEY.

"P.S.—Put on my collar and tie before taking me out of here. Look for nothing else but what you find here—all is put away. I put on these clothes for this purpose. E. S."

The old man remained in the Receiving Hospital all day yesterday, and is doing as well as could be expected under the circumstances. He is very weak from loss of blood, but it is know believed that he will recover with careful treatment.

TO SOCIETY PEOPLE.

The Los Angeles and Southern California Blue Book, now being compiled, will be published not later than December 15. Please send all communications to A. A. Thompson, Times-Mirror job office.

CATALINA ISLAND.

The Los Angeles Terminal Railway makes close connections at East San Pedro daily with steamer Hermosa. Saturdays, two trips, leaving Los Angeles at 9:55 a.m. and 5:15 p.m. The 8 a.m. train Sunday morning makes close connections, and returns on arrival of steamer Sunday evening.

WALL-PAPER for sale; 10c paper for 5c; 15c paper for 7½c, 25c paper for 15c; ingrain, 10c a roll; hanging, 10c. Chicago Wall-paper House, No. 723 South Spring street. Samples sent. Your time now.

LEGAL.

Proclamation.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA.
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
SACRAMENTO, August 4, 1894.

WHEREAS, THE LEGISLATURE OF THE State of California, at its thirtieth session, beginning on the second day of January, A.D. 1893, two-thirds of all the members elected to each of the houses of said Legislature voting in favor thereof, proposed the following described amendments to the Constitution of the State of California, to-wit:

AMENDMENT NUMBER ONE.

Assembly Constitutional Amendment No. 8. A resolution to propose to the people of the State of California an amendment to the Constitution of the State, amending section one of article two thereof, relative to the right of suffrage.

Section 1. Every native male citizen of the United States, every male person who shall have acquired the rights of citizenship under or by virtue of the Treaty of Queretaro, and every male naturalized citizen thereof, who shall have become such ninety days prior to any election, of the age of twenty-one years, who shall have been resident of the State one year next preceding the election, and of the county in which he claims his vote ninety days, and in the election precinct thirty days, shall be entitled to vote at all elections which are now or may hereafter be authorized by law; provided no native of China, no idiot, no insane person, no person convicted of any infamous crime, no person hereafter convicted of the embezzlement or misappropriation of public money, and no person who shall not be able to read the Constitution in the English language and write his name, shall ever exercise the privileges of an elector in this State; provided, that the provisions of this amendment relative to an educational qualification shall not apply to any person prevented by a physical disability from complying with its requisitions, nor to any person who now has the right to vote, nor to any person who shall be sixty years of age and upwards at the time this amendment shall take effect.

AMENDMENT NUMBER TWO.

Senate Constitutional Amendment No. 11. A resolution proposing to the people of the State of California an amendment to section three of article eleven of the Constitution of the State of California, relating to the formation of new counties.

Section 3. The Legislature, by general and uniform laws, may provide for the formation of new counties; provided, however, that no new county shall be established which shall reduce any county to a population of less than eight thousand; nor shall a new county be formed containing a less population than five thousand; nor shall any line thereof pass within five miles of the county seat of any county proposed to be divided. Every county which shall be enlarged or created from territory taken from any other county or counties, shall be liable for a just proportion of the existing debts and liabilities of the county or counties from which such territory shall be taken.

AMENDMENT NUMBER THREE.

Assembly Constitutional Amendment No. 7. A resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the State of California, by adding a new section to article thirteen of the said Constitution, to be numbered section twelve and three-fourths (12¾,) relating to revenue and taxation.

Section 12¾. Fruit and nut-bearing trees under the age of four years from the time of planting in orchard form, and grapevines under the age of three years from the time of planting in vineyard form, shall be exempt from taxation, and nothing in this article shall be construed as subjecting such trees and grapevines to taxation.

AMENDMENT NUMBER FOUR.

Assembly Constitutional Amendment No. 12. A resolution proposing to the people of the State of California an amendment to section seventeen, article one, of the Constitution of the State of California.

Section 17. Foreigners of the white race, or of African descent, eligible to become citizens of the United States under the naturalization laws thereof, while bona fide residents of this State, shall have the same rights in respect to the acquisition, possession, enjoyment, transmission and inheritance of all property, other than real estate, as native-born citizens; provided, that such aliens owning real estate at the time of the adoption of this amendment may remain such owners; and provided further, that the Legislature may, by statute, provide for the disposition of real estate which shall hereafter be acquired by such aliens by descent or devise.

AMENDMENT NUMBER FIVE.

Senate Constitutional Amendment No. 17. A resolution proposing to the people of the State of California an amendment to section seven, article eleven, of the Constitution of the State of California.

Section 7. City and county governments may be merged and consolidated into one municipal givernment, with one set of officers, and may be incorporated under general laws providing for the incorporation and organization of corporations for municipal purposes. The provisions of this Constitution applicable to cities, and also those applicable to counties, so far as not inconsistent or prohibited to cities, shall be applicable to such consolidated government.

AMENDMENT NUMBER SIX.

Senate Constitutional Amendment No. 7. A resolution to propose to the people of the State of California an amendment to the Constitution of the State, amending section nine of article thirteen thereof, relative to the election of a State Board of Equalization.

Section 9. A State Board of Equalization, consisting of one member from each Congressional district in this State, shall be elected by the qualified electors of their respective districts, at the first general election to be held after the adoption of this amendment, and at each general election every four years, whose term of office shall be for four years, whose duty it shall be to equalize the valuation of the taxable property in the several counties of the State for the purposes of taxation. The Controller of State shall be ex-officio a member of the Board. The Boards of Supervisors of the several counties of the State shall constitute Boards of Equalization for their respective counties, whose duty it shall be to equalize the valuation of the taxable property in the county for the purpose of taxation; provided, such State and County Boards of Equalization are hereby authorized and empowered, under such rules of notice as the County Boards may prescribe as to the county assessments, and under such rules of notice as the State Board may prescribe as to the action of the State Board, to increase or lower the entire assessment roll, or any assessment contained therein, so as to equalize the assessment of the property contained in said assessment roll, and make the assessment conform to the true value in money of the property contained in said roll; provided, that no Board of Equalization shall raise any mortgage, deed of trust, contract, or other obligation by which a debt is secured, money, or solvent credits, above its face value. The State Board of Equalization elected in eighteen hundred and ninety-four shall continue in office until their successors, as herein provided for, shall be elected and shall qualify.

AMENDMENT NUMBER SEVEN.

Senate Constitutional Amendment No. 16. A resolution to propose to the people of the State of California an amendment to article thirteen of the Constitution, section one, in relation to revenue and taxation.

Section 1. All property in the State, not exempt under the laws of the United States, shall be taxed in proportion to its value, to be ascertained as provided by law. The word "property," as used in this article and section, is hereby declared to include moneys, credits, bonds, stocks, dues, franchises, and all other matters and things, real, personal and mixed, capable of private ownership; provided, that property used for free public libraries and free museums, growing crops, property used exclusively for public schools, and such as may belong to the United States, this State, or to any county or municipal corporation within this State, shall be exempt from taxation. The Legislature may provide, except in case of credits secured by mortgage or trust deed, for a deduction from credits of debts due to bona fide residents of this State.

AMENDMENT NUMBER EIGHT.

Assembly Constitutional Amendment No. 31. A resolution to propose to the people of the State of California an amendment to section seven (7) of article nine (IX) of the Constitution of the State of California, by increasing the number of members constituting the State Board of Education, by adding thereto the President and Professor of Pedagogics of the University of California.

Section 7. The Governor, the Superintendent of Public Instruction, the President of the University of California, and the Professor of Pedagogy therein, and the Principals of the State Normal Schools, shall constitute the State Board of Education, and shall compile, or cause to be compiled, and adopt, a uniform series of text-books for use in the common schools throughout the State. The State Board may cause such text-books, when adopted, to be printed and published by the Superintendent of State Printing, at the State Printing Office, and when so printed and published, to be distributed and sold at the cost price of printing, publishing and distributing the same. The text-books so adopted shall continue in use not less than four years; and said State Board shall perform such other duties as may be prescribed by law. The Legislature shall provide for a Board of Education in each county in the State. The County Superintendents and the County Boards of Education shall have control of the examination of teachers and the granting of teachers' certificates within their respective jurisdictions.

AMENDMENT NUMBER NINE.

Senate Constitutional Amendment No. 20. An Act to submit to the people of the State of California an amendment to section twenty-three of article four of the Constitution of the State of California.

Section 23. The members of the Legislature shall receive, in full payment for their services, the sum of one thousand ($1000) dollars and mileage not to exceed ten cents per mile, and for contingent expenses not to exceed twenty-five dollars, for each session, to be paid out of the public treasury. No increase in compensation or mileage shall take effect during the term for which the members of either house shall have been elected, and the pay of no attache shall be increased after he is elected or appointed.

NOW THEREFORE, Pursuant to the provisions of the Constitution, and an Act of the Legislature entitled "An Act to provide for the submission of proposed amendments to the Constitution of the State of California to the qualified electors for their approval," approved March 7, A.D. 1883, viz.:

"Section 1. Whenever the Legislature shall propose any amendment or amendments to the Constitution of this State, which amendment or amendments shall have been passed in the manner and form required by section one of article eighteen of the Constitution, and no other mode is provided by law for the submission of such amendment or amendments to the people for their approval, it shall be the duty of the Governor to advertise such proposed amendment or amendments in at least four newspapers of general circulation in this State, for three months next preceding the next general election. One of said newspapers must be published at the city of Sacramento, and two at the city of San Francisco; and in issuing his proclamation for an election at which any amendment or amendments to the Constitution are to be voted upon, he shall include such amendment or amendments therein, and he shall designate them by numbers, in the order in which they have been proposed."

The said amendments are submitted to be separately voted upon by ballot by the qualified electors of the State, on

Tuesday, November 6, A.D. 1894.

Each ballot used at such election must contain, printed thereon, the words

Assembly Constitutional Amendment Number Eight.	YES / NO
Senate Constitutional Amendment Number Fourteen	YES / NO
Assembly Constitutional Amendment Number Seven.	YES / NO
Assembly Constitutional Amendment Number Twelve.	YES / NO
Senate Constitutional Amendment Number Seventeen.	YES / NO
Senate Constitutional Amendment Number Seven.	YES / NO
Senate Constitutional Amendment Number Sixteen.	YES / NO
Assembly Constitutional Amendment Number Thirty-one.	YES / NO
Senate Constitutional Amendment *Number Twenty.	YES / NO

Witness my hand and the Great Seal of the State, affixed at Sacramento, the day and year first above written.

(Seal.) H. H. MARKHAM, Governor.
Attest: E. G. WAITE, Secretary of State.

Notice

for Publication of Time for Proving Will, etc. No. 713.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of California, county of Los Angeles ss.

In the matter of the estate of John A. McKee, deceased. Notice is hereby given that Friday, the 14th day of September, 1894, at 10 o'clock a.m. of said day, at the courtroom of this court, Department No. 2 thereof, in the city of Los Angeles, county of Los Angeles and State of California, has been appointed as the time and place for hearing the application of T. S. McKee, praying that a document now on file in this court, purporting to be the last will and testament of the said deceased, be admitted to probate, and that letters testamentary be issued thereon to your petitioner, at which time and place all persons interested therein may appear and contest the same.

Dated Aug. 20, 1894.

T. H. WARD, County Clerk.
By C. W. BLAKE, Deputy.
HUGHES, CONREY & GARRISON, Attorneys for petitioner.

Notice to Tent Makers.

OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS of Los Angeles county, California, August 22, 1894.

Notice is hereby given that the Board of Supervisors of Los Angeles county, California, will receive up to 2:15 o'clock p.m., of September 10, 1894, sealed proposals for furnishing a fumigating outfit, consisting of two sheet tents with skirts 63x63, ten sheet tents with skirts 52x52, twenty-four bell tents 6½x7½; sixteen bell tents 8x12, and sixteen bell tents 11½x16, as per specifications and samples of material on file in the office of this board.

A certified check, payable to the order of the chairman of the Board of Supervisors, in the sum of 10 per cent. of the amount of each bid to accompany the same.

The board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

By order of the Board of Supervisors of Los Angeles county, California.

T. H. WARD,
County Clerk and ex-officio Clerk of the Board of Supervisors.
By W. H. WHITTEMORE, Deputy.

LINES OF TRAVEL.

LOS ANGELES TERMINAL RAILWAY—
Leave Los Angeles for Pasadena.
*6:35 am **7:10 am *8:00 am *9:00 am
*10:30 am *12:25 pm *1:40 pm *3:00 pm
*4:00 pm *5:20 pm *6:20 pm **11:30 pm
g9:30 pm
Leave Pasadena for Los Angeles.
*7:15 am **8:05 am *9:05 am *10:35 am
*12:30 pm *1:45 pm *3:05 pm *4:05 pm
*5:25 pm *7:05 pm *8:05 pm **12:15 am
g10:15 pm
Downey-ave. leaving time, 7 min. later.
Leave Los Angeles for Altadena, *9:00 am, g10:30 am, *1:40 pm, *4:00 pm.
Leave Altadena for Los Angeles, *10:10 am, am, g12:00 m, *2:40 pm, *5:00 pm.
Leave Los Angeles for Glendale, **6:40 am, g8:20 am, g12:35 pm, *5:25 pm.
Leave Glendale for Los Angeles, **7:26 am, g9:12 am, g1:25 pm, *6:13 pm.
Leave for Long Beach and San Pedro, g8:00 am, *9:55 am, *1:05 pm, **5:15 pm, g6:00 pm.
Leave East San Pedro, **7:25 am, g7:50 am, *11:20 am, *3:40 pm, g7:00 pm.
RUBIO CANYON AND ECHO MOUNTAIN.
Trains leave Los Angeles *9:00 am, g10:30 am, *1:40 pm, *4:00 pm.
Fine pavilion. New hotel.
CATALINA ISLAND,
Connecting with W. T. Co.'s steamer at San Pedro.

Leave for	FIRST-ST. DEPOT.	Arr. from
9:55 am	Saturday	
5:15 pm	Saturday	
8:00 am	Sunday	8:00 pm
1:05 pm	Monday	12:25 pm
1:05 pm	Tuesday	12:25 pm
1:05 pm	Wednesday	12:25 pm
1:05 pm	Thursday	12:25 pm
1:05 pm	Friday	12:25 pm

*Daily. **Daily except Sunday. gSunday only.

Stages meet 8:00 a.m. and 12:25 p.m. trains at Pasadena for Wilson's Peak, via new trail.

Passengers leaving Los Angeles at 8:00 a.m. for Wilson's Peak can return on same day. Good hotel fare at $2 per day.

City ticket office at A. B. Greenwald's cigar store, corner First and Spring streets.

Depots East end First-st. and Downey-ave. bridges. General offices, First-st. depot.

T. E. BURNETT, General Manager.
W. WINCUP, Gen. Pass. Agent.

LINES OF TRAVEL.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC COMPANY—
IMPORTANT CHANGE OF TIME.
AUGUST 1, 1894.
Trains leave and are due to arrive at Los Angeles (Arcade Depot,) Fifth st., daily as follows:

Leave for	DESTINATION.	Arr. from
2:00 pm	San F. & Sacramento.	7:30 am
7:45 pm	San F. & Sacramento.	7:40 pm
2:00 pm	Ogden & East 2d class.	7:30 am
7:45 pm	Ogden & East 1st class.	1:48 pm
7:45 pm	Portland, Or	7:30 am
8:30 am	El Paso and East	7:00 pm
8:30 am	Deming and East	7:00 pm
8:30 am	Banning	7:00 pm
	Redlands	**9:21 am
8:30 am	Redlands	*10:10 am
10:30 am	Redlands	7:00 pm
4:30 pm	Redlands	4:58 pm
	Colton	**9:21 am
8:30 am	Colton	*10:10 am
10:30 am	Colton	7:00 pm
4:30 pm	Colton	4:58 pm
	Riverside	**9:21 am
8:30 am	Riverside	*10:10 am
10:30 am	Riverside	4:58 pm
4:30 pm	Riverside	7:00 pm
	San Bernardino	**9:21 am
8:30 am	San Bernardino	*10:10 am
10:30 am	San Bernardino	4:58 pm
4:30 pm	San Bernardino	7:00 pm
8:30 am	Chino	*8:50 am
	Chino	**9:21 am
4:30 pm	Chino	*10:10 am
*5:45 pm	Chino	4:58 pm
8:15 am	Monrovia	7:55 am
*2:40 pm	Monrovia	*10:20 am
5:15 pm	Monrovia	4:45 pm
7:30 am	Santa Barbara	1:48 pm
2:00 pm	Santa Barbara	8:55 pm
*9:52 am	Santa Ana & Anaheim.	9:03 am
5:10 pm	Santa Ana & Anaheim.	*4:04 pm
4:52 pm	Tustin	8:43 am
*9:40 am	Whittier	8:43 am
4:52 pm	Whittier	*1:45 pm
**8:30 am	San Pedro	**7:15 pm
	Long Beach	**7:15 pm
9:25 am	L. Beach & San Pedro.	8:15 am
12:50 pm	L. Beach & San Pedro.	11:54 am
5:00 pm	L. Beach & San Pedro.	4:15 pm
**9:20 am	Santa Monica	
9:30 am	Santa Monica	8:00 am
10:30 am	Santa Monica	8:55 am
**1:00 pm	Santa Monica	
1:10 pm	Santa Monica	12:12 pm
5:15 pm	Santa Monica	4:25 pm
	Santa Monica	**3:50 pm
**5:45 pm	Santa Monica	*5:26 pm
	Santa Monica	**5:35 pm
6:25 pm	Santa Monica	**6:12 pm
	Santa Monica	**7:20 pm
10:30 am	Soldiers' Home	3:55 am
6:25 pm	Soldiers' Home	4:25 pm
9:30 am	Port Los Angeles	12:12 pm
10:30 am	and	4:25 pm
1:10 pm	North Beach Station	**6:12 pm
*8:40 am	Chatsworth Park	*5:30 pm

Chatsworth Park—Leave from and arrive at River Station (San Fernando st.) only.
*Sundays excepted. **Sundays only. ‡Saturdays only.

CATALINA ISLAND.
Connecting with W. T. Co.'s fine steamers at San Pedro.

Leave for	ARCADE DEPOT.	Arr. from
8:30 am	Sunday	7:15 pm
5:00 pm	Sunday	11:54 am
12:50 pm	Monday	11:54 am
12:50 pm	Tuesday	11:54 am
12:50 pm	Wednesday	11:54 am
12:50 pm	Thursday	11:54 am
12:50 pm	Friday	11:54 am
8:25 am	Saturday	11:54 am
5:00 pm	Saturday	

All of the seaside and local interior trains stop at the new station, corner of First and Alameda streets.

The trains arriving from Santa Monica at 8:00 am and 5:26 pm stop only at The Palms and University, between Santa Monica and Arcade depot.

Local and through tickets sold, baggage checked, Pullman sleeping-car reservations made, and general information given, upon application to J. M. CRAWLEY, Assistant General Passenger Agent, No. 144 South Spring street, corner Second.

CHARLES SEYLER, agent at depots.
RICHARD GRAY, General Traffic Manager.
T. H. GOODMAN, General Passenger Agent.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA RAILWAY—
(Santa Fe route.)
IN EFFECT AUGUST 5, 1894.
Trains leave and are due to arrive at Los Angeles (La Grande Station,) First street and Santa Fe avenue.

Leave for	LOS ANGELES.	Arr. from
9:30 pm	Limited Overland Expr's	1:30 pm
2:30 pm	San Diego Coast Line.	1:15 pm
*7:00 am	San Bernardino via	9:50 am
9:00 am		*1:00 pm
4:00 pm		1:30 pm
9:30 pm	Pasadena	6:30 pm
*7:00 am	Riverside via	*1:00 pm
		1:30 pm
9:00 am	San Bernardino	6:30 pm
*11:00 am	Riverside and San Bernardino via Orange	10:15 am
4:25 pm		*4:40 pm
*7:00 am	Redlands, Mentone and Highlands, via	9:50 am
9:00 am		*1:00 pm
4:00 pm	Pasadena	6:30 pm
*11:00 am	Redlands and Mentone, via Orange & Riverside.	10:15 am
		*4:40 pm
9:00 am	Monrovia, Azusa	*7:35 am
1:30 pm	and	8:50 am
4:00 pm		9:50 am
*3:30 pm		*1:00 pm
**6:10 pm		4:16 pm
*7:05 pm	Intermediate Stations.	6:30 pm
*7:00 am	Pasadena	*7:35 am
9:00 am	Pasadena	8:50 am
1:30 pm	Pasadena	9:50 am
4:00 pm	Pasadena	*1:00 pm
5:30 pm	Pasadena	1:30 pm
**6:10 pm	Pasadena	4:16 pm
*7:05 pm	Pasadena	6:30 pm
9:30 pm	Pasadena	
7:45 am	Santa Ana	10:15 am
2:30 pm	Santa Ana	1:15 pm
4:25 pm	Santa Ana	7:00 pm
**9:00 am	Santa Monica	8:29 am
10:00 am	Santa Monica	3:50 pm
1:35 pm	Santa Monica	6:00 pm
5:15 pm	Santa Monica	
**9:00 am	Redondo	8:29 am
10:00 am	Redondo	3:50 pm
1:35 pm	Redondo	**4:40 pm
5:15 pm	Redondo	6:00 pm
*9:00 am	S. Jacinto via Pasadena	*1:00 pm
*11:00 am	San Jacinto via Orange.	
*3:00 am	Temecula via Pasadena.	*1:00 pm
*11:00 am	Temecula via Orange.	
*2:30 pm	Escondido via Coast L'e	*1:15 pm

*Daily except Sunday. **Sunday only. All other trains daily.

Trains via Pasadena line arrive at Downeyave. station seven minutes earlier and leave seven minutes later.

Palace vestibuled sleepers, upholstered tourist cars and free reclining-chair cars through to Kansas City and Chicago daily. Personally conducted excursions to Boston every Thursday. For rates, sleeping-car reservations, etc., call on or address E. W. MYERS, City Passenger and Ticket Agent, 129 North Spring st. and La Grande Station, Los Angeles.

H. G. THOMPSON, General Passenger Agent.

OceanicS.S.Co
(Spreckels' line)
Los Angeles to Honolulu and return $125. Yokohama and Hong-Kong via Honolulu and China lines. Round the world, 1st class, $300 to $610. HUGH H. RICE, Agt O.S.S.Co., 124 W. 2d, Los Angeles.

PACIFIC COAST STEAMSHIP COMPANY—
Goodall, Perkins & Co., general agents, San Francisco.

Steamers leave Port Los Angeles and Redondo for San Diego August 2, 6, 11, 15, 20, 24, 29, 2 September 2. Cars to connect leave Santa Fe depot at 10 a.m.

For San Francisco, Port Harford and Santa Barbara, August 4, 8, 13, 17, 22, 26, 31, September 3. Cars to connect with steamer at Redondo leave Santa Fe depot at 10 a.m., or Redondo Railroad depot at 9 a.m. Cars to connect with steamer at Port Los Angeles leave S. P. Co.'s depot, Fifth st., at 1:10 p.m.

Steamers leave San Pedro and East San Pedro for San Francisco and way ports August 1, 5, 10, 14, 19, 23, 28, September 1. Cars to connect with these steamers leave S. P. Co.'s depot, Fifth st., at 6 p.m., or L. A. Terminal depot at 5:15 p.m.

The company reserves the right to change steamers or their days of sailing.

W. PARRIS, Agent,
124 W. Second st., Los Angeles, Cal.

REDONDO RAILWAY—
NO. 12, IN EFFECT
5 A.M., FRIDAY, AUGUST 3, 1894.
Los Angeles depot, cor. Grand ave. and Jefferson st. Take Grand-ave. cable or Main-st. and Agricultural Park horse cars.

Leave Los Angeles for Redondo.		Leave Redondo for Los Angeles.
9:05 am	Daily	7:30 am
1:35 pm	"	10:30 am
5:30 pm	"	4:10 pm
8:05 am	Sat. and Sun. only	9:45 am
4:35 pm	Sat. and Sun. only	5:00 pm
10:40 am	Sunday only	9:20 am

For rates on freight and passengers, apply at room 412, Bradbury building, corner Third and Broadway, Los Angeles.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA NEWS

PASADENA.

HOW THE SCHOOL BONDS WERE BEATEN.

The New Republican Wigwam—The Big Search Light and Its Site on the Mountain—Briefs and Personal Notes.

PASADENA, Aug. 26.—(Special Correspondence.) As a two-thirds vote was necessary to carry the proposition to issue $20,000 in bonds for the purpose of raising the money to put up a needed new school building in Pasadena, the election of Saturday decided against it, the vote being, as reported in Sunday's Times, 116 for bonds and 83 against. This election effectually disposes of the expectation of raising money by means of bonds in time to build a new schoolhouse this year, and leaves the field clear for some one to make a move, by friendly lawsuit or otherwise, to bring the question of the legality of the Pasadena City School District into court and secure a judicial decision, which will clear the way for establishing the credit of the district's future issue of securities. Though a total of only 199 votes were cast, and most of these were dropped into the box after 5 p.m., the polling place at Wilson High School building looked, during the later hours, as though a hot political battle was being fought. The opponents of the bond proposition used a carriage for carrying their votes to the ballot-box, and in this manner secured most of the 83 votes. What will be the next step taken in the school district muddle is not known.

LET'S TALK OF THE WEATHER.

As most people find more or less comfort in the misery of others, some of us have derived some consolation during the past couple of days of unprecedented hot weather, in the knowledge of the fact that with a superheated land breeze blowing, the heat must have been almost, if not fully, as intense on the seashore as it was inland. Reports from the beaches bear out this supposition, but despite the fact, a great many passengers today braved the terrors of crowded railroad cars and stuffy heat to go down where the rolling breakers pound and roar and drinking water is scarce. The weather here today was not much of an improvement over that of the day before, and though no storm occurred, there were a few little wind gusts and a sprinkle of rain, together with distant roaring of thunder in the mountains, which seemed to promise a recurrence of the celestial disturbance of Saturday morning.

THE NEW WIGWAM.

The new Republican wigwam on Colorado street, just west of Fair Oaks, will be ready for the meeting Monday night. The space between the Arcade Block and the Jarvis building has been inclosed by a high-board fence in the front and rear, with a wide door cut in the redwood facade, and a speakers' stand at the opposite end of the auditorium. The wigwam will have side walls of brick, end walls of boards, and for a roof will have the starry vault of heaven. With typical Pasadena weather the place will be an admirable one for public speaking by night. The meeting Monday evening will be held in the new auditorium, as has been announced, and by local speakers.

PASADENA BREVITIES.

The great search light which Prof. Lowe purchased to surmount the mountains has not yet been elevated. It is proposed to first place it in a position on Echo Mountain, where it will remain until the electric road is completed to the summit of Mt. Lowe, when the light will be permanently set upon that prominent peak of the Sierra Madres. To operate the light will require a current of the full capacity of an eleven-horse power generator, and it is not practicable to supply this power until the traction road is built from Echo Mountain to Mt. Lowe. When the light is in operation on the mountain no one will be safely in the dark anywhere in Southern California, as it penetrating rays are likely to strike most unlikely places.

(Star:) "Business isn't so bad, if it is dull," said a business man yesterday. "It is three times a good as it was this time last year." Which reminds us that there is a whole lot doing for the hot days, and, bye and bye, when it cools off and everybody comes out from under the cabbage leaves, things will hum again.

H. B. Lawrence, who has served as Justice of the Peace of Pasadena Township for two years past, announces himself as a candidate for another term, hoping to receive the nomination at the hands of Republicans in the township convention.

Mrs. W. B. Mosher and children today departed for Oakland to reside. Mr. Mosher's duties as mail agent requiring him to live in that part of the State.

Dr. E. A. Tyng, who has been passing a season at Long Beach, has taken Mr. Campbell's cottage, on Lincoln avenue, and will make her home there.

Scares & White sold for C. H. Frost a lot of 110 feet frontage on Colorado street, near Hudson avenue, to Breener & Crosby, for $2750.

Miss Thompson expects to leave on Monday for Stanford University to resume her duties as mistress of the ladies' hall.

A party will be given at Hotel Green next Thursday evening by Dr. and Mrs. F. F. Rowland, for their daughters.

Jo Simons, the Democratic orator of Pasadena, returned today from the San Francisco convention.

Dr. J. H. Ritchey of Portage, Wis., is visiting the family of S. M. Gearhart of Summit avenue.

At Echo Mountain.

A most delightful breeze prevailed all day upon Echo Mountain, and in its refreshing coolness many visitors from the overheated valley found rest, pleasure and invigoration. Among the many who availed themselves of these advantages we note the following:

Judge Charles H. Carey of Portland, Or.; H. B. Wesner, San Bernardino; Mr. and Mrs. W. I. Horner, Phoenix, Ariz.; Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Hall, Boston, Mass.; S. E. McKurer, S. S. Wallace, Howard Wallace, F. M. French and wife, E. Phelps, B. F. Vreeland, wife and daughter, Misses Hazel and Della French, Los Angeles; W. B. Rowland, wife and child, G. C. Horton, Pasadena; and others by the score.

Saturday's storm in the valley drove many to the heights of the Sierra Madre, where, after a slight shower in the early morning, just enough to lay the dust, the air was cool and dry. Seldom do Southern Californians enjoy the opportunity of seeing a thunder storm rage all around them, and yet themselves be in no way inconvenienced. This condition prevailed on Echo Mountain on Saturday, for the clouds were below and all about us, but the mountain was dry as could be wished.

SANTA MONICA.

A Great Crowd—Coming Primaries—Local Notes.

SANTA MONICA, Aug. 26.—(Special Correspondence.) Today was in a measure a repetition of yesterday as to weather, and it brought to the beach an immense crowd of people. They literally swarmed in and over the bath-houses and beach, and they kept the trail hot that led from the depots and shore to the camping-grounds of the N.G.C. Just as many people bathed as the combined capacity of all the bath-houses could by any possibility furnish suits and dressing-rooms for. The over-crowding business began with the first trains in, and continued until a late hour in the afternoon. A pleasant breeze came in off the water all day, and this, with an umbrella, made one perfectly comfortable. No observing person could fail to note today that Santa Monica is preeminently the leading resort for Angelenos, and the denizens of her sister towns along the foothills.

The steamer Mexico came across the bay shortly after noon today, and tied up at the wharf for a couple of hours. The boat was headed for San Francisco and way points, and carried away more than half a hundred passengers and a good tonnage of freight.

It has been practically decided by default that the Republican primary in the first precinct will be held without a previous caucus, while the voters of the second precinct will meet Tuesday evening to nominate a ticket to be voted for. The first precincters will vote at C. C. Twichell's office, the election officers being: Nelson McCain, inspector; T. H. Elliott, judge; W. S. Chamberlain and Frank Cutter, clerks. In the second precinct the voting will be at the engine house, and the officers are: J. R. Moore, inspector; J. J. Place, judge; J. R. Barackman and A. E. Jackson, clerks. Primary Thursday, August 30, from 12 m. to 7 p. m. Convention, Tuesday, September 4th.

The nine delegates chosen by the two precincts, together with those from the Soldiers' Home and the Canyon, will constitute the convention to nominate township officers.

In the matter of offices to be filled by vote of more than the township it is understood that Santa Monica has at least three out-and-out candidates. Dr. H. C. Cates will ask for renomination as coroner, Thomas A. Lewis is in the race for auditor and H. G. Weyse is willing to serve the State as a legislator in the lower house. There has developed no surface opposition to any one of the three. Neither one can be said to be seriously in the other's way, though factional divisions may protrude into the primaries far enough to draw lines for and against the candidates. United Santa Monica is likely to get a part, if not all, that she asks. What will result in case of controversy time alone can tell. Other places on the county ticket are held in abeyance to a decision upon the chances of the home candidates.

Quite a flurry of excitement occurred at the plunge today, when some one playfully pushed Henry Reimert of Los Angeles into the water where is was far above his depth. Those who saw the incident waited for him to come to the surface, but as he did not reappear C. P. Kinzey of Co. C., Seventh regiment, dived and found Reimert inert at the bottom. He brought him up and he was taken out and rolled in the sand until restored to consciousness. He could not swim a stroke and was in danger of never again seeing the light of day had not Kinzey gone to his rescue.

Los Angeles was represented on the Arcadia register today by the following: A. C. Galsh, John Bryson, Sr., A. J. Warren, Alta Warren, Andrew and Miss Mullen, William Crothers, H. B. Hazard, J. P. Hutchinson, W. Campbell, Lewis A. Grant, P. S. Demens and wife, John J. Adams, C. McFarland and wife, M. Cohn, J. E. Cook and wife, Captain A. F. Halpin, T. Bellington, Miss Hawks, S. S. Pearsons, G. J. Griffith, W. R. Henderson, R. M. Adams, F. P. Gregson and George S. Gregson, Gov. N. O. Murphy and family, Arizona, were also among the arrivals, as were ex-Judge William R. Barnes and wife. Of other guests the names filled several pages, and they hailed from half the States in the Union.

A very interesting game of polo entertained a large audience Saturday afternoon, in which the Blacks, Messrs. Procter, Waring and Parker were defeated by the Yellows, Messrs. Bettner, Bolton and Hoy, by a score of 9 to 2.

On the Jackson's register today were written, among others, the names of C. F. Winters and wife, W. R. Jones and wife, Nina Hacker, F. W. Caley and J. T. Goodman, Los Angeles; T. H. Webster, Mrs. E. M. Adams, Miss M. A. McCrea, Pasadena; J. A. Scott and wife, Grapeland; Leona and Gertie Collins, Redlands; E. J. Stanton and daughter, Williams, Ariz.; John M. Wilcox, Globe, Ariz., and L. B. Stanton, Riverside.

Cards are out for the celebration of the golden wedding of Thomas J. and Mrs. Newby, which will occur at the family residence, Second and Arizona, Monday evening.

The Old Canyon indulged in a ball of considerable proportions Saturday evening.

POMONA.

Preparations for the Reopening of the Public Schools.

POMONA, Aug. 26.—(Special Correspondence.) The public schools are to be reopened September 17, with twenty-three of the twenty-four rooms in the various school buildings—and probably all twenty-four occupied— and looked over and managed by twenty-seven, possibly twenty-eight, teachers, as it is probable that a kindergarten will be established in the southeast primary building.

The Board of Education has had the old houses, namely, the southeast primary, the old central and the southwest primary buildings, put under a course of overhauling, remodeling and repainting, so as to be in decent shape for the reception of pupils and teachers at the beginning of the fall session of 1894-95.

This number of rooms and teachers ought to accommodate in good shape all the children within Pomona who will be likely to attend he public schools—as the Pomona and Lordsburg colleges will necessarily draw from the more advanced young people both in years and studies; but there will not, after all, be by any means anything like a surplus of accommodations.

There is already worked up in this community much interest in the approaching Republican precinct caucus, to be held Tuesday evening the 28th inst., at the four places previously announced in these columns, and the result will probably be that the full local strength of the party now at home will turn out on the occasion.

The city fathers, notwithstanding the slight breeze now visiting this section from the torrid or some other shamefully hot region, will meet on Tuesday night.

Speaking of yields in the matter of fruit in this locality, it would perhaps amaze some Eastern visitor to say that H. A. Ross gathered from his five-acre apricot orchard the modest quantity of sixty-seven tons; while from Mrs. Edgar's eight-acre orchard 110 tons of apricots were picked this season that has just closed.

There has been up to this date some twenty-four of twenty-five carloads of dried apricots shipped out from this valley, or, rather, from Pomona.

The Kinglsey tract deciduous fruit growers, some of them think, will have something near fifty of sixty tons each of peaches and prunes.

The canning company is running its machinery today (Sunday) and also having some dried fruit sacked, in order that no loss may ensue from fruit already on hand.

The consumption of ice during the month of July in Pomona was over 105,000 pounds.

It has threatened rain more or less throughout the day, but as yet none has fallen in this immediate vicinity.

The melon crop in this vicinity has turned out to be much larger than was at first estimated, and, as a rule, the quality of the later growth is excellent. In fact, it may be that the experience and observation of this year will convince ranchers that it is not best to use water too abundantly and carelessly in irrigating if the best results in the matter of flavor, quality, etc., are desired. Of course, there must be a sufficiency to insure proper growth and size; but overdo this, and the chances are that the fruit will be too watery and necessarily tasteless.

There were too many Pomonans that left this morning via the Santa Fe and Southern Pacific roads for Santa Monica and other coast resorts to be enumerated in the space alloted for these items; suffice it to say that there were many of both sexes, and that they seemed "bent on a good time."

John Sehwan, Ed Street, Walter Martin and Ed Rogne have returned from their Mexican trip.

Mrs. P. J. Tarr and son, Will, have returned from Elsinore Hot Springs.

Wonderful Temples.

(Exchange:) Mayaliptmam, India, has seven of the most remarkable temples of the world, each of these unique places of worship having been fashioned from solid granite boulders. Some idea of their size and the task of chiseling out the interior may be gleaned from the fact that the smallest of the seven is twenty-four feet high, seventeen feet long and twelve feet wide. Travelers who have carefully examined them are of the opinion that it took centuries of work to carve those graceful edifices from natural rock.

ORANGE COUNTY.

FRUIT-GROWERS WHO DID REMARKABLY WELL.

Report of the Secretary of the Placentia Association — The Political Waterloo of the County.

SANTA ANA, Aug. 26.—(Special Correspondence.) The secretary of the Placentia Fruit Growers' Association has submitted his report of the receipts and expenditures of the association for the season of 1893-1894. It will prove interesting for all fruit-growers in the county, and is as follows:

RECEIPTS.

For oranges from Orange Co. Fruit Exchange	$ 1,931 55
For oranges from Germain Fruit Co.	24,534 77
For oranges from Judson Pratt Fruit Co., 1 box	1 50
From oranges from culls sold	107 08
For oranges from consignments	27 08
For oranges from stock account	22 00
For oranges from bills payable	1,600 00
For oranges from rebates on freight	10 45
For oranges from paper sold	78 65
For oranges from nails sold	8.50
For oranges from boxes sold	1.50
For oranges from boxes sold	1 00
For oranges from Fruit Co. Exchange (2 cents per box)	423 90
For oranges from sundries	9 73
Total receipts	$28,154 14

EXPENDITURES.

Paid growers on account of oranges	$17,527 04
Paid growers on account of culls	12 20
Paid on account of brushing	608 31
Paid on account of brokerage (O.C.F. Ex.,)	1,669 75
Paid on account of bills payable	1,600 00
Paid on account of interest	17 13
Paid on account of five (5) per cent (O.C.F. Ex)	49 60
Paid on account of packing	1,545 37
Paid on account of paper	532 58
Paid on account of orange boxes	2,837 85
Paid on account of nails	161 85
Paid on account of grader, including labor and fixtures	144 02
Paid on account cking-houses, labor, etc	$17 67
Paid on account attorney's fees and incorporation papers	25 15
Paid on account salaries	559 40
Paid on account clippers	3 50
Paid on account scales	36 00
Paid on account stationery and printing	34 50
Paid on account seal	3 50
Paid on account rent	125 50
Paid on account Orange Press	17 50
Paid on acount C. P. Dayton	50 00
Paid on account fruit boxes, nails, paper, etc	713 90
Paid on account sundries, telephone, postage, etc	23 85
Total	$27,055 82
Total receipts	$28,154 14
Total expenditures	$ 27,055 82
Balance cash in hand	1,098 32
	$28,154 14

INVENTORY, FACE VALUE.

Grader	$144 02
Picking boxes	417 67
Clippers	3 50
Scales	36 00
Seal	3 50
Orange Press	17 50
Stamps and stencils	25 38
Nails	21 00
Paper	20 00
Total inventory	$678 57

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES.

ASSETS.

Inventory, face value	$ 678 57
Germain Fruit Co., balance due	262 74
Cash in bank	1,098 32
Total assets	$2,039 63

LIABILITIES.

Stock	$ 22 50
Cost per box shipped less cash on hand, 0.5527	
Cost per box less inventory and cash on hand, 0.3110	

From the above report it will be seen that the fruit-growers did remarkably well, considering what they had contended with. It is confidently expected that by another season the association will do still better than it has during the first.

THE POLITICAL WATERLOO.

A correspondent from San Juan Capistrano writes as follows to one of the Santa Ana papers. We are looking forward with lively interest to the time when the candidates for office will come down and give us a genuine hand-shaking, when we expect the political connoisseur will be regaled with a new edition of the old story, with sufficient new blood, we hope, to make it interesting. It should be remembered that San Juan holds the balance of power, and that should no reason why we should have a rousing political meeting. San Juan is the political Waterloo of Orange county, and don't you forget it."

SANTA ANA BREVITIES.

The soldier boys all being away at camp at Santa Monica, and many of their friends having gone down to see them today, the streets are unusually quiet, even for Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Seeger will leave town tomorrow (Monday) for an extended visit with relatives and friends.

Superior Court will be in session tomorrow (Monday.)

(Orange News:) The output of dried apricots for Orange county will amount to between forty and forty-five carloads. About ten carloads of Orange county fruit has already been shipped, the prices realized by the growers being 6½ to 6¾ cents. At this figure apricot groves will return their owners from $200 to $300 per acre.

Miss Sallie Peabody visited her brother, Private H. S. Peabody of Co. F, Ninth Regiment, at Camp Santa Monica today, Sunday.

Ed Hanon of Co. F was called home from Santa Monica today by the sudden sickness of his father.

Jacob Ross had a runaway this morning in which his wife was badly hurt.

CATALINA ISLAND.

The Times' News Budget by the Pigeon Line.

AVALON, Aug. 26.—(Special to The Times by Zahn's carrier-pigeon, "Orizaba.") Yesterday the carrier pigeons were only "loded" for The Times and promptly liberated, but the occurance of a severe storm on the mainland was so directly opposed to all pre-conceived notions on the part of the intelligent homers as to August weather in California that after scenting the battle of the elements from afar they refused to leave the island.

Catalinians have just experienced the warmest weather of many years, and all day yesterday everybody apparently was either in the water or on it. Launches, yachts and skiffs were in unusual demand; the bathing pavilion was a powerful center of attraction, and all were wondering how their less favored friends across the channel were surviving the sudden pressure without nature's best approved cooling apparatus at their command.

The schooner-yacht Vine, which its gay party from San Francisco and vicinity, is still anchored in the bay, and the Golden Gate visitors are enjoying the delights of Catalina to the utmost.

The following comprise the party: Capt. and Mrs. John E. Burns, Misses Althea and Bernice Burns, Mr. and Mrs. M. P. Wolf, San Francisco; Dr. and Mrs. T. B. Taylor, Joseph Lancaster, William J. Oakes, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. de Pue, Clara de Pue, Oakland; Capt. A. E. Small, Santa Cruz; Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Spiars, Fruitvale.

The big jewfish displayed on the beach this morning was brought in by H. A. Darling, who, in company with Mrs. Bishop, Miss Brown, Los Angeles, and Miss Callie Palmer, of Poughkeepsie, N. Y., spent a portion of yesterday afternoon a mile or so south of Pebble Beach. Mr. Darling, who has caught most of the jewfish brought in this season, reports his latest capture, which probably weighs close to 350 pounds, as the gamiest he ever encountered. When brought close in the big fish dashed madly about the boat several times, drenching the entire party, and occasionally varying the performance by taking a header for the boat, which threatened disaster to all concerned. The ladies were seriously alarmed, but declare now that they wouldn't have missed the experience for the world and all that's in it.

C. C. Pierce and Mr. and Mrs. Gould of Los Angeles were among the successful anglers yesterday. Their field of operation was a point midway between Seal and Church rocks, and a number of white fish, perch, eels, etc., with a fine yellowtail, were securely landed.

Rock bass, sheepshead and white fish are biting freely along Camp Banning and Bermosillo Canyon. Dr. B. M. Page, George T. Schmitt and B. E. Page of Pasadena spent a few hours in this vicinity and returned with 123 pounds of the varieties named to their credit.

The following party had a delightful sail on the Fleetwing to the isthmus yesterday afternoon, returning in the early evening: Mrs. Octavia Morgan, Miss Emma de Groot, Mrs. C. S. Mott, Miss Mott, Miss Leonora Varian, Charles Lockwood, Jr., E. E. Rothe, J. D. Garner, B. B. Phillips, H. L. Miller, George F. Kendall, J. H. Wilson, A. C. Mott, Miss Myrtle Wilson, R. W. Brooke, A. Wendall and John Mather.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Mellus of Los Angeles are guests at the Hotel Metropole.

Mr. and Mrs. James A. Montgomery have returned to Los Angeles after a two weeks' stay on the island.

Mrs. F. G. King, formerly of Michigan, but latterly prominent in Los Angeles social circles, arrived on Friday and is a guest of the Glenmore.

Mr. and Mrs. James H. Norton have gone to Long Beach for the remainder of the season.

The latest arrivals on Catalina from San Francisco include: D. B. Crane, W. G. Kaske and wife, D. E. Miles, W. S. Corson, C. W. Smith, George W. Conroy.

L. Hewlett, Oakland; A. P. George and wife, Sacramento, registered at the Hotel Metropole yesterday.

Charles E. Armstrong and family of Los Angeles will occupy the Island House, one of the most attractive cottages of Avalon, until October 1.

Prof. and Mrs. Kramer of Los Angeles are at the Bellevue for the season.

J. C. Cunningham and wife, F. W. Chase, wife and daughter of Los Angeles have gone into camp for a month at Cherry Valley.

Drs. John McCoy and E. W. Bush, Los Angeles; R. J. Spooner, Riverside; W. P. Meredith, San Diego, are registered at the Grandview.

The following well-known Pasadenians spent yesterday at the isthmus and Catalina Harbor: Mr. and Mrs. Hurlbut, Miss Hurlbut, Mr. and Mrs. Vail, the Misses Reed, Mr. Blake, Mr. and Mrs. Holder, B. O. Bruce, Mr. and Mrs. Vandervoort and Clarence Miller.

Among the large number who arrived from Los Angeles yesterday are: J. Elbunston, Mrs. L. W. Wells, Mrs. O. G. Delisle, W. G. Worsham and family, Fred V. Fisher, E.R. Kellam, E. P. Bryan, Lionel E. Ogden, William Garland, R. C. Smith, H. J. Atwater and wife, G. W. Briggs, J. Brown, Miss Ennis, E. Masten, William Weston, Miss Humbie, Mrs. Scott, F. A. Stephenson, Mrs. Frank Glover, J. P. Thurston, A. N. Hamilton, Mrs. Henry Giesse and H. P. Sweet and wife.

J. R. Hall, H. A. Nichols, Redlands; F. K. Rule, E. A. Branch, R. T. Vandervoort and wife, Mrs. J. Gleason, Pasadena; Mrs. M. J. Worsham, Henderson, Ky.; W. P. Murray, New Orleans, are among the latest arrivals at the Hotel Metropole.

The United States Signal Corps, under direction of Maj. Owens, gave an exhibition of their skill this morning. Squads of men were stationed at different points of elevation, and dispatches by the heliograph and flags were received and forwarded, to the great interest of the spectators.

The electric storm that shocked the mainland did not materialize on Catalina. A most intense humidity prevailed for a time yesterday morning, but was speedily dissipated by the ocean breezes. The weather today is cool and delightful, and being enjoyed to the full by visitors both great and small.

UNIVERSITY.

UNIVERSITY, Aug. 25.—(Special Correspondence.) Dr. M. E. Phillips, the new dean of the college, has moved into Mrs. Baker's home, on Thirty-seventh street. Dr. Phillips's son, who is one of the new professors of the college, has rented one of Mrs. Brown's cottages on Thirty-seventh street, near the electric car line.

Dr. S. A. Thomson is at home with his family for a few days.

Dr. Scherrer has built a handsome cottage on the corner of Jefferson and McClintock streets, and he, with his family, are now occupying it.

Mrs. Tilden and family, who have been spending a month at Long Beach, have returned home.

Mrs. Fred Caswell and daughters are spending a month at Santa Monica.

Mrs. D. M. Welch gave one of her delightful "luncheon parties" on Friday to a few of her lady friends. The house was beautifully decorated with roses and papyrus, and the table with pansies. One lady remarked that the table was a "poem in pansies." The following ladies were present: Mrs. D. M. Welch, Mrs. H. A. Birdsall, Mrs. W. F. Olds, Mrs. A. W. Oliver, Mrs. Slaughter, Mrs. Samuel Hawwer, Mrs. Arnold and Mrs. E. W. Caswell.

The Epworth League held a social at the residence of Mrs. O. P. Brown on Budling avenue on Friday night.

The teachers' regular weekly meeting was held at Mr. Oliver's, corner Vermont and Jefferson.

Rev. E. W. Caswell and son Lincoln returned from a trip to the San Bernardino mountains Thursday. They drove the entire distance, stopping at El Monte, Rialto, Redlands, Mentone and South Riverside.

MONROVIA.

MONROVIA, Aug. 25.—(Special Correspondence.) F. G. Baker and wife of Chicago are making a short sojourn in Monrovia. Mr. Baker is interested in the John H. Baker fruit dryer located here.

Mis Amy Whedon, formerly of this place, now residing in Los Angeles, is visiting the family of L. L. Barnes.

Mrs. J. M. Thomas will move to Los Angeles this week to enable her daughter, Mrs. M. S. Monroe, to attend the Woodbury Business College.

Harry H. Lechler, manager of the Leslie fruit dryer, made a flying trip to Riverside this week.

William Lieurance of Peru, Ind., died on Thursday morning. His body will be taken to his Eastern home for burial.

Mrs. B. T. Crews and family have just returned from a trip through the Eastern States.

While George O. Monroe was burning some brush on the hills back of the town, the wind carried sparks into a patch of dry chaparral on the hill above the city reservoir and for a time it was feared the fire would spread to the town. It turned, however, up the mountain side, and after several hours' of hard fighting was extinguished. No damage was done.

THE HINDOO'S FAITH.

Differing Degrees of Bliss in the World of the Hereafter.

(St. Louis Republic:) The Jews believed in a plurality of heavens, and so do the Hindoos, the former reckoning seven, the latter but four. These four special abodes of the righteous after death each has its name. The first is called Sara-loga, "God's World;" the second, Sambeeba, "Near to God;" the third, Sarobam, "God's Image," and the fourth, Sayutcheyam, which signifies "to be absorbed in Him."

To Sara-loga, the first degree of bliss, go the souls of all of those who have ever made a pilgrimage to a holy place, or who have paid for the temple lights for one month. In Sara-loga there is great happiness, and no work or sickness. The inmate is allowed to read the five sacred books, drink ambrosia, and hear the houris sing.

To Sambeeba go the spirits of all Keerikarar, or workers in the Brahman cause. Also those who forego the comforts of this life, such as sleeping in a recumbent position, eating sufficiently, etc. Their happiness consists chiefly of continually praising God.

To Sarobam, the third heaven, go the souls of such as never spoil God's model by shaving or paring the nails. These are the Brahman Yogees. They wander about the earth, always going from left to right. They eat nothing but nauseous food and live in a constant state of abstraction on divine subjects.

The fourth heaven, Sayutcheyam, is the coming abode of the "Nyane," or philosophers. These Nyans pay no attention to heat or cold, never bathe, and often go for weeks without food. If they are sick no one knows it but themselves. They are the Stoics of the world of today and believe that in Sayutcheyam they will eventually be absorbed in the Deity.

The Day's Shroud.

From sunrise to the set of sun
The Winds went to and fro,
Singing the while they deftly spun
A garment white like snow.

And, lo! at dusk unto the west
They bore the robe of cloud.
And for the grave the dead Day dressed
Within this snowy shroud.

Then, slowly vanishing from sight,
I heard them softly sing:
And saw above the grave at night
The stars all blossoming.

—(Frank Demester Sherman in the Century.

SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY.

PUSHING THE FIGHT ON INSECT PESTS.

New Fumigating Tents Ordered by the Supervisors — Prohibitionists at Work Securing Pledges.

SAN BERNARDINO, Aug. 26.—(Special Correspondence.) The County Supervisors are again after the insect pests, or rather are putting proper persons after them. Horticultural Commissioner Collins has been instructed to purchase additional fumigating tents at a cost not to exceed $300. The county is now said to be comparatively free of bad fruit pests. The clerk of the board has been instructed to secure from Elwood Cooper, of the State commission, some of the rhizobius ventralis for the purpose of colonizing it in orchards affected with the white scale.

AFTER PLEDGES.

The following pledge has been printed, and is being circulated in this county in the interest of prohibition legislation:

"To the officers and members of the Gospel Temperance Union I hereby pledge that I will not vote for or in any way support at the coming election any nominee who, if opportunity is given, will not subscribe to the following pledge:

"I, ——, nominee for the office of ——, do hereby solemnly affirm that if elected to said office, I will do all in my power to enact and enforce laws for the ultimate and absolute extermination of the saloon."

County Auditor George H. Holbrook is taking advantage of his vacation to go to Denver to meet his wife, now en route from the East, where she has been visiting.

Reckless riding upon the public streets came near resulting in a fatal accident the other evening, a buggy being run into and a little child thrown out and under the horse's feet.

George B. Cole is back from the mountains.

Hugo Zeckendorf of Tucson is in the city for a few days, en route to Santa Monica.

Mrs. M. A. Kearns of San Francisco is visiting her daughter, Mrs. C. D. Dickey of this city.

Miss Grace Cole came up from Los Angeles last week to visit relatives in this city.

The families of the following gentlemen of this city are now at Skinner's resort, Mill Creek Canyon: Messrs. Harvey, Hallowell, Cottrell, McConkey, Sprague and Dr. Bedford.

Frank Gazzollo carries a bullet wound in his arm, the result of the accidental discharge of a 45-caliber cap and ball pistol with which some boys were playing.

REDLANDS.

(REDLANDS, Aug. 26.—(Special Correspondence.) It now develops that the author of one of the letters to the City Trustees calling attention to the house of ill-fame recently established in this city, was written by a young man who professed to be a drummer, but was in fact a hanger-on about the house, and had been ordered by the proprietress to leave the establishment. This enraged the fellow and he turned informer. He has since skipped out, taking with him one of the inmates. He is supposed to be in Los Angeles.

Judge George E. Otis has gone again to the mountains, to be absent until September 1.

Richard Veit has returned to Los Angeles after a stay of seven months here and in the mountains.

Miss Lucy Nettleton and mother have returned from Mountain View resort.

Rev. C. W. Gregory of Los Angeles occupied the Baptist pulpit at the Y.M.C.A. auditorium today.

Rev. and Mrs. O. H. Spoor returned to the coast last evening.

Prof. and Mrs. F. B. Gunther are back from an outing of three weeks at Squirrel Inn.

The last Haverty & Wilmot stage brought nine people down from the mountain resorts.

Mrs. J. S. Luther and Miss Blanche are expected home tomorrow from their seaside outing.

COLTON.

COLTON, Aug. 26.—(Special Correspondence.) The cannery has been running at full blast of late, and has been doing some heavy work. The cannery has been running nights a good part of the time, some nights as late as 1 o'clock. The largest day's work yet done was 22,000 cans of fruit. The fruit now being brought in is of excellent quality, and with all the force of 300 employees, it is difficult to use it as rapidly as it arrives.

Miss Sarah Morris has returned to Banning from her visit here.

An attractive programme has been prepared for the park concert to be given Monday evening.

Services in the Presbyterian Church were conducted by a Mr. Ritchey, who arrived recently from Portage, Wis., and expects to locate upon this coast.

At the last meeting of the City Trustees no satisfactory bid for the city bonds was received, so the clerk was instructed to advertise for new bids.

Miss Sarah Morris has returned to her home in Banning after a pleasant visit with friends in this city.

Miss Wilfred Shibley went to Banning the last of the week for a visit.

Col. Kelting has returned to this city from his visit to the coast.

Mrs. J. W. Davis is back again from her visit to the seaside.

The Great Western Band of this city has acquired quite a name, and will play at the Harlem Springs on Sunday afternoon.

ONTARIO.

ONTARIO, Aug. 26.—(Special Correspondence.) Ontario is feeling the benefit these dull times of a diversification of industries. In a community like Riverside, for instance, that is almost exclusively devoted to orange-growing, business during the summer months is very quiet. Here the deciduous fruit and lemons have an important place in the fruit business of the year. While we shipped nearly 200 carloads of oranges last year, there were thirty-nine carloads of green fruit, thirty-seven carloads of dried fruit, twelve carloads of canned fruit, sixteen carloads of raisins, and twenty carloads of lemons sent out. The organization of the Lemon-growers' Exchange has put that industry on much better footing, and we shall ship fifty carloads or more of lemons this year. The exchange packing-house has been a busy place before and since the orange season. In the spring some large shipments of cherries were made, and every week now some four or five tons of green fruit are being shipped. The cannery and evaporator are running with full crews, and in a few weeks work will be begun curing prunes. A great deal of money is paid out for labor in connection with these various enterprises, and the fruit-growers are receiving checks that if not extravagantly large, at least help to set a good deal of the coin of the realm in circulation in this community. Ontario is to be one of the great orange districts of Southern California, but it is well for the general prosperity of the place that the lemon industry has come into great prominence, and that the deciduous planting has kept pace with the citrus. In the language of trade, Ontario is not only headquarters for oranges, but headquarters for prunes, peaches, apricots, cherries, plums, pears and raisins.

At the adjourned meeting of the Fruit Exchange, to be held Saturday evening, some important amendments to the by-laws will be presented.

On Tuesday afternoon the local lodge of the Woodmen of the World will unveil a monument over the grave of the late W. C. Wetsou.

The pulpit of the Methodist Church will be filled next Sunday morning by Dr. M. E. Phillips, dean of the College of Liberal Arts of the University of Southern California.

M. H. Merriman of Los Angeles, J. L. Burton, the Redlands architect, and T. J. Wilson, right-of-way agent of the Southern Pacific, were in town Thursday.

R. E. Blackburn, of the Observer, is taking a vacation at Catalina.

SANTA BARBARA COUNTY.

The County Division Fight—Notes and Personals.

SANTA BARBARA, Aug. 26.—There is very little being said in this city regarding county division, but in the upper end of the county it is the absorbing topic. The anti-divisionists here have fallen into a sort of apathy on the subject, which is likely to be turned to account by the agitators of the question in other sections. The divisionists, however, being given plenty of swing, are making moves which are likely to prove disastrous to the project, on account of sectional jealousy in regard to the county seat. Lompoc divisionists are working for representatives of their cause who will recommend leaving the location of the county seat to a vote of the people, once the county is divided; while those in Santa Ynez, Santa Maria, Guadaloupe, Los Alamos and other points in that vicinity insist on Los Alamos or nothing. The proposed new county seat is already divided against itself, and if let alone will probably defeat its own cause. There is very little opposition here from the fact that people generally have come to the conclusion that division is inevitable, and they say "the sooner the better."

The election yesterday was a decided victory for public-spirited citizens, and proves conclusively that educational and sanitary improvements are valued at their proper worth by the great majority of the citizens. The election was held to decide on issuing bonds in the sum of $8000 to build a new schoolhouse, to make necessary improvements on the old ones and regulate the sanitary conditions of the same. The attendance at the city schools has been rapidly increasing each year, and in some of the schools the rooms are so crowded as as to be dangerous to health. A few of the chronic kickers against improvements spent the day yesterday trying to defeat the proposition, but succeeded in getting only forty-four opposing votes out of a total 353 polled.

Chaning W. Smith of Parkersburg, W. Va., a prominent newspaper man of that city, is in Santa Barbara for a short time.

W. E. Miscall returned to Santa Ynez today.

William Alexander, the champion tennis player of Santa Barbara, is at Santa Monica taking part in the tournament.

Frank McElwain of the Methodist University at Evanston, Ill., is visiting his mother in this city.

The ladies of the Brodiae Club have arranged to give a concert at their club rooms, in the Clock building, on Thursday evening. A very interesting programme has been provided.

RIVERSIDE COUNTY.

A Farewell Reception to Rev. Eli F. Brown.

RIVERSIDE, Aug. 26.—(Special Correspondence.) A favorable reception was tendered Dr. Eli F. Brown by the members of the literary society at his home last evening at East Riverside. The meeting was a large one for this season, so many being absent from East Riverside at the Coast and mountain resorts. Dr. Brown will leave in a few days for the East, where he has accepted a position. The Literary Society presented Dr. Brown with two beautiful pictures last evening—"Poppies" and "A Quiet Evening."

RIVERSIDE BREVITIES.

The deeper the investigations are carried into the transactions of M. H. Savage at Perris, where he was superintendent of the Indian School, the more odorous his whole conduct becomes. Not only was he an embezzler to an extent not yet known, but is said to have been guilty of the grossest immorality in his relations with some of the girls in the school.

There was a heavy downpour of rain in this city last evening, lasting for about half an hour. The rain came in torrents, and so suddenly that many people got a good soaking.

Suit has been begun by W. J. Davis against Martha Hinds and others to foreclose a mortgage securing a note for $1500.

Most of the valuable and useful prizes donated by the merchants of this city for the annual road race and labor-day track races of the Riverside Wheelmen, are now on exhibition, and make a very attractive display. The prizes are all worth an effort in contending for them.

The Riverside Republicans are trying to arrange to have Hon. M. M. Estee visit this place and address them upon the occasion of his visit to Southern California early next month.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Dufour and daughter are back from Kentucky.

George T. Frost is at Tulare, and will be absent several months.

Good alfalfa hay is now bringing $8 a ton in the field, in the interior of the county.

The date of the election for special school tax and school-refunding bonds having been fixed for September 5, the date of the non-partisan convention, the Executive Committee has changed the convention date to September 6, at 10 a.m., at Perris.

The contract for building the Schneider district school

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

CITY BRIEFS

NEWS AND BUSINESS.

The Weather.

U. S. Weather Bureau, Los Angeles, Cal., Aug. 26, 1894.—At 5 o'clock a.m. the barometer registered 29.90; at 5 p.m., 29.80. Thermometer for the corresponding hours showed 70 deg. and 79 deg. Maximum temperature, 97 deg.; minimum temperature, 68 deg. Character of weather, partly cloudy;

Barometer reduced to sea level.

C. D. Howry, leading funeral director, First and Broadway, does the principal business of the city. His prices are the lowest; his services unequaled. Telephone No. 107.

The temperature at the Hotel Del Coronado yesterday was 77 deg., which is decidedly refreshing in view of the altitude attained by the mercury in other localities.

Visit the Arrowhead Hot Springs, the finest mountain resort on the Coast. See notice under hotels.

Dr. Lawrence, No. 107 North Spring. Tel. No. 1267. Diseases of women and obstetrics.

Mantels, tiles, office fittings, hardwood lumber. H. Bohrman, No. 514 South Spring.

Eastern grapes at Althouse Bros.

The City Council meets at 10 o'clock this morning.

The police had a day off yesterday, not an arrest of any importance being reported.

The school board will meet in the Council Chamber at the City Hall this evening.

People returning from the mountains report a heavy rainfall during the past two days.

The effects of the warm weather was distinctly in evidence yesterday at the churches. The attendance was the lightest of the year.

It was too hot yesterday to talk politics in the city, and most of the candidates went to the beach, where they kept up their work.

The city was practically deserted yesterday afternoon the torrid wave driving every one who could get away to the beach and keeping the stay-at-homes indoors.

The Robin Hood Social Club will give its second dance Wednesday evening at St. Vincent's Hall, corner of Sixth and Hill. One hundred and thirty dancers attended the opening night, and a still more enjoyable and successful time is anticipated at the coming dance.

PERSONALS.

Miss Mabel Johnson left Saturday evening for Chicago.

Dr. John R. Hayes has returned to the city from a few days' outing.

T. W. Brown, Jr., has returned from a week's outing at Redondo.

Mrs. Lewis Brown of Detroit is visiting her mother, Mrs. Hutchinson, of Ninth street.

Quite a party of Los Angeles people made the ascent of Mt. Wilson Saturday, returning today.

Mrs. Adams and Miss Tedford have returned from a week's outing at Catalina.

Miss Ray Corson has returned from her sojourn at Long Beach.

Messrs. Louis Klagg, Fred Grayson and Charles Price leave today for a week's hunting in the mountains.

Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Freeman have returned from Santa Monica, where they have been spending a month.

Among yesterday's arrivals was Dr. Stephen Rice of Memphis, Tenn., who comes to Southern California in search of health.

Mrs. Julia Mone and her son returned to the city last Friday after a two months' visit at her old home in Humboldt county. Young Mone returns to his studies in Bryan, Tex., September 5.

SHAKY SUIT CLUBS.

A General Tendency to Collapse in the Schemes.

(San Francisco Post:) The tailors of the city are inclined to smile a little just now over the general collapse that seems to be overtaking what may be denominated as the "suit-club industry." These plausible schemes, for their name has been legion in and about the city, have caught a good many people since they were first placed before the public, and not a few persons have had cause to regret that they invested in them.

On the surface the propositions of those engineering the suit-club schemes were attractive enough. A club of forty men was to be formed, each member to pay in $1 a week. Every week there was a "drawing" for a suit supposed to be worth $40. That subscriber who held the lucky number obtained the suit, even if he had only paid a single $1 assessment. Then he dropped out of the club and his place was taken by some one else. The unlucky members were those who did not win until they had paid numerous assessments. In any case, however, they would obtain a suit after making forty payments. So they would not be out any thing after all.

Such was the statement of the promoters of the schemes. But somehow a great deal of dissatisfaction began to arise. It was noted that those who were in the drawings after paying only a single assessment or two were usually men prominent in public life, or who were known to have an extensive acquaintance. Such as these seemed remarkably successful at the drawings.

There are instances where agents for the schemes have promised such men that they would be allowed to win at the first or second drawing if they would only invest.

But there were other complaints, even from among the winners. It transpired that the $40 suits were in many cases rather poor $15 "layouts." In some instances the winners were persuaded to pay a few dollars additional to secure a "highly superior quality of cloth." But the highly superior quality did not keep the coats from coming to pieces.

But finally worse things yet began to happen. One by one the men behind the suit-club schemes began to fail. Some fled the city and the State. Others simply sought refuge in the bankruptcy court. But in any case the result of it all has been to cast a thick pall of gloom over the suit-club industry.

DEATH RECORD.

POPE—In this city, August 26, 1894, Mrs. J. A. Pope, aged 58 years.

Funeral from the residence of her sister, Mrs. J. W. Gardner, No. 121 West Thirty-first street, this (Monday) afternoon at 3 o'clock p.m. Interment private.

MARTINEZ—On Sunday, August 26, 1894, at 9 a.m., at her residence, No. 622 North Main street, Mrs. Francisca G. Martinez, aged 87 years.

Funeral Tuesday morning at 9 o'clock from the Church of Our Lady of the Angels. Friends invited to attend.

UNDER THE DUMMY.

A. C. BUTLER IS STRUCK BY A CABLE TRAIN.

The Man Has a Leg Broken, but Appears Anxious That His Identity Be Not Revealed—Evidently Intoxicated.

A cable train to which was attached car No. 73, ran into a man at the corner of First and Spring streets last night shortly after 11 o'clock. The train was westbound and started to round the corner on the east side division with a clear track in front of it. Just as the center of the curve was reached a man was seen to wander in an aimless way toward the middle of the street. The gripman rang the warning gong and thought that the man certainly would stop and allow the cars to pass before attempting to make the crossing. The fellow appeared to be under the influence of liquor, however, and stepped directly in front of the rapidly-moving dummy. The cable was dropped and the brakes were applied instantly, but before the train came to a standstill the man was underneath the dummy, a wheel of which passed over his left leg, breaking it above the knee and cutting a deep gash just below this spot. The weight of the heavy car also pressed closely upon his breast and it was necessary to lift the dummy before his body could be extricated. The patrol wagon was summoned and the wounded man was conveyed to the Receiving Hospital. He seemed cheerful enough when laid upon the operating table and insisted upon being told whether or not he was seriously injured.

Police Surgeon Bryant and Dr. Ainsworth were called to attend him, and after a short examination they found that the man's injuries were not necessarily fatal. When Dr. Ainsworth asked the man what his name was he replied, "Smith," but afterward changed this to A. C. Butler. Before replying to the questions, however, he looked about and wanted to know whether there were any reporters present. Upon being assured that there were not by the physician, notwithstanding the fact that several eager newspaper men stood close beside him, he said that his name was A. C. Butler, and that he had but lately arrived in this city from Cleveland, O. He gave his residence as 233 West Fifth street. Jailer Hill started to take possession of the money and articles in the injured man's pockets, when Butler stopped him and wanted to know what the officer was doing. He seemed very much concerned about revealing his identity, and said to the policeman in very emphatic tones, "Don't you dare read any of my papers."

The physicians set Butler's broken leg and sewed up the gashes on his face, and left the man resting quite easily.

Old "Dr." Sweeney, the man who attempted suicide on Saturday evening, occupied a cot close to the operating table, and gazed in a curious and interested fashion at the doctors while they worked on the mangled body of Butler. The latter was evidently intoxicated when he walked in front of the cable train, consequently no blame is attached to either the gripman or conductor.

Electric Bullet-finder.

The electric bullet-finder or probe, an invention of Dr. John H. Girdner of New York consists of an ordinary metal probe and an extra bulb of the same metal that the probe is made of. Inasmuch as there is no battery connected with the apparatus, it may puzzle even an electrician to discover wherein the electrical element lies, says the Boston Transcript. Just here is where the instrument assumes its truly scientific aspect, for its invention proves that there is a definite quantity of electricity in the battery which supplies the current. Dr. Girdner had tried for years to devise some surer means of locating bullets than was possible with the ordinary probe. Some years ago somebody had invented an electric bullet probe which depended on a battery cell to supply the current. But the trouble was that as soon as the end of the probe was inserted in the flesh an electric circuit would be established through the flesh itself and the electric bell would ring. So it was not known whether a bullet had been touched or not. One night it occurred to Dr. Girdner that the body itself might contain enough of a current to operate a bell or a telephone receiver. Experiments proved the fact. The principal of the instrument is as follows: The metal bulb is placed in the wounded person's mouth, the telephone receiver is held to the surgeon's ear, and the probe in the hole made by the bullet. The bulb in the mouth and the probe are made of the same metal, copper being preferred; and because they are the same no manifestation is heard in the telephone. But as soon as the leaden bullet is touched, it brings another metal into the circuit. The human body then immediately becomes one immense cell, which generates a current strong enough to operate the telephone, so that as soon as the bullet is touched a click is heard in the telephone and the location of the bullet is established beyond a doubt.

Green Plums for Olives.

(Bingham (N. Y.,) Call:) Representatives of pickling, curing and preserving-houses of New York and other cities are making their annual visits to the fruit-growing districts of the State, contracting for plums, peaches, pears and other small fruits. The particular fruit now being purchased is green plums. This fruit is now approaching its size and appearance when it is especially desired by pickling establishments, from which it is turned out on the market as the olive—either French or Italian, as the demand may be. John F. White of Leicester, N.Y., has 7000 plum trees in his orchard. He has sold the entire product, between 15,000 and 20,000 bushels, to olive picklers. The extent of this home-grown olive business may be imagined when it is known that Mr. White's orchard provides only a small portion of the green plums that are sold for olive pickling by the fruit-growers of this part of the State.

INFORMATION WANTED.

Between May 24 and June 24, 1894, C. W. Vinal stopped at some house in or near Los Angeles. Information is wanted about him and his trunk. Suitable reward. Address Bradshaw Bros., No. 139 South Broadway, Los Angeles, or Franz Buckreus, Coroner.

TIP TOP COUGH SYRUP

We Consider TIP TOP to be an excellent remedy. It has given splendid satisfaction in our family.
N. J. STARK, San Diego, Cal.
All Druggists, 50c.

TRY
Shopping with us by mail; we make it easy. Send to us for samples, or prices. Every letter answered.

ICE BERGS

SHADES
Made to order at lower prices than you can buy them ready made. Made to fit your window.

Would be welcome now. We are just out, had a mail order for the last one we had, but here are some cool, refreshing prices on wash stuffs. The prices of last week have succumbed to the hot weather and melted down to almost nothing. We don't speak of a thing here that won't suggest summer comfort at prices that are purse comforts too.

Wash Grenadines. Black grounds, extremely pretty floral designs in colors, 32 inches wide, have been 25c; good-by, Grenadines, good-by, at..... 15c

French Sateens. The real imported stuff, magnificent range of styles, dark grounds, designs would do credit to silks, real worth 35c; good-by, Sateens, good-by, at.... 15c

Storm Serges. 8 beautiful autumn colorings in all-wool 38 in. Storm Serge, if they ain't worth 50c don't buy them; good-by, Storm Serges, good-by at..... 35c

Ladies' Shoes. The famous Wright & Peters make, hand-turned, with cloth or kid top, opera or square toe, all widths and sizes, good value $5, our price $4.00

Veilings. 1000 yards of fancy silk veilings, all styles and colors, worth 15c and 25c the yard; good-by Silk Veilings, good-by at..... 5c

Wool Challies. 32 inches wide, rich dark ground, choice floral designs, have been 30c the yard; good-by, Wool Challies, good-by, at..... 15c

French Crepes. 32-inch wide, choice, dainty and dark colorings, quaintly pretty floral designs, 25c Saturday, Monday it's good-by, French Crepes, good-by, at..... 15c

New Suitings. The handsome mottled styles now in vogue in the east, 52 inches wide, as choice as choice can be; good-by, Wool Suitings, good-by at.. 59c

Boys' Shoes. The genuine iron-clads, made by Dugan & Hudson, real calf, sizes 2½ to 5½. These come in lace or button; price..... $2.50

Sponges. We retail sponges at wholesale prices, great big fine sponges for 75c, little bits of baby sponges, of the finest kind at..... 4c

Highland Cloths. A serviceable Scotch wash fabric, just the thing for waists and shirt waists; have been 20c, 33 inch wide; good-by, real Scotchers, good-by, at..... 15c

Tamise Cloths. Real imported goods, exquisite silk effects and daintily blended colorings, value 40c, that's honest; good-by Tamise, good-by at..... 15c

Novel Stuffs. A handsome line of seasonable dress goods, 40 in. wide, not a piece in the lot worth less than 75c; good-by, pretty things, good-by at..... 50c

Men's Hats. All the latest Knox & Dunlap's shapes in straw hats; the prices have been stricken down with the heat; good-by, straw hats, good-by..... $1.00

Boys' Suits. Boys' all-wool knee-pant Suits, made to wear, and will wear, really worth $3.50 the suit; good-by, Wool Suits, good-by, at..... $2.98

Scotch Zephyrs. 32 inches wide, real Andersons, regular Johners and Joers, handsome style plaids, really worth 35c; good-by, Scotch Zephyrs, good-by, at..... 15c

Hop Sackings. Prettier than the prettiest Duck you ever saw, light grounds with dainty stripes, 33 in. wide, 25c is the worth; good-by Hop Sacking, good-by at.... 15c

Black Silks. Faille Francaise, 21 in. wide, rich, round full cord, worth 75c or more; good black silk good-by at..... 59c

Men's Neckwear. The handsomest line of new styles in Tecks and Four-in-hands shown in this city; this is no joke; it is good-by, neckties, good-by..... 35c

Ladies' Gloves. Handsome Cloth Suede Gloves, white and colors, full length, actual value $1; good-by, Suede Gloves, good-by, at..... 50c

Long Cloths. A case of beautiful styles just in for today, dainty colorings, wash perfectly, full yard wide, worth 25c; good-by, Long Cloths, good-by, at..... 15c

White Lawn. Handsome hemstitched, lace effect stripes, full width, good value at 25c; but it is good-by, White Lawns, good-by at..... 15c

Black satin. Elegant quality of heavy face all-silk Satin Rhadame, 21 in. wide, 21 in. of worth and wear; good-by, Black Satin, good-by at..... 59c

Ladies' skirts. Made of elegant quality, fast black sateen, handsomely trimmed with pink edge, double ruffle, worth $1.50; good-by, skirts, good-by..... $1.00

Ladies' Hose. Elegant quality, fast black, drop-stitch Hosiery; you can see the value in these with naked eye, worth 40c; good-by, Black Hose, good-by, at... 25c

A. HAMBURGER & SONS.

The Wonderfully Powerful Nerve Producing Remedy.

This extraordinary Rejuvenator is the most wonderful discovery of the age. It has been endorsed by the leading scientific men of Europe and America.

Hudyan is purely vegetable.

Hudyan cures melancholia, blues, dejection, nervous twitchings, convulsions.

Constipation, Dizziness, Failing Sensations, Nervous twitching of the eyes and other parts.

Strengthens, invigorates and tones the entire system. Hudyan cures Debility, Nervousness, Weakness, hot and cold flashes, pains in the back. Hudyan will build up the weak.

Over 2000 private endorsements.

Persons easily excited will find Hudyan to be the best and most powerful medicine procurable. The new discovery was made by the specialists of the old famous Hudson Medical Institute. It is the strongest vitalizer made. It is very powerful, but harmless. Sold for $1 a package or 6 packages for $5 (plain sealed boxes.) Written guarantee given for a cure. If you buy six boxes and are not entirely cured, six more will be sent to you free of all charges.

Send for circulars and testimonials. Address HUDSON MEDICAL INSTITUTE, Junction Stockton Market and Ellis sts. San Francisco, Cal.

YOUR SYSTEM IS RUN DOWN, *YOU COUGH,*

YOU ARE DISGUSTED WITH LIFE

CHOCOLATE EMULSION

Is the ACME of nutritious and stimulating food and TONIC.

IT IS HIGHLY RECOMMENDED BY ALL PHYSICIANS who have tried it.

IT IS AS PALATABLE AS MILK OR HONEY

and it is GUARANTEED to contain 50 per cent of PURE NORWEGIAN COD LIVER OIL together with the Hypophosphites of Calcium and Sodium.

[Chocolate Emulsion Co. S. F.]

Free Samples at HEINZMAN'S 222 N. MAIN.

C. F. Heinzeman,
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NORTH MAIN ST., Lanfrancos Building.
Telephone 60. Los Angeles, Cal

I LIKE MY WIFE TO Use Pozzoni's Complexion Powder because it improves her looks and is as fragrant as violets.

LOS ANGELES, August 27, 1894.

The weather prediction for today is fair.

Temperature yesterday—Highest, 97°; lowest, 68°.

The "well-is-this-hot-enough-for-you" man is again at large. We have been too busy filling the demands for Jas. E. Patton's pure mixed paints at $1.50 per gal., and Princess floor paint at $1.25 to take notice of the weather. Cool and soothing effects can be produced by our enamel paints for furniture decoration, 6 shades.

Price 20c per bottle up-brush.

We continue to sell staples at prices that make competitors sweat, as it were, to keep up.

Milwaukee White lead,	6c lb
Boiled Linseed Oil,	70c gal
Turpentine	55c gal
Dry colors,	2½c lb

NEWTON & NORDHOFF, 331 N. Los Angeles street.

AUCTIONEERS—

Auction!

Saturday, August 24,

10:30 a.m, at 330 South Spring st. Twenty Imperial Japanese Rugs, beautiful patterns, size 9x12 feet; 30 rugs 3x6 feet. The above goods are consigned to us by the agent of the Japanese section of Midwinter Fair. No limit, no reserve. Every rug will positively sell to the highest bidder.

MATLOCK & REED, Auctioneers. 330 South Spring st.

TRESPASSING FORBIDDEN.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, owners of the Maclay Rancho, ex-Mission de San Fernando, warning all persons, under penalty of the law, not to hunt or shoot game, or otherwise trespass on said lands. Any person violating this notice will be prosecuted under the law.

Ten dollars reward will be paid for the arrest and conviction of any person violating this notice.

August 14, 1893.

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GEO. C. HAGAR,
J. K. ALEXANDER,
H. C. HUBBARD,
R. M. WIDNEY,
Trustees.

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DR. EBERSOLE, Optician, Graduate of Chicago Ophthalmic College. Only Graduate Optician in the city.
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Dealers' trade solicited. Telephone 425.
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The W. H. PERRY Lumber and Mfg. Co.'s LUMBER YARD AND PLANING MILL Commercial Street.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING.

$5. CORDOVAN, FRENCH & ENAMELLED CALF.
$4. $3.50 FINE CALF & KANGAROO.
$3.50 POLICE, 3 SOLES.
$2.50 $2. WORKINGMENS EXTRA FINE.
$2. $1.75 BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES.
LADIES
$3. $2.50 $2. $1.75 BEST DONGOLA.
SEND FOR CATALOGUE
W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASS.

You can save money by purchasing W. L. Douglas Shoes.

Because, we are the largest manufacturers of advertised shoes in the world, and guarantee the value by stamping the name and price on the bottom, which protects you against high prices and the middleman's profits. Our shoes equal custom work in style, easy fitting and wearing qualities. We have them sold everywhere at lower prices for the value given than any other make. Take no substitute. If your dealer can not supply you, we can. Sold by

L. W. Gavin, 104 Spring st.; Massachusetts Shoe House, 129 W. First st.; Rochester Shoe House, 103 N. Spring st.

Many Wonderful Cures

DR. HONG SOI

The eminent Chinese physician has successfully treated many patients unable to get relief from other physicians. He is the sixth generation of doctors in his family, having graduated and received his diploma from the medical schools of Canton. He has made many wonderful cures of consumption, rheumatism, asthma, catarrh, kidney and liver troubles, and all other diseases. Dr. Hong Soi uses only herb medicines, and no poisonous drugs. All diseases carefully and correctly diagonosed by feeling the pulse.

Many testimonials at his office of many wonderful cures. DR. HONG SOI,
338 S. Broadway.
LOS ANGELES. CALIFORNIA

NOTICE.

On August 1, 1894, we REDUCED THE PRICE of Electric Incandescent Light, meter measurement, to

Eight-tenths of 1 Cent per Ampere-hour.

Incandescent Lamp Renewals furnished Free.

The Los Angeles Electric Co.
457 South Broadway,
Los Angeles.

Woodbury Business College,
226 South Spring St., Los Angeles,
The oldest and largest commercial school in Southern California. Thorough courses in the Commercial Branches, Shorthand and Typewriting and English Branches. In session all the year. Individual instruction. Finest college rooms in the State. Elevator for pupils' use. Send for catalogue and specimens of penmanship, or call at college office for full information.
N. G. FELKER, Vice. President.
G. A. HOUGH, President.

Stop Paying Rent.
You can build on the installment plan for just what you would pay otherwise for rent.
See W. S. GARRETT, room 48, Stowell blk. 226 South Spring.

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FIFTY WORDS, COSTING 50 CENTS, FREQUENTLY BRING A $1000 OR A $10,000 SALE.

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Santa Catalina Island

VIA SAN PEDRO—The gem of Pacific Coast Winter and Summer Resorts, unsurpassed fishing, wild goat hunting, enchanting scenery, perfect climate, excellent hotels. For dates and connections see S. P. Co.'s and Terminal Railway Timetables in this paper.

HOTEL METROPOLE, for the summer season, opens June 1st, O. RAMTA, late of Palace Hotel, San Francisco, and Saratoga, Caterer. Cuisine second to none. The celebrated Santa Catalina Island Orchestra of soloists.

Before you decide for the summer secure information by calling on or addressing F. H. LOWE, Agent, 180 W. Second-st., Los Angeles, Cal.